

Simultaneous Drawing of Planar Graphs with Right-Angle Crossings and Few Bends

Philipp Kindermann
Chair of Computer Science I
Universität Würzburg

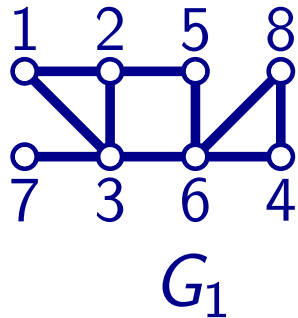
Joint work with
Michael A. Bekos, Thomas C. van Dijk & Alexander Wolff

Simultaneous Embedding

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on same vertex set

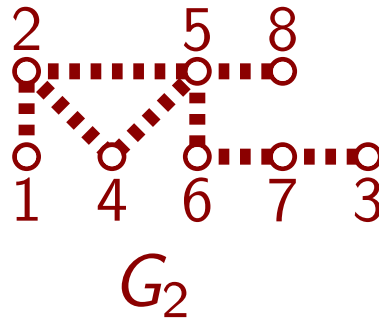
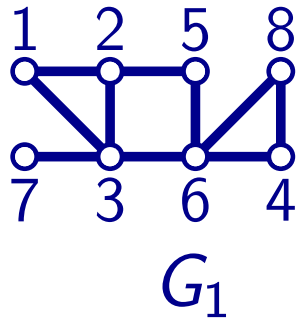
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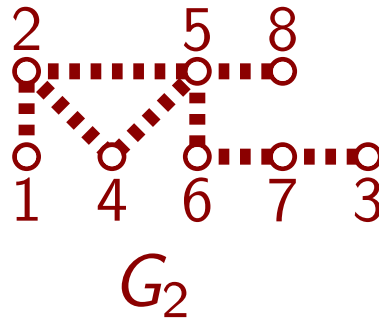
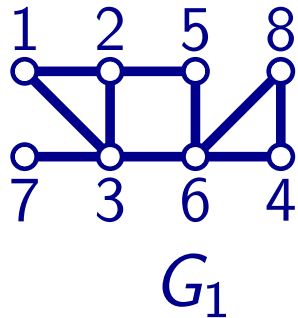
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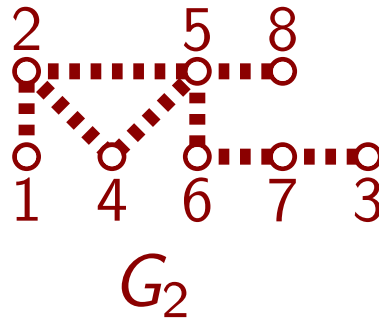
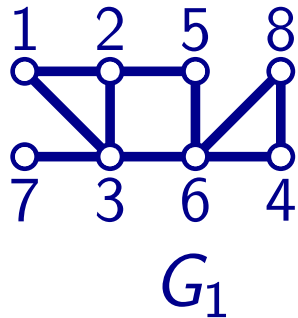
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Embed both graphs in a planar way
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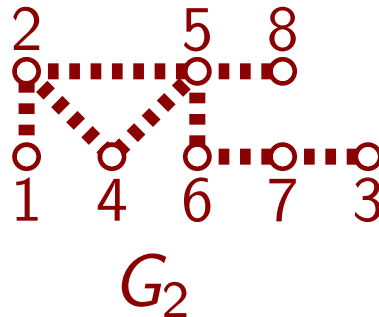
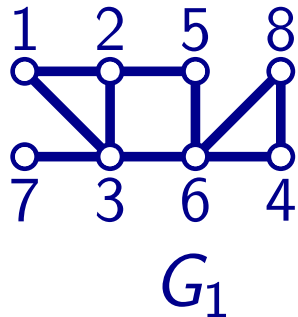
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- SIM. GEOMETRIC EMB. (SGE)

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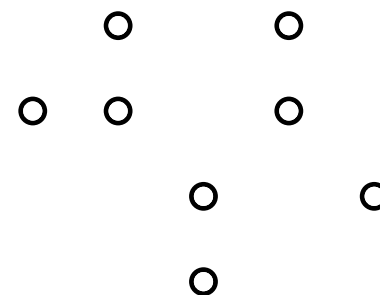
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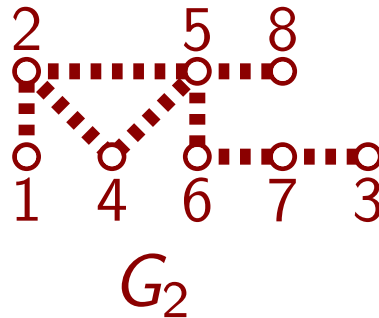
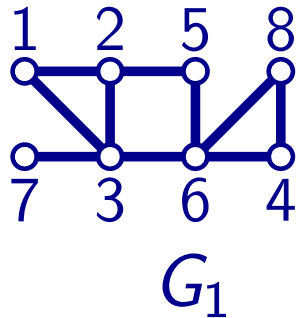
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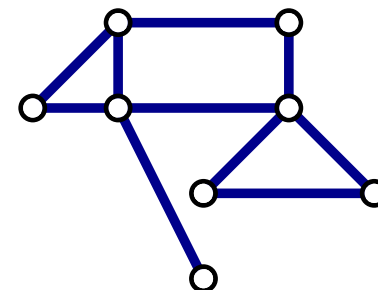
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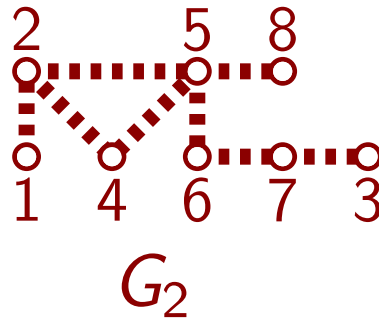
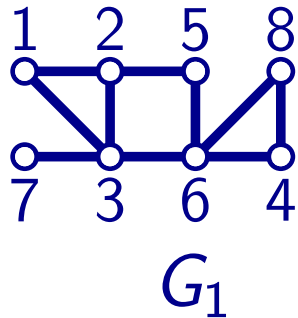
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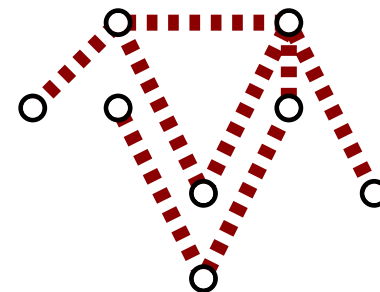
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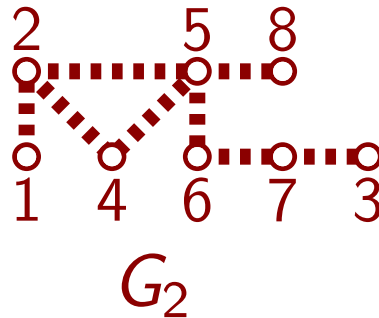
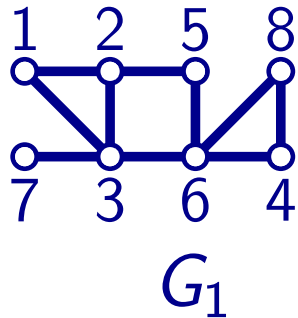
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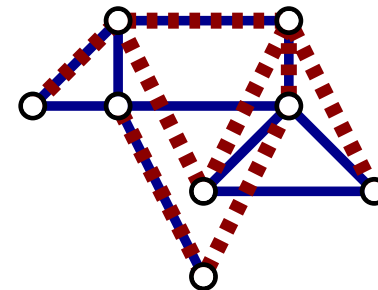
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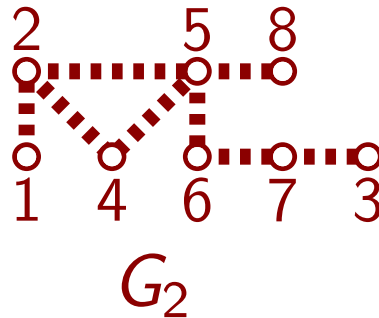
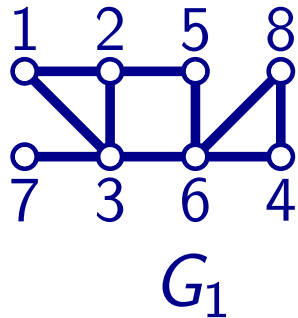
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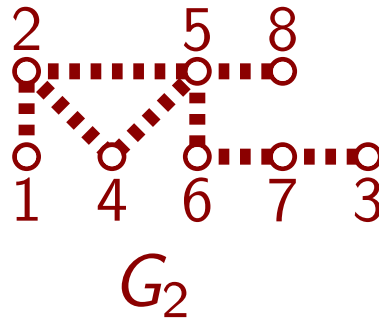
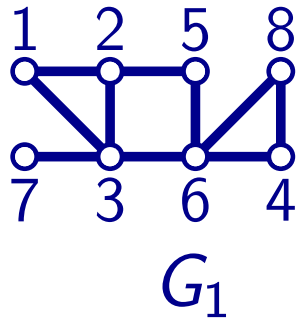
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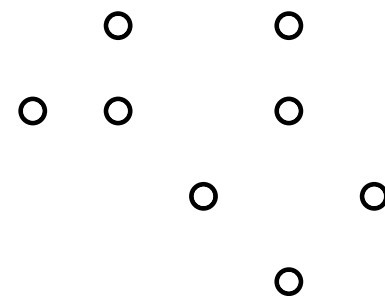
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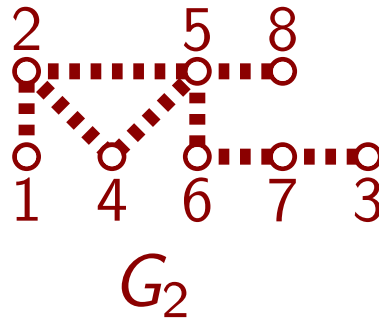
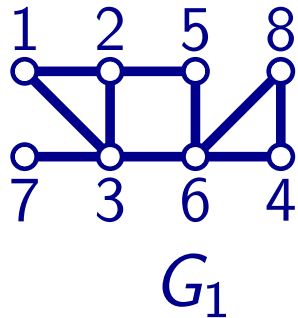
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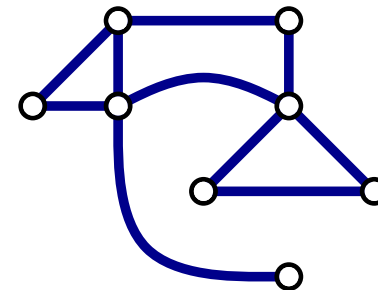
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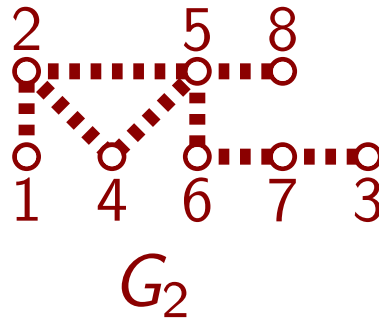
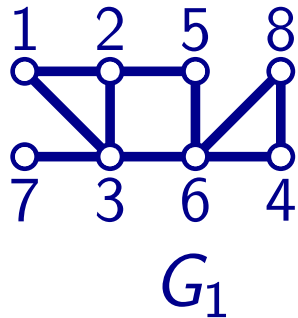
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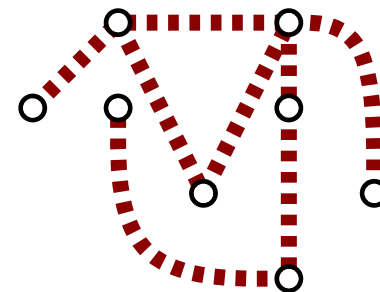
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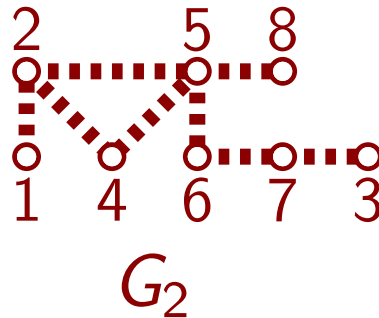
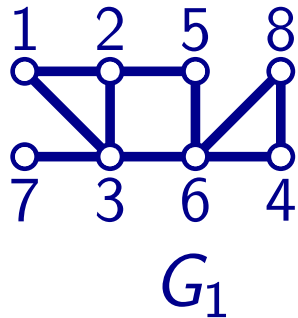
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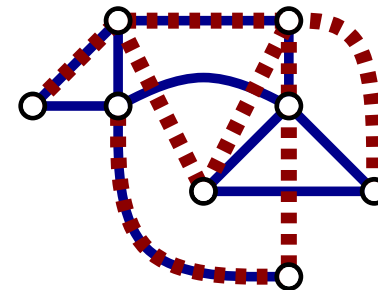
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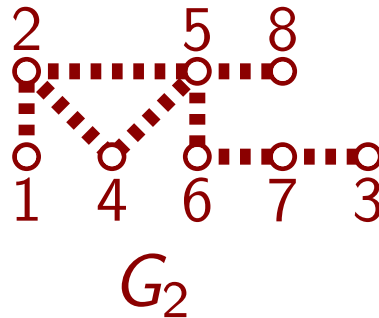
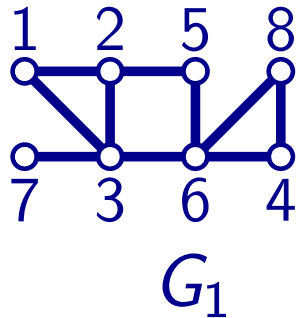
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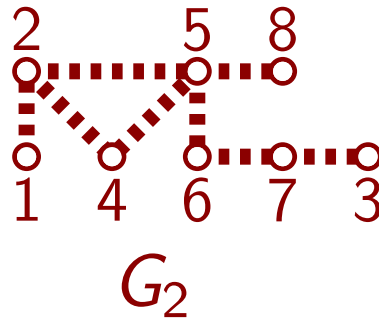
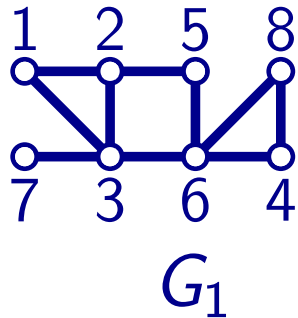
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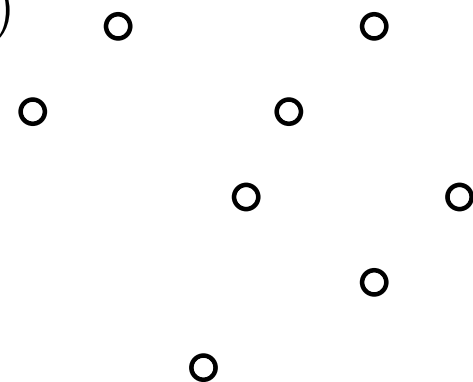
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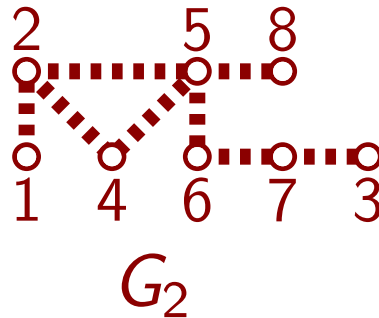
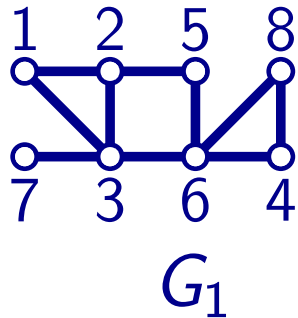
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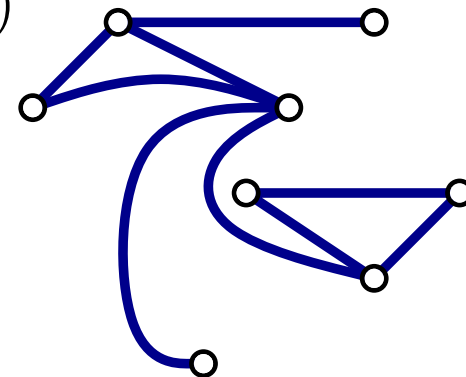
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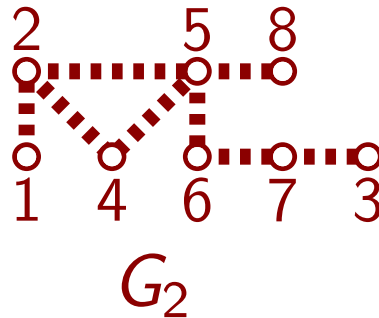
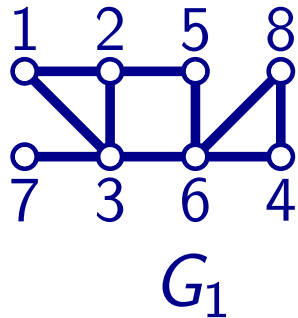
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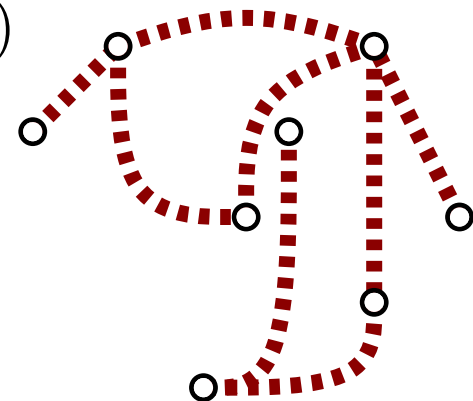
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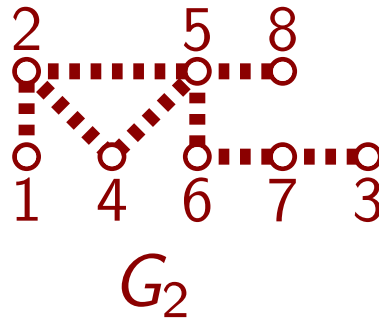
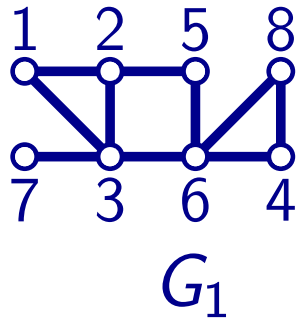
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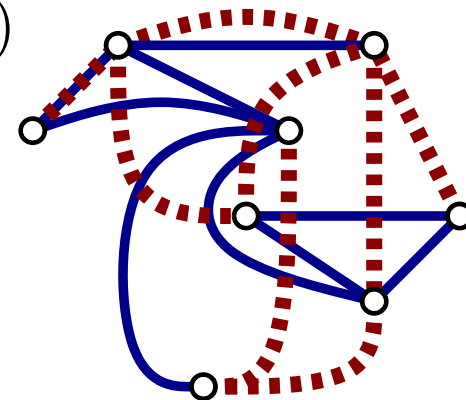
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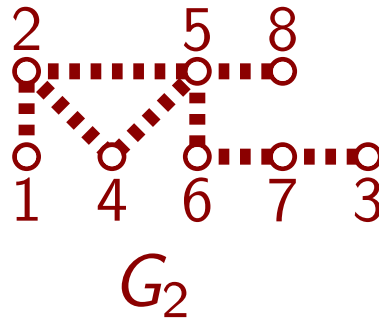
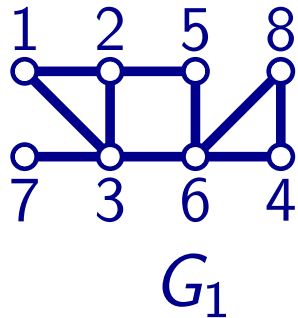
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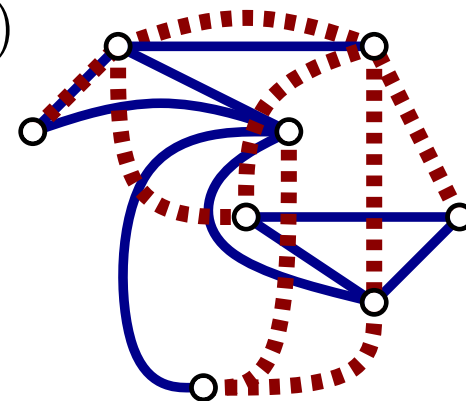
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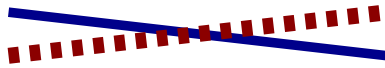


RACSIM Drawings

RACSIM: Simultaneous Embedding with Right-Angle Crossings

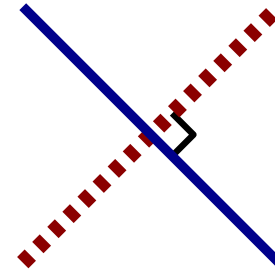
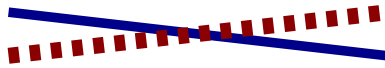
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RACSIM Drawings

RACSIM: Simultaneous Embedding with Right-Angle Crossings



RACSIM Drawings

RACSIM: Simultaneous Embedding with Right-Angle Crossings



Geometric RACSIM: RACSIM with straight-line edges

Known results

[Angelini et al. '12]

There exist a tree and a path
which don't admit an SGE drawing

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There exist a tree and a path
which don't admit an SGE drawing

[Cabello et al. '11]

There exist a tree and a matching
which require exponential area for an SGE drawing

Known results

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[Erten & Kobourov '05]

Any pair of trees admits an SE drawing
with one bend and quadratic area

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[Kammer '06]

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} low angle

Known results

[Argyriou et al. '13]

A cycle and a matching always admit a geometric RACSIM drawing in quadratic area

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Any pair of trees admits an SE drawing with one bend and quadratic area

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Any pair of planar graphs admits an SE drawing with two bends and quadratic area

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Known results

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There exist a wheel and a cycle which don't admit a geometric RACSIM drawing

[Erten & Kobourov '05]

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} low angle

Our results

Graph classes			Number of bends
Cycle	×	Cycle	1×1
Caterpillar	×	Cycle	1×1
Four Matchings			$1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1$
Tree	×	Matching	1×0
Wheel	×	Matching	2×0
Outerpath	×	Matching	2×1
Outerplanar	×	Outerplanar	3×3
2-page book emb.	×	2-page book emb.	4×4
Planar	×	Planar	6×6

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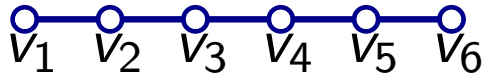
Path $\times$ Path



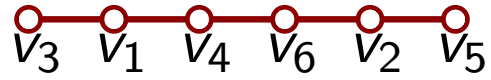
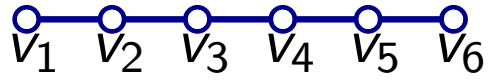
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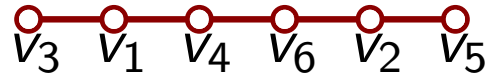
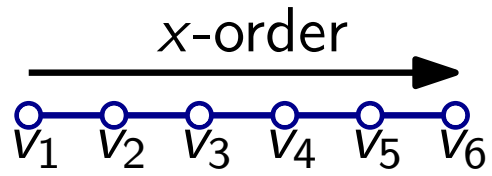
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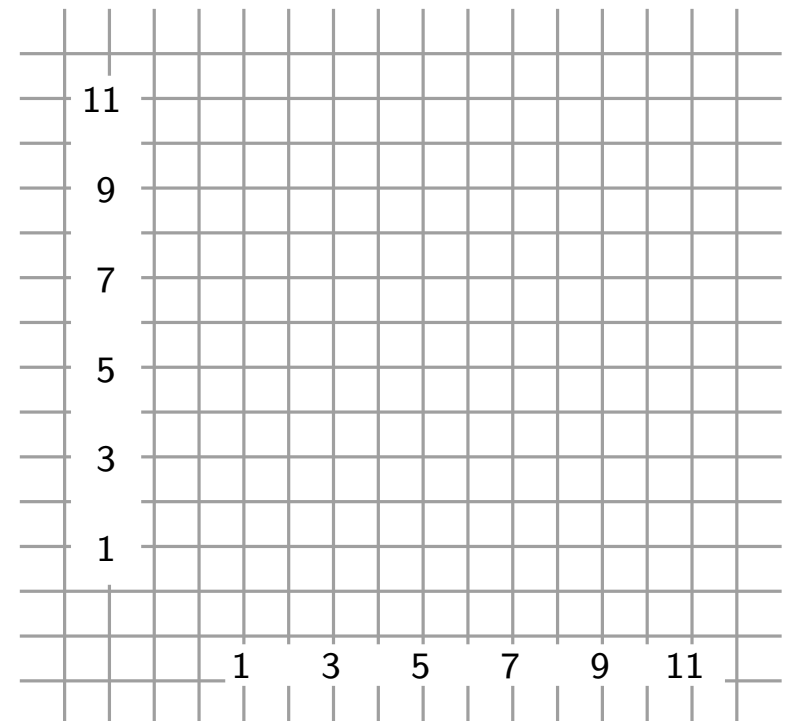
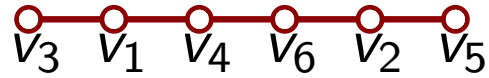
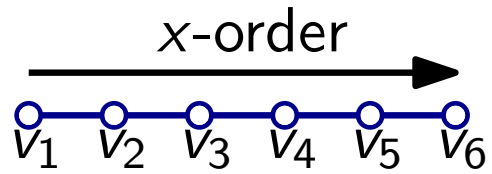
Path $\times$ Path



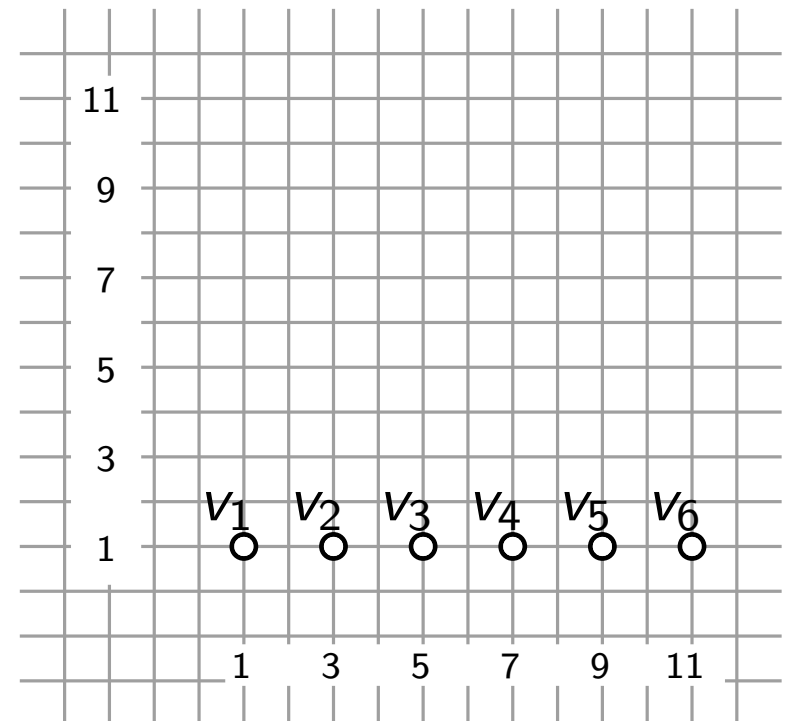
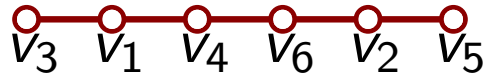
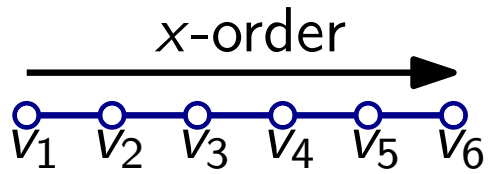
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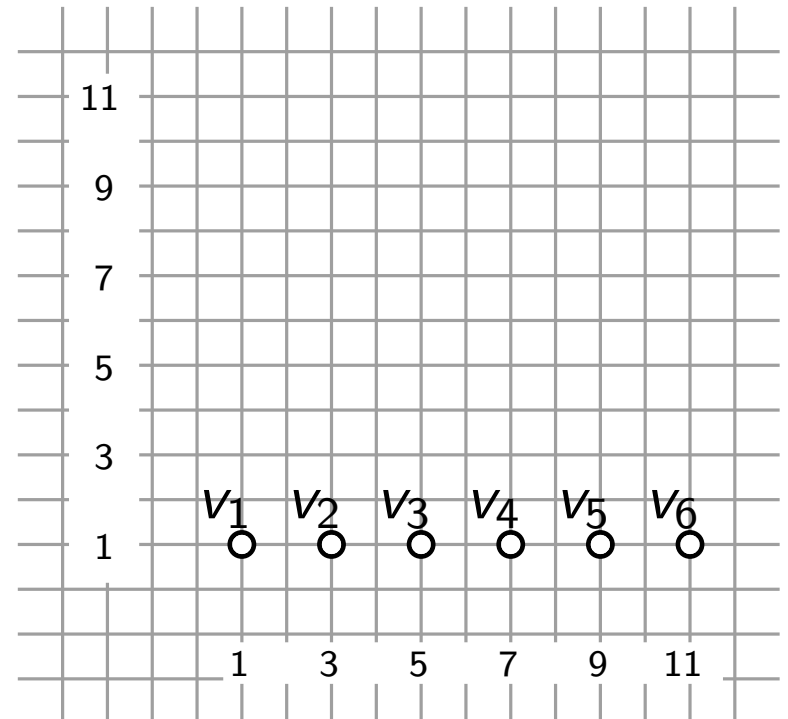
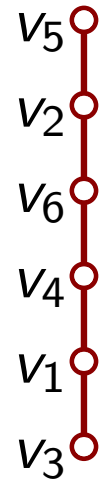
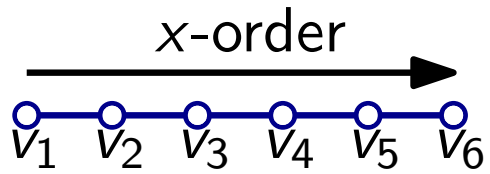
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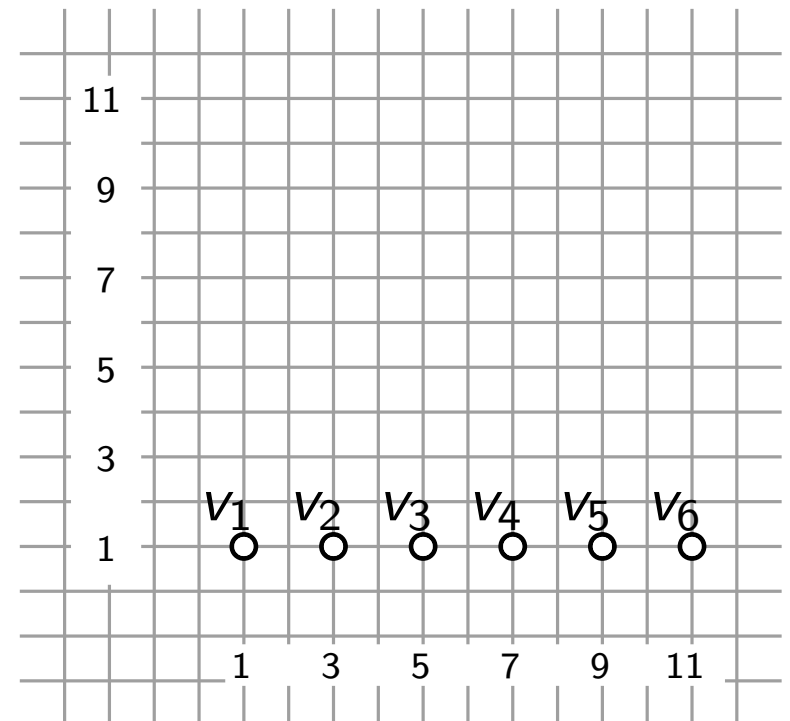
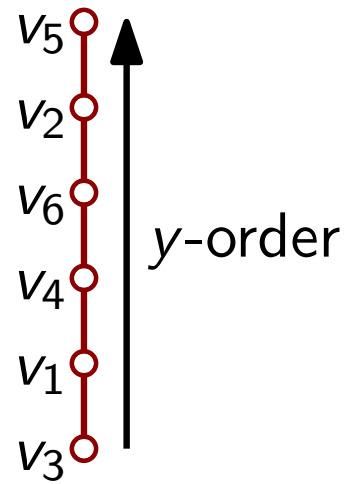
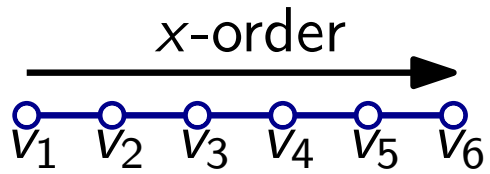
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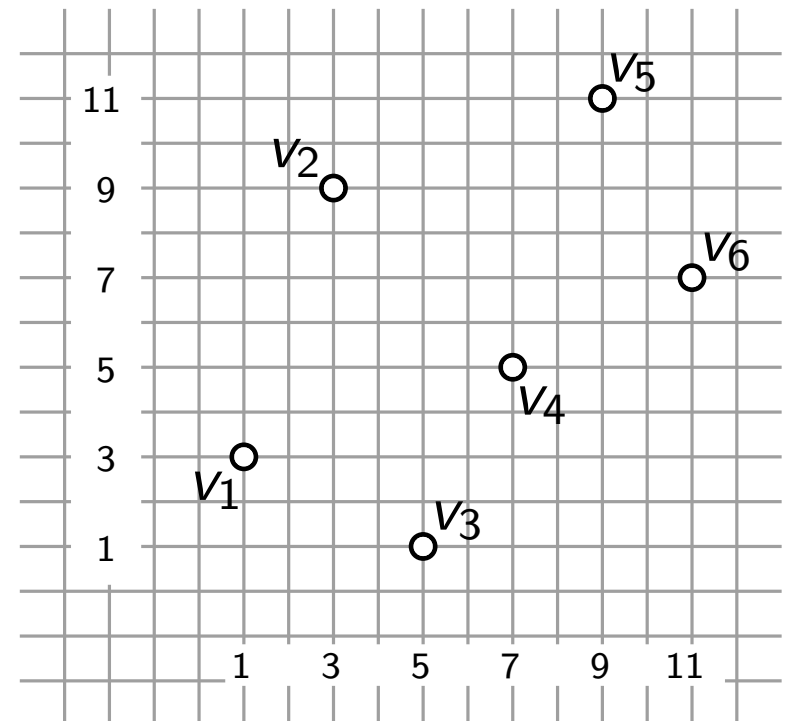
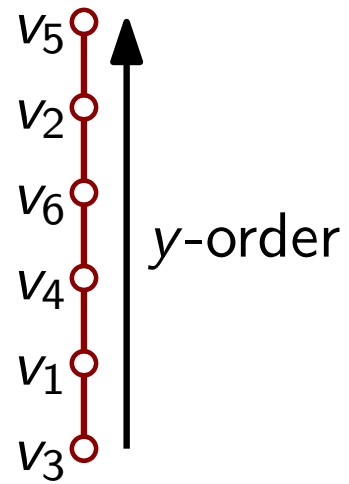
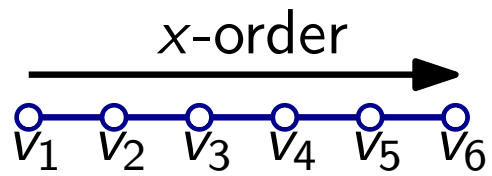
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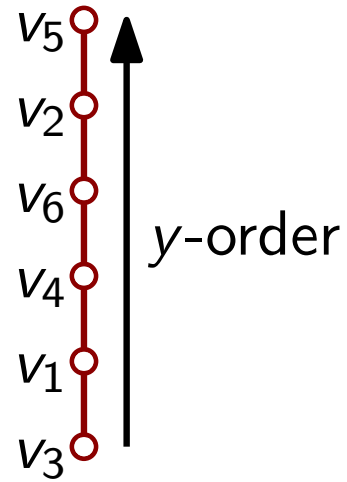
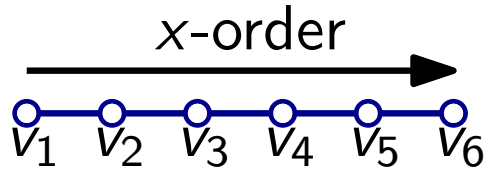
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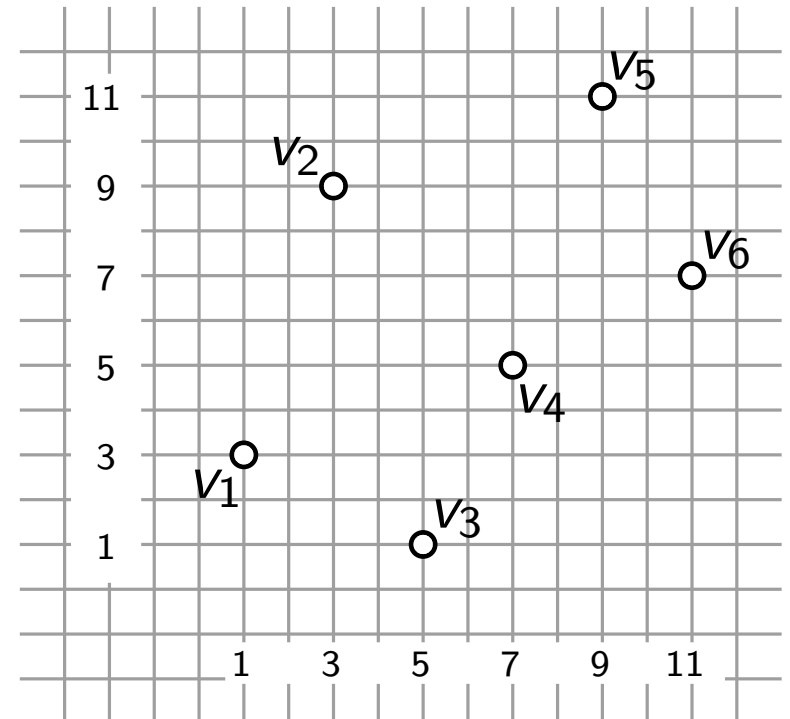
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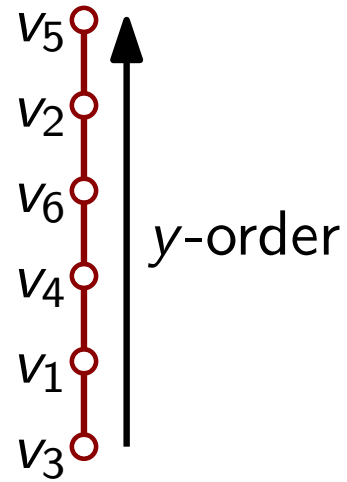
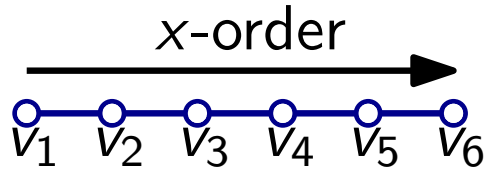
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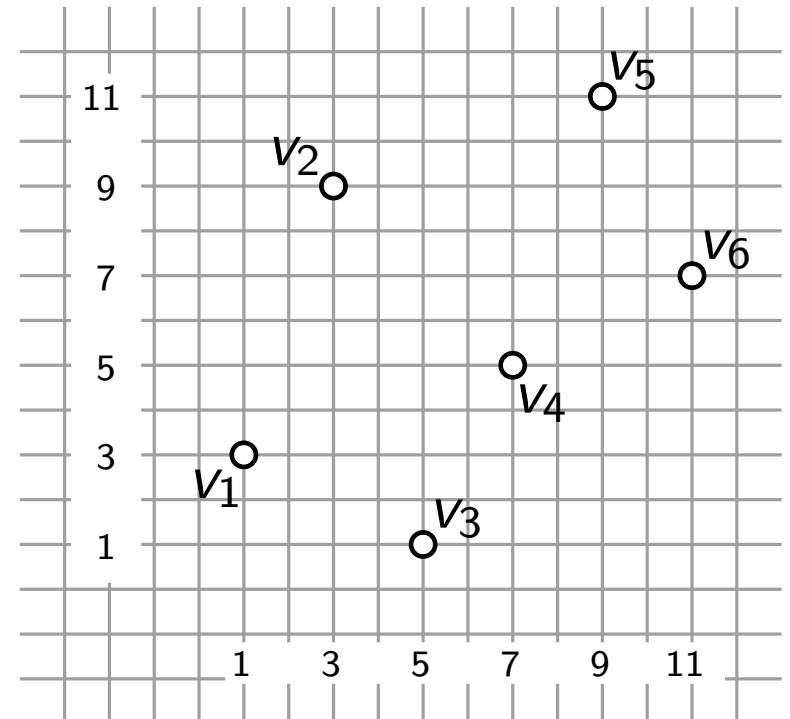
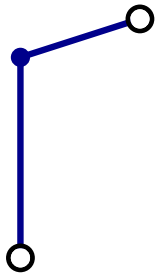
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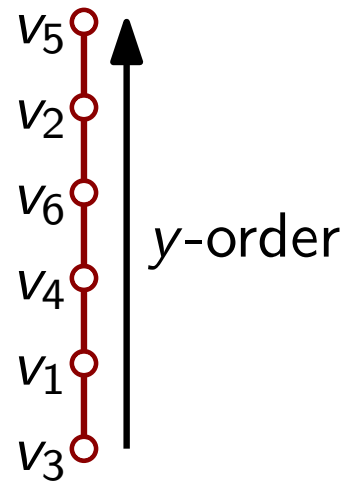
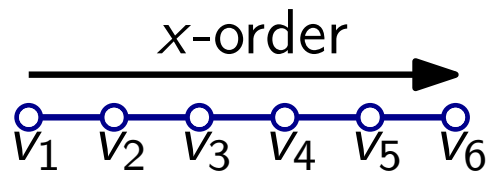
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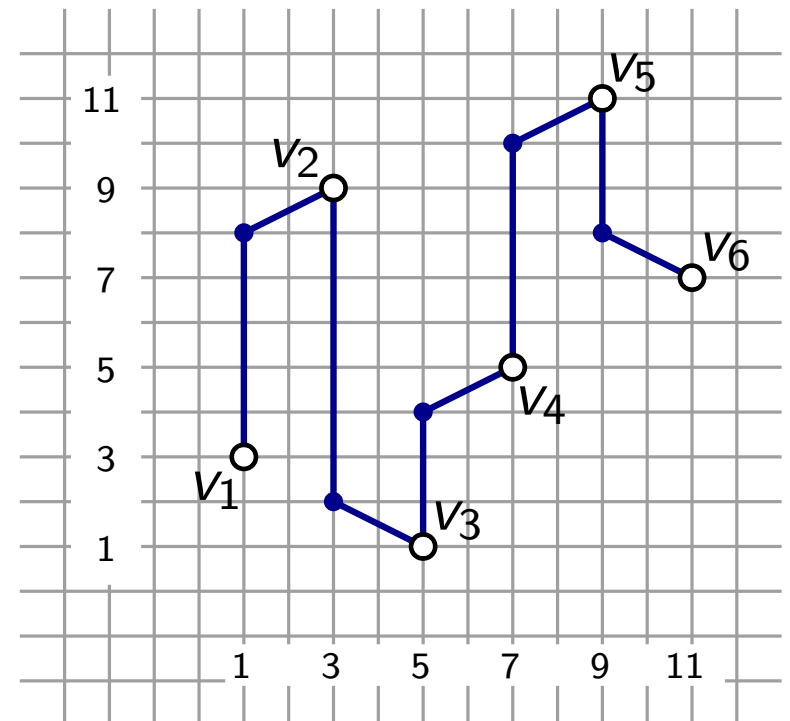
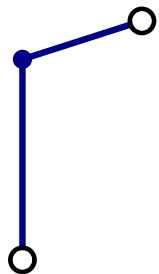
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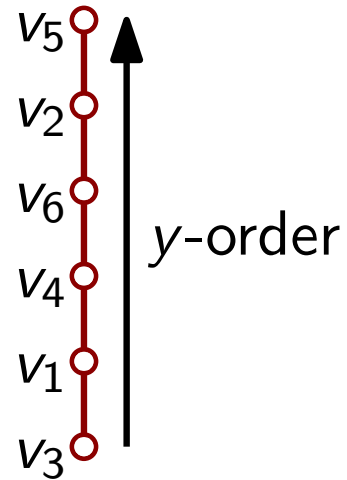
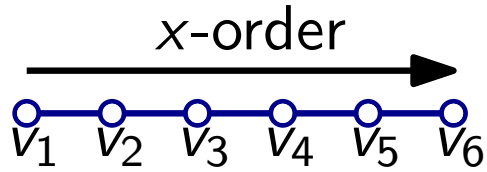
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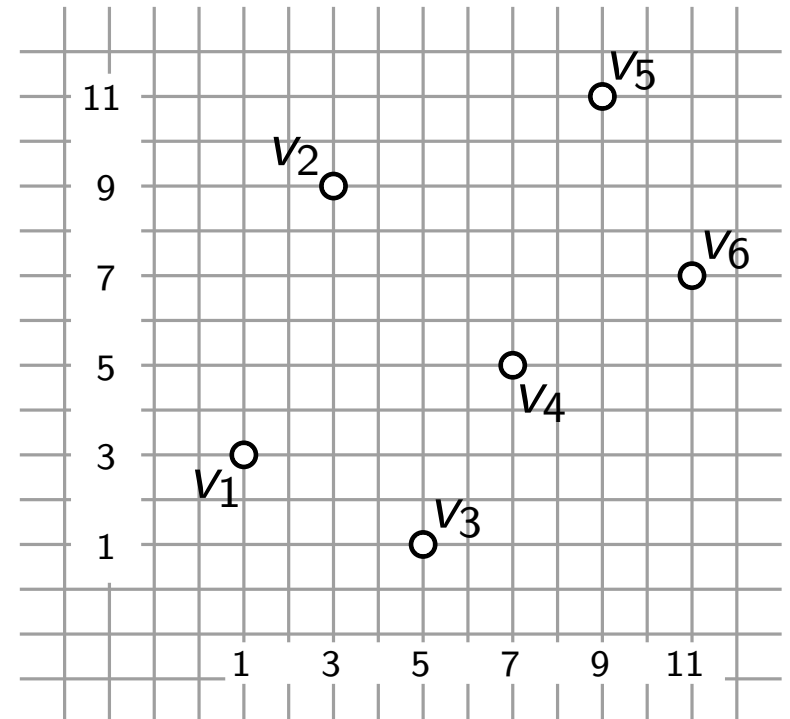
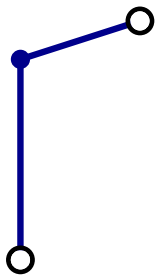
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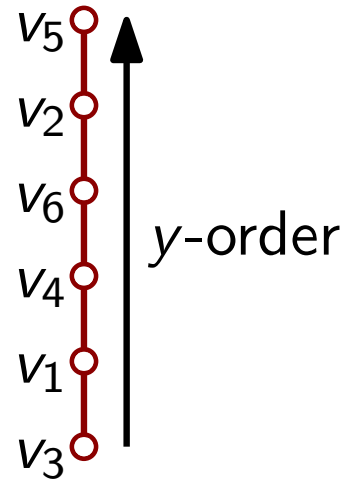
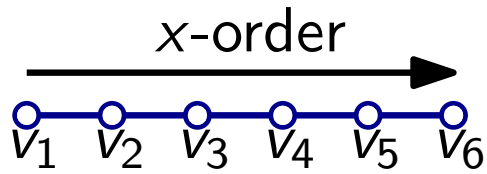
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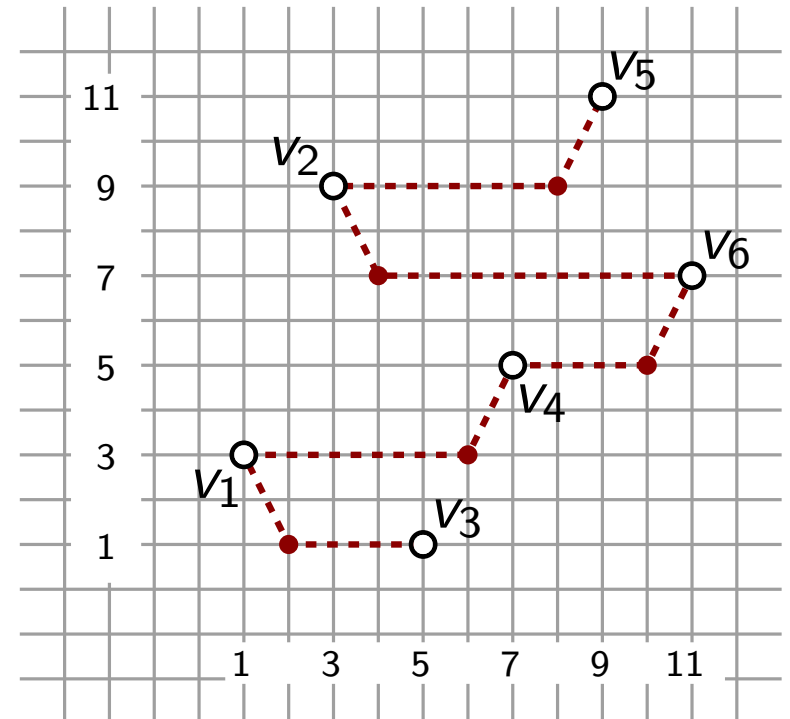
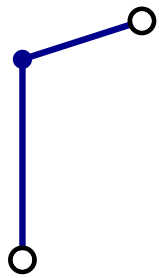
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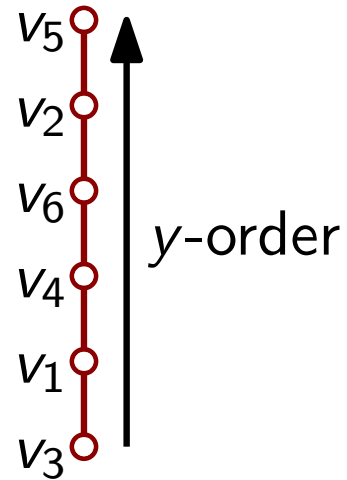
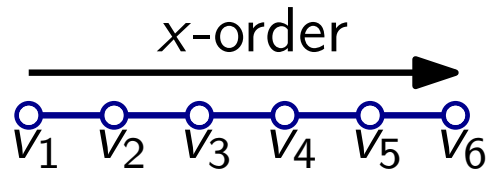
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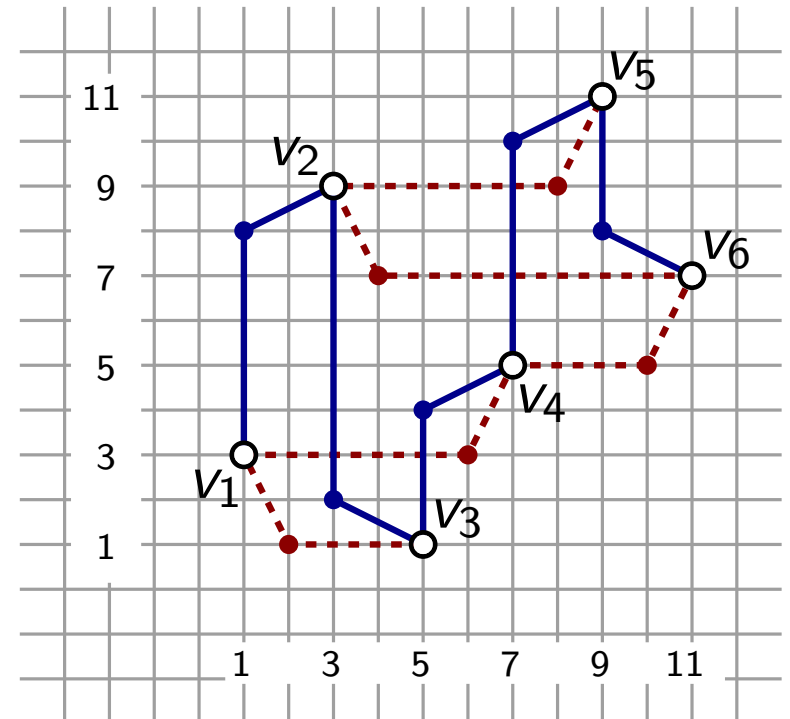
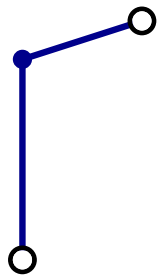
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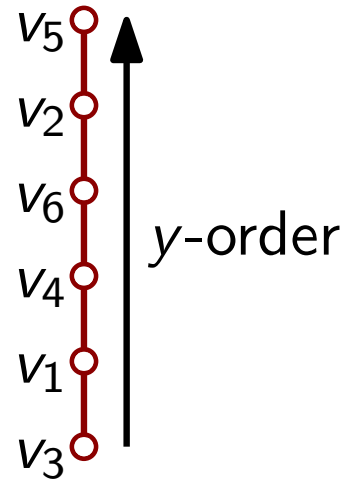
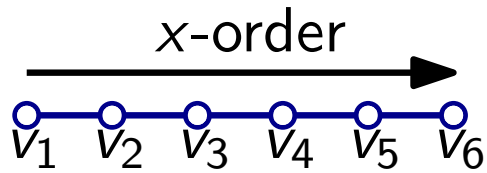
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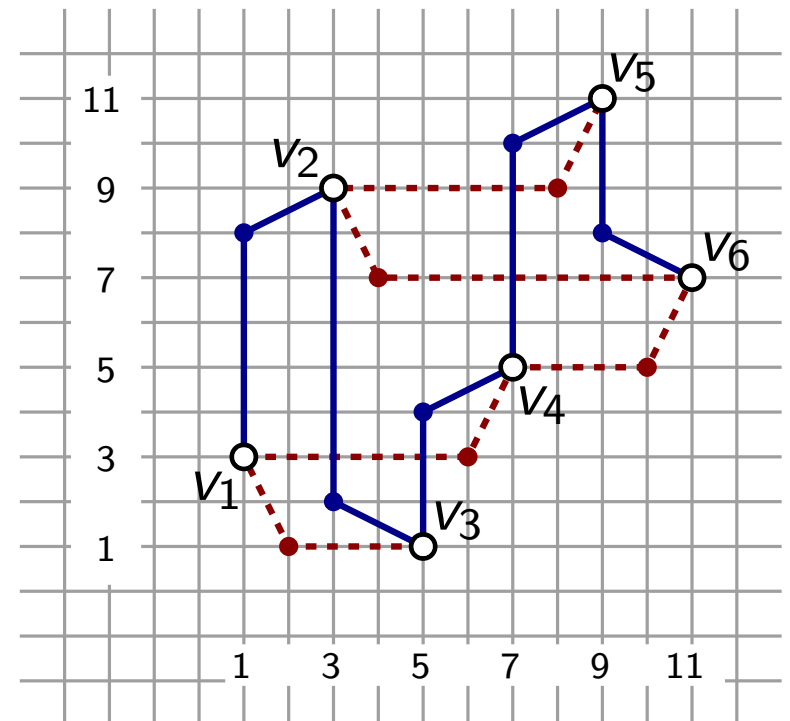
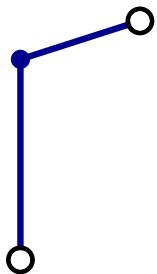
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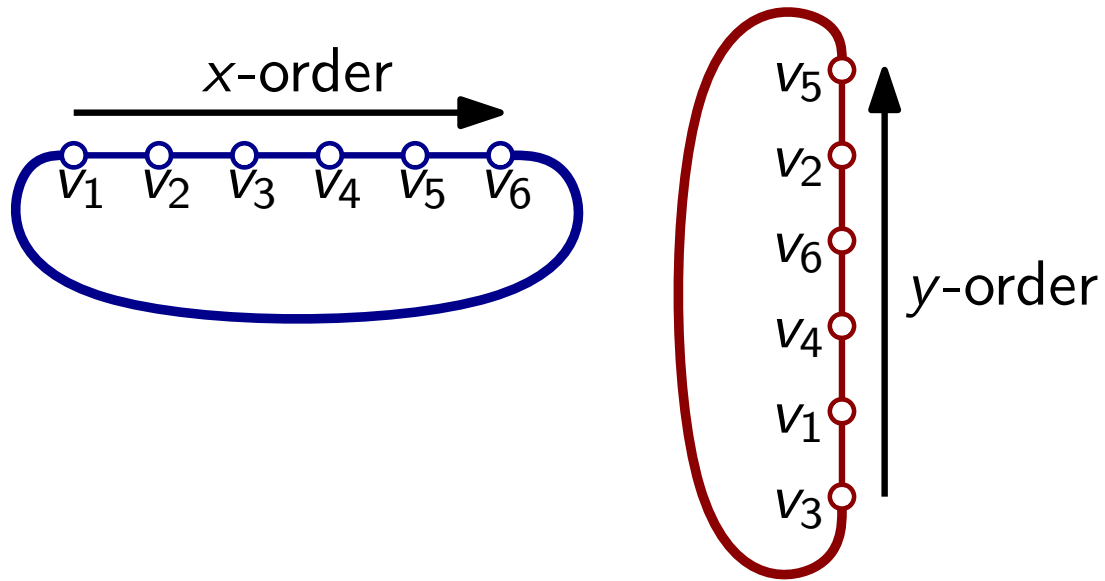
Cycle $\times$ Cycle



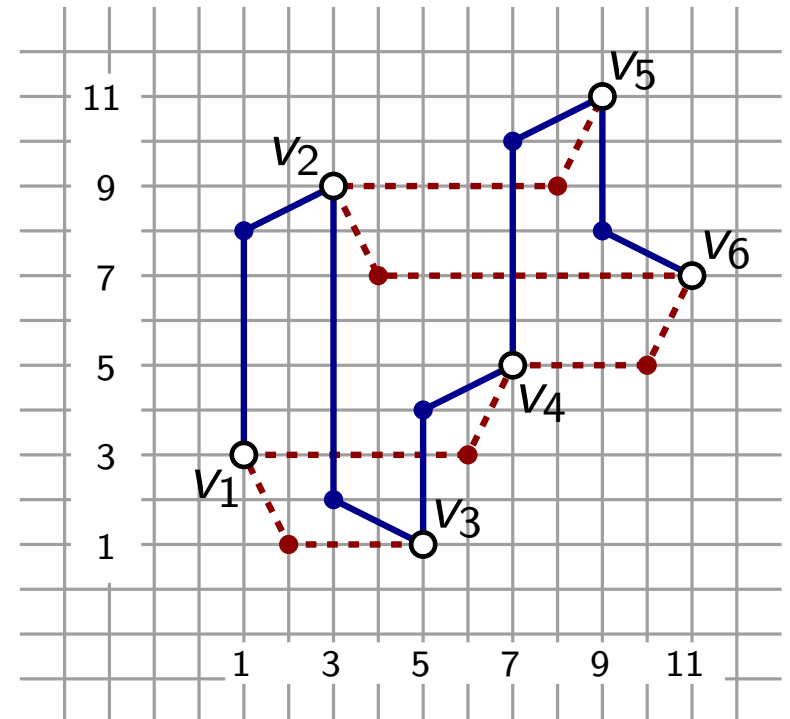
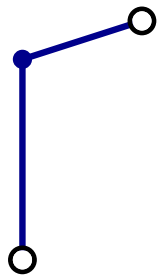
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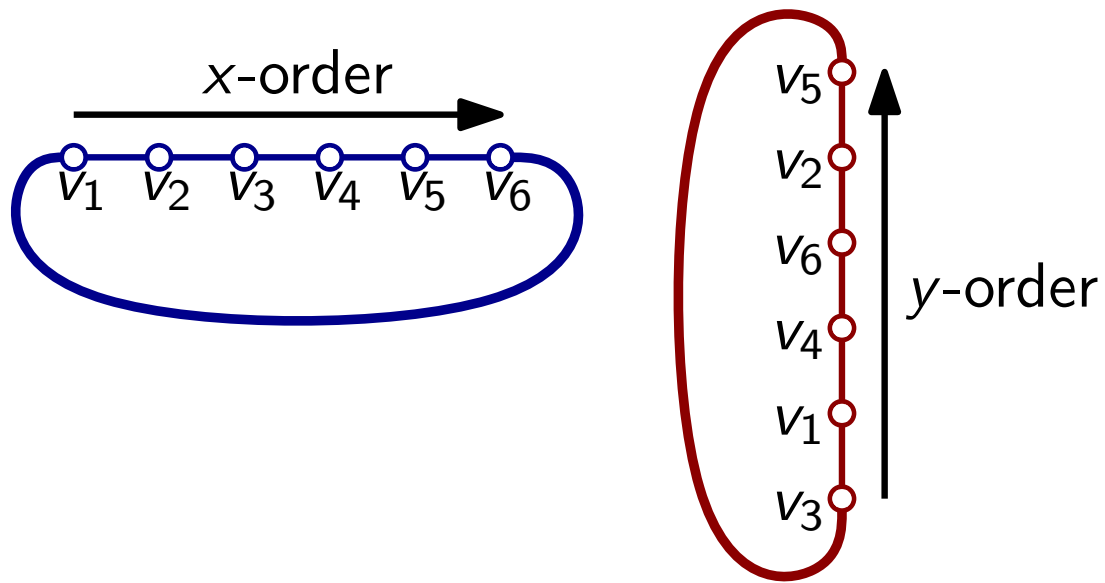
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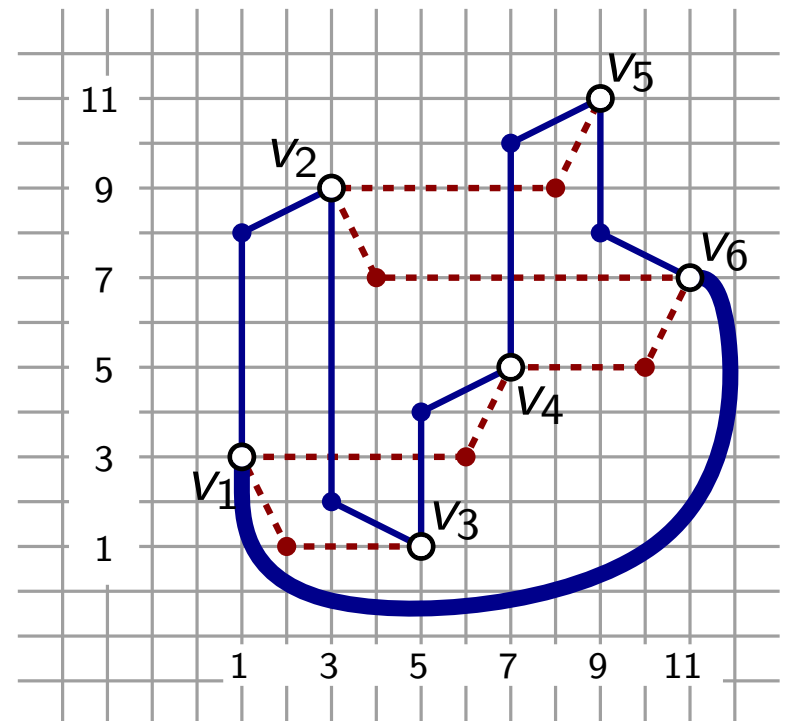
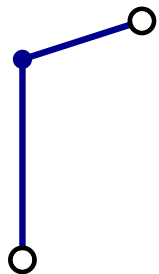
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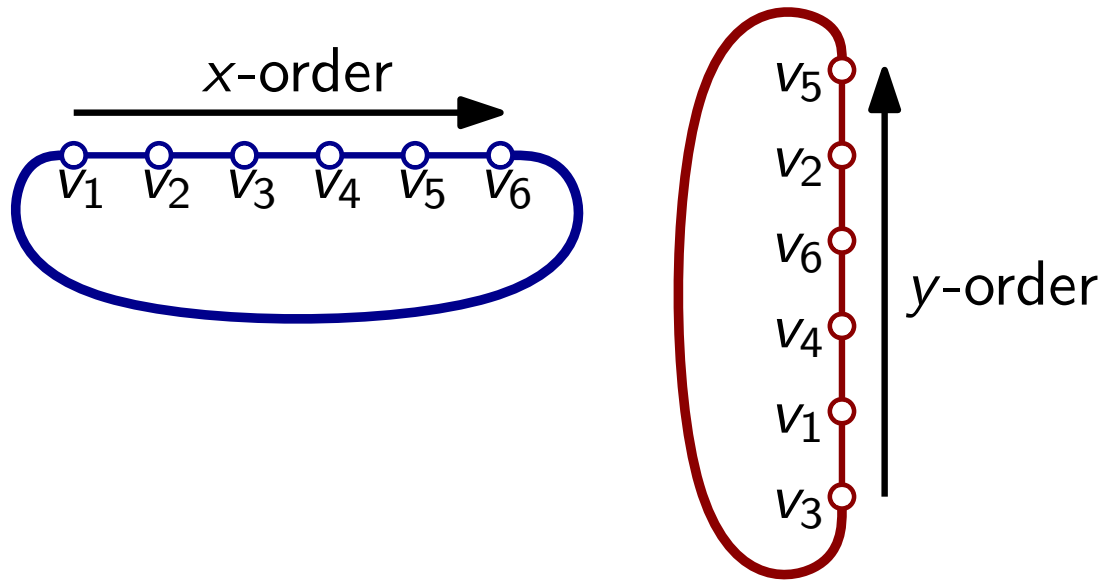
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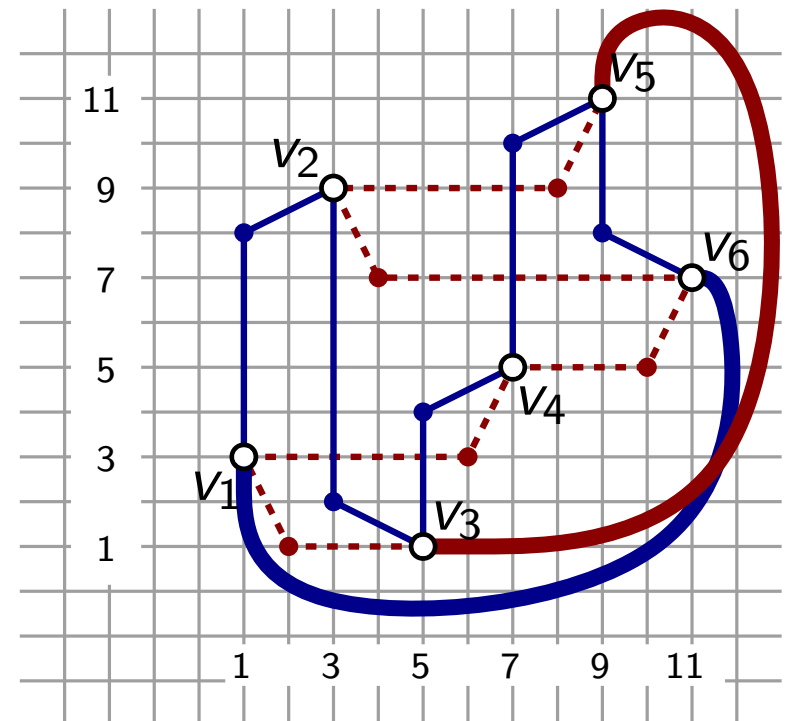
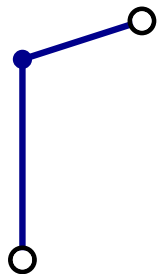
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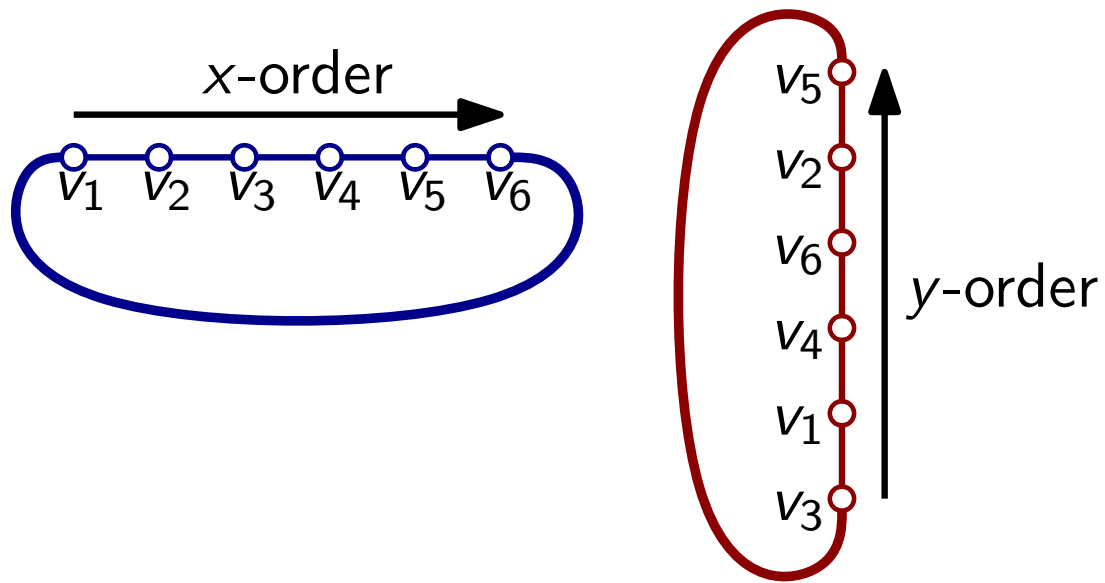
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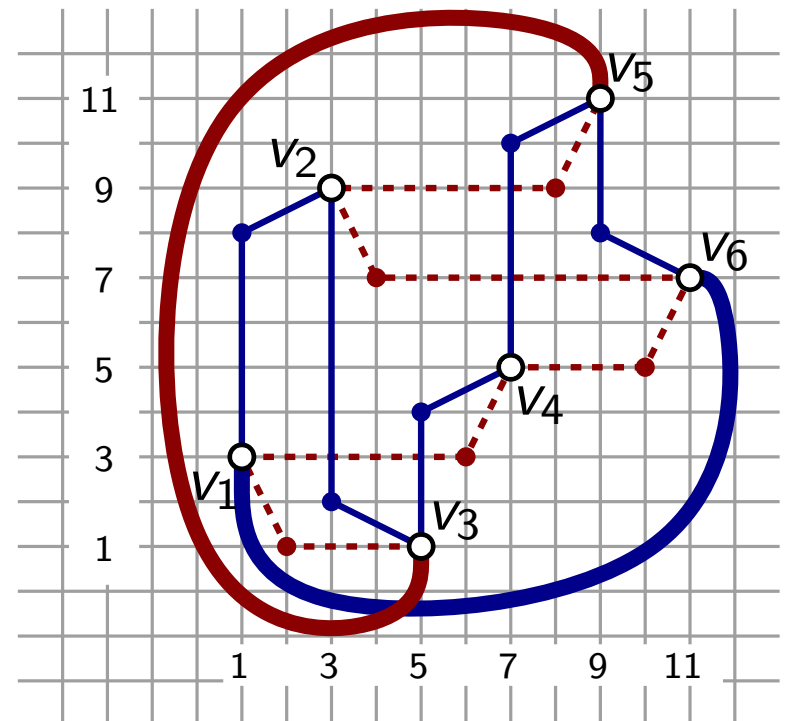
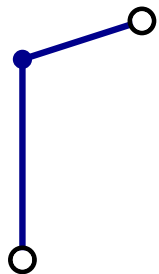
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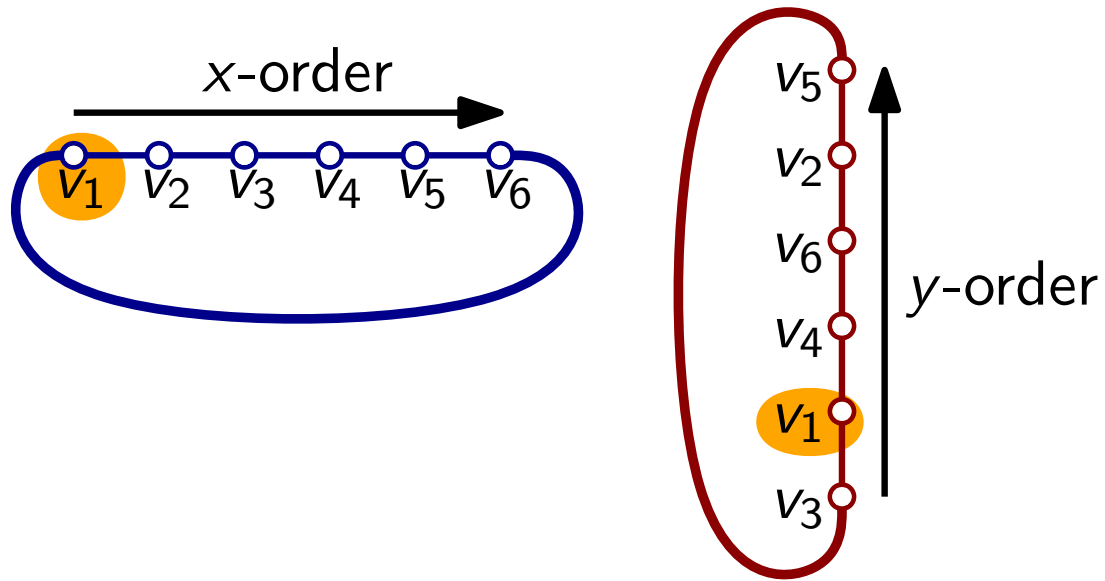
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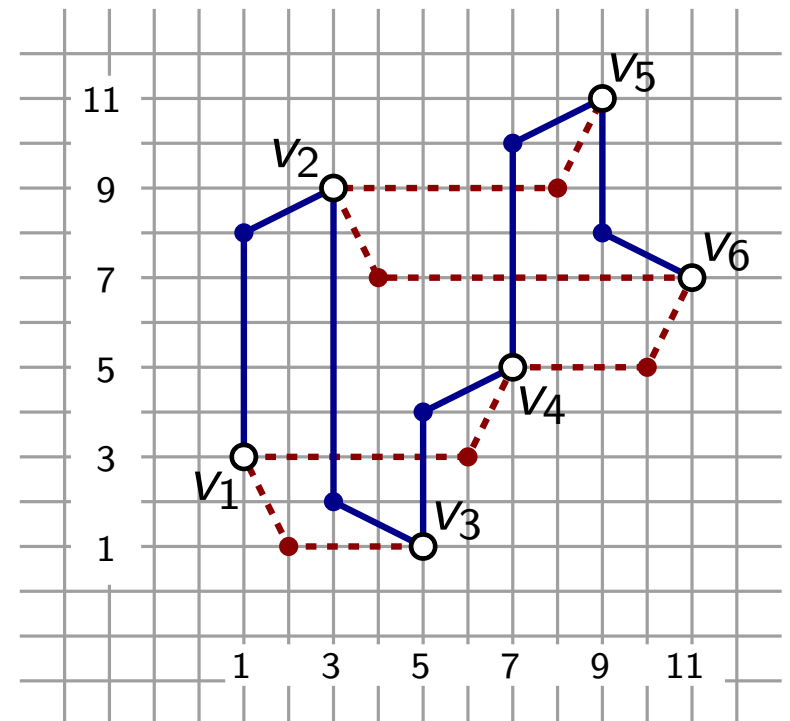
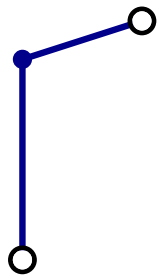
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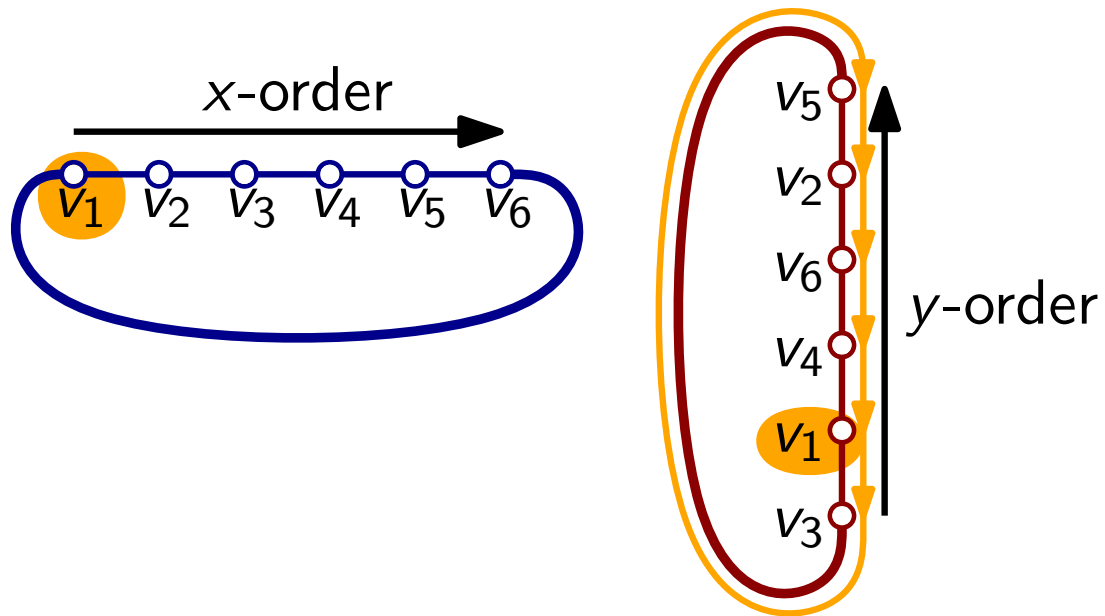
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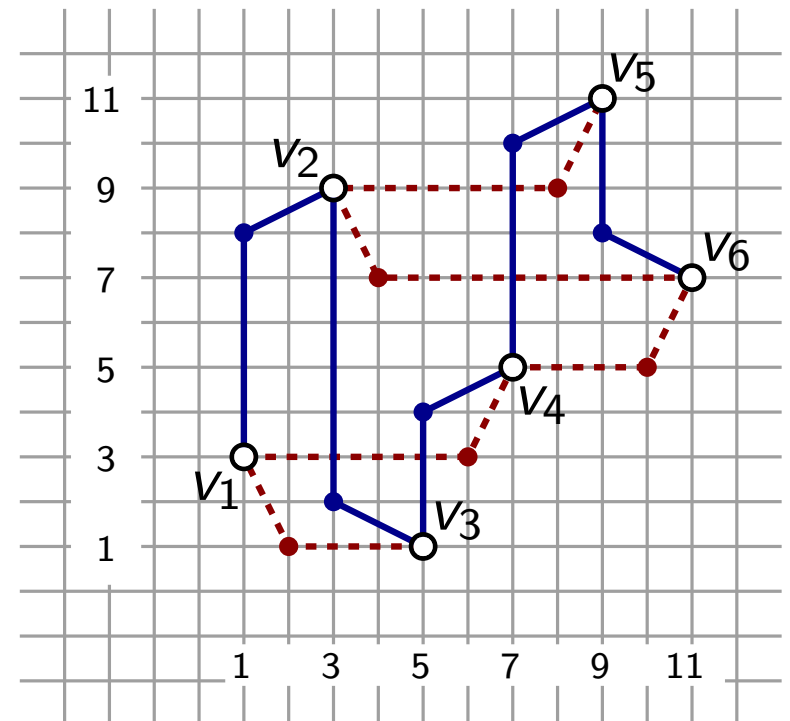
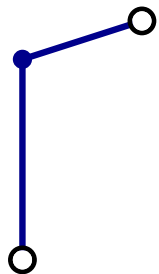
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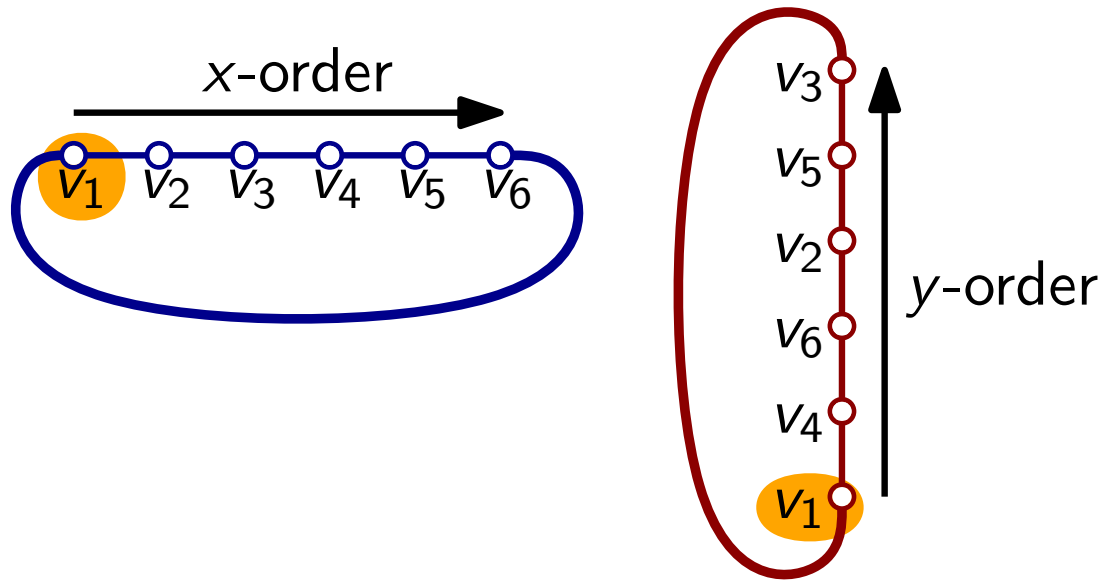
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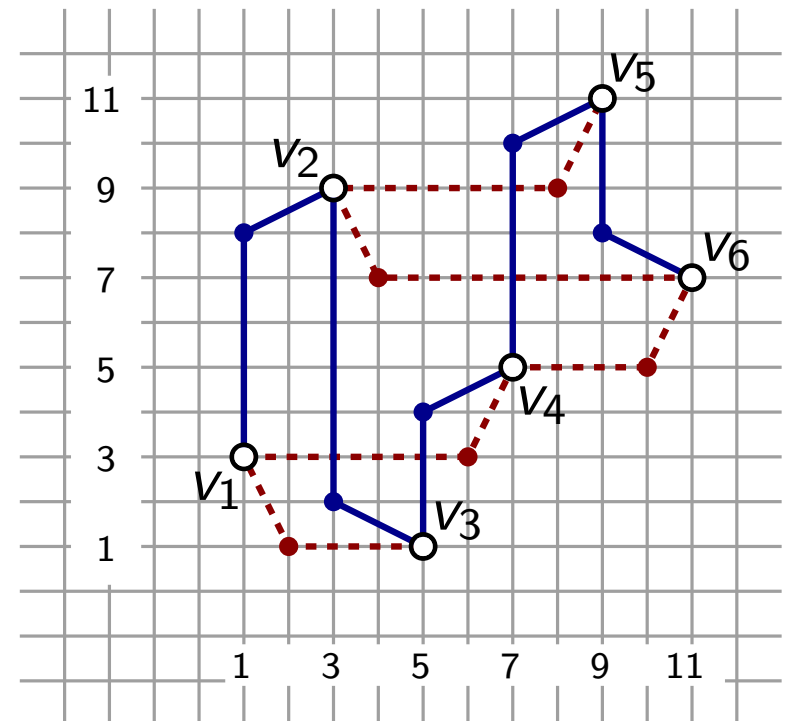
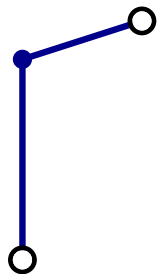
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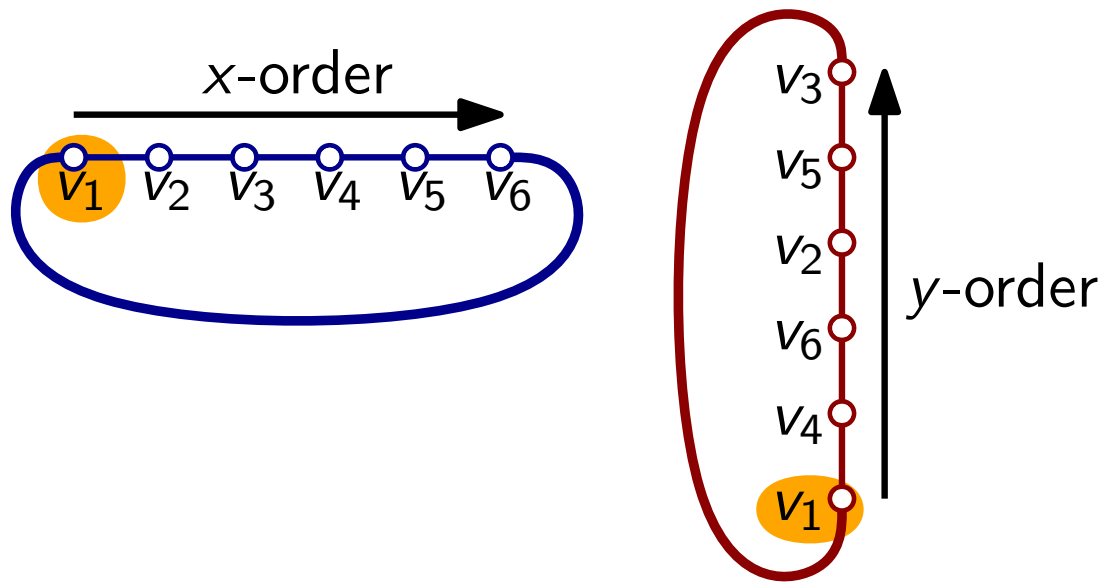
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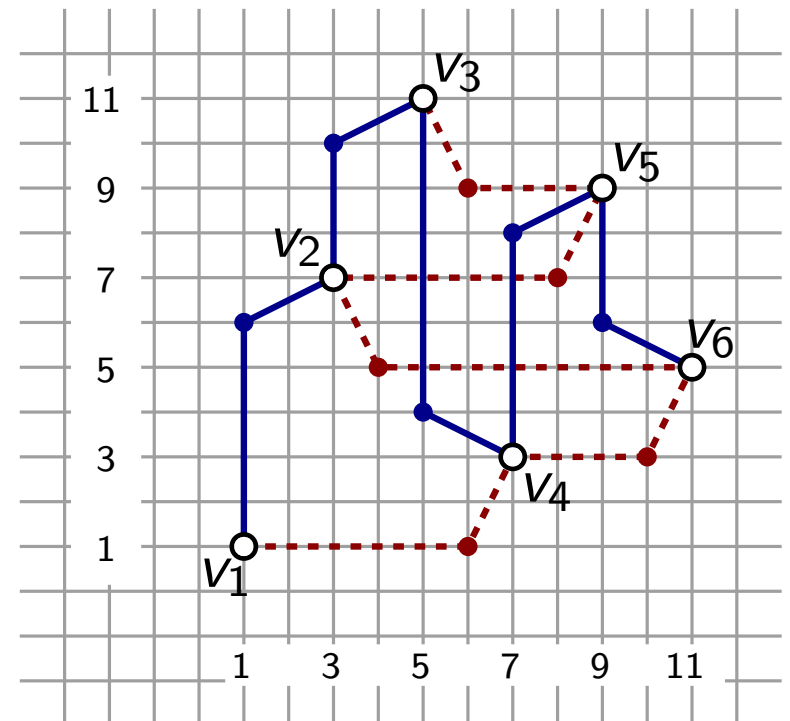
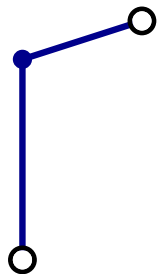
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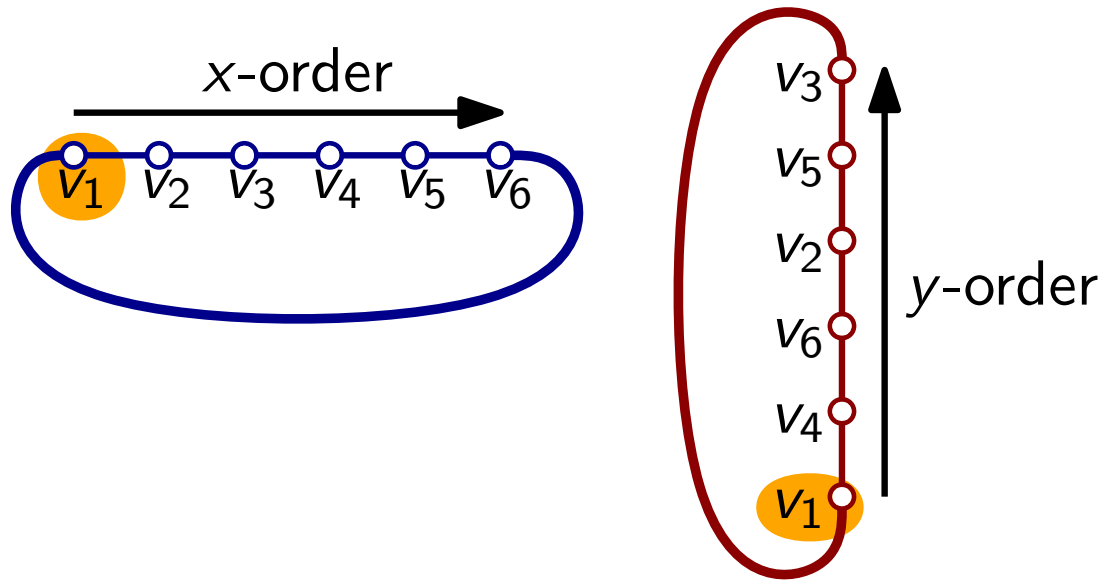
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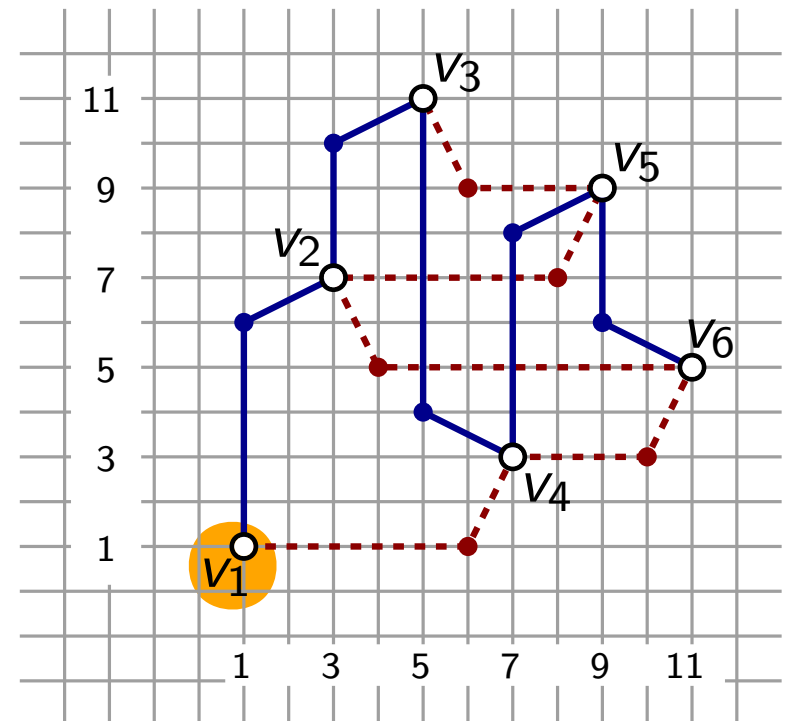
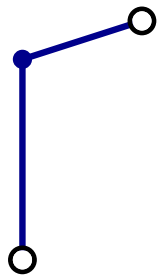
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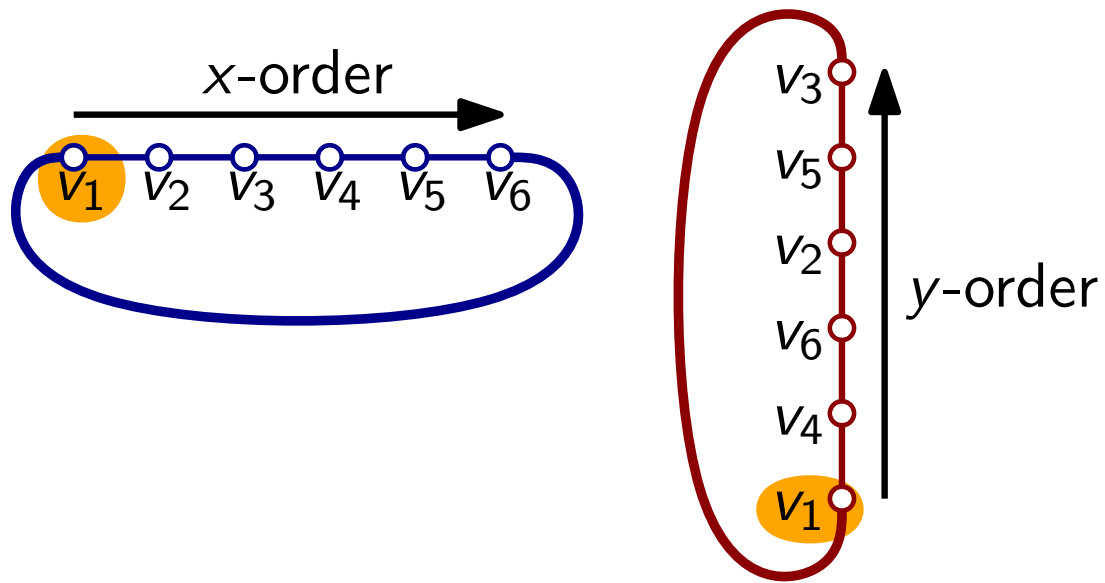
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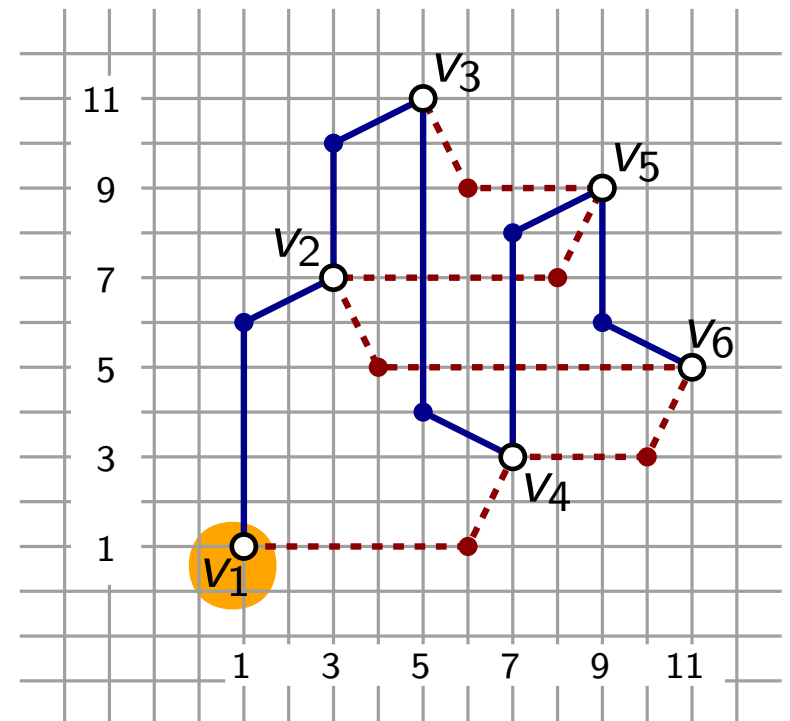
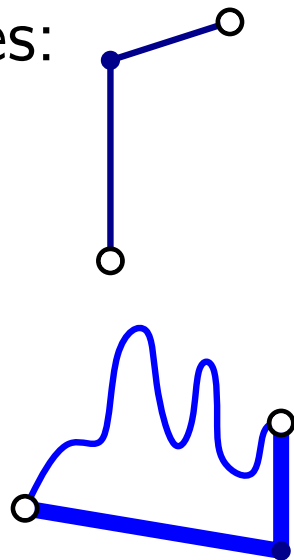
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Cycle $\times$ Cycle

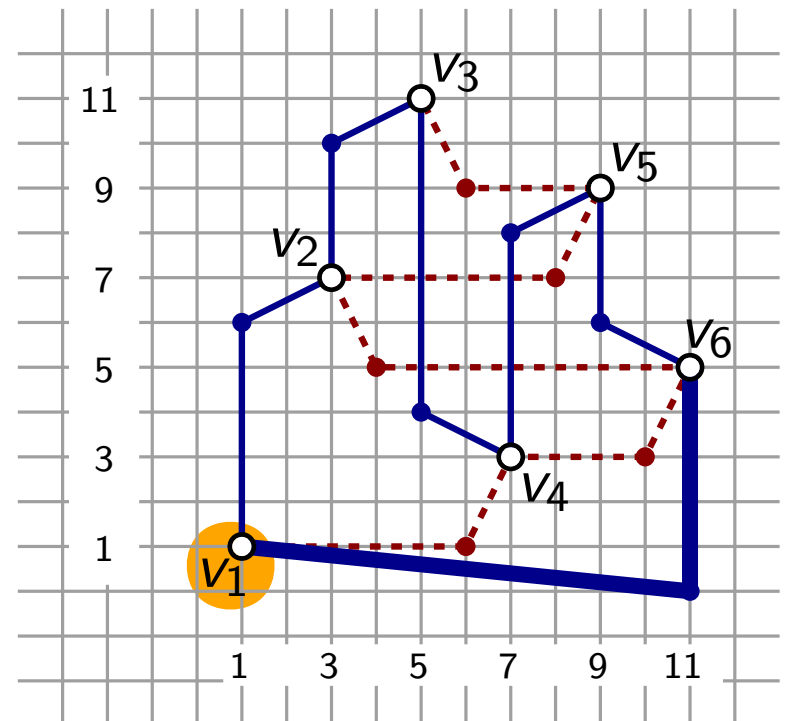


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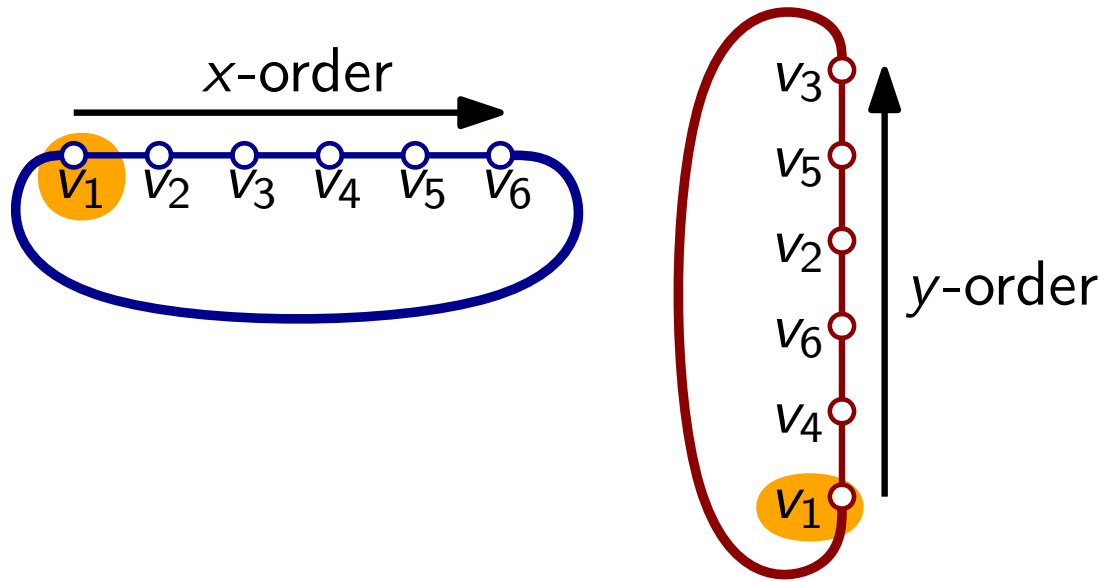


The diagram illustrates the ordering of vertices in a graph. On the left, the **x-order** is shown with vertices $v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4, v_5, v_6$ arranged horizontally. v_1 is highlighted with an orange background. A blue line connects the vertices in sequence, and a blue oval encloses the entire set. An arrow labeled "x-order" points to the right. On the right, the **y-order** is shown with the same vertices arranged vertically. v_1 is at the bottom and is highlighted with an orange background. A red line connects the vertices in sequence, and a red oval encloses the entire set. An arrow labeled "y-order" points upwards.

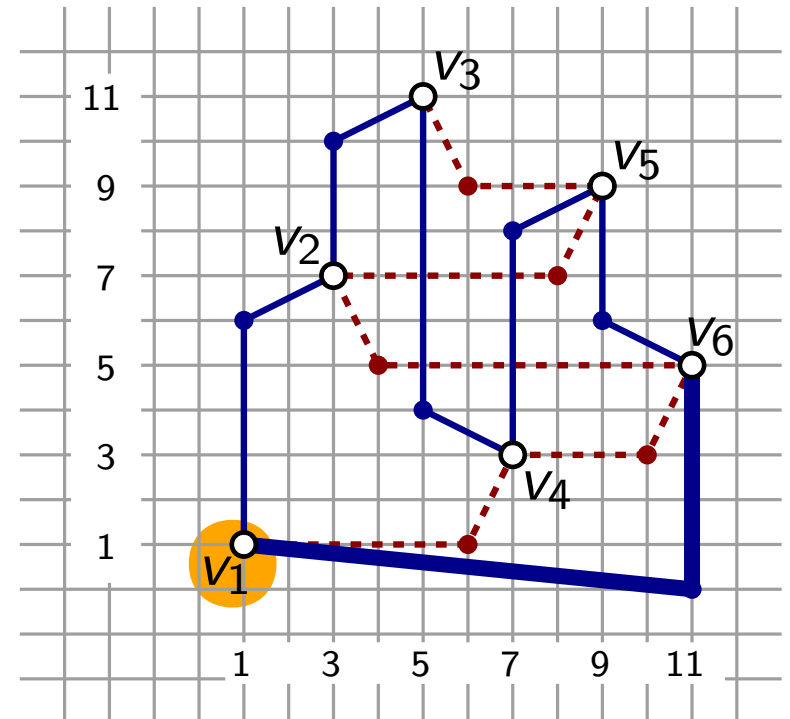
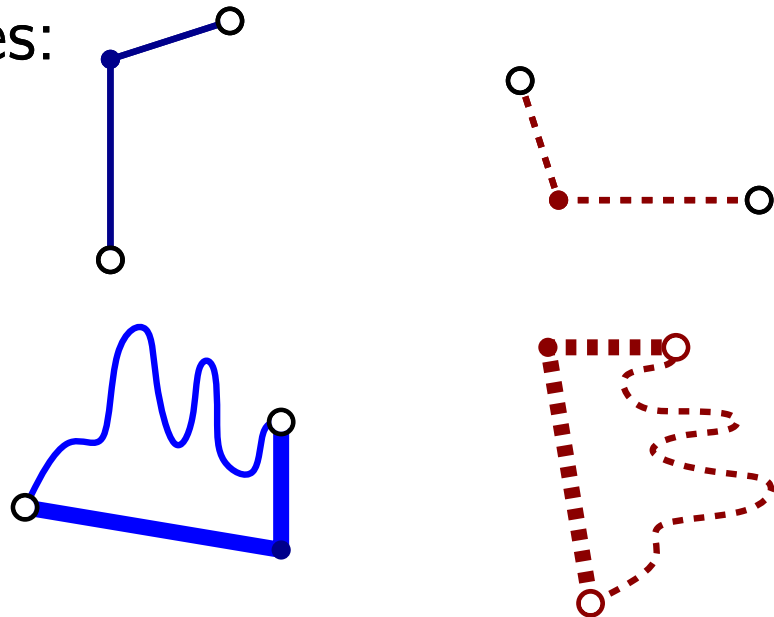
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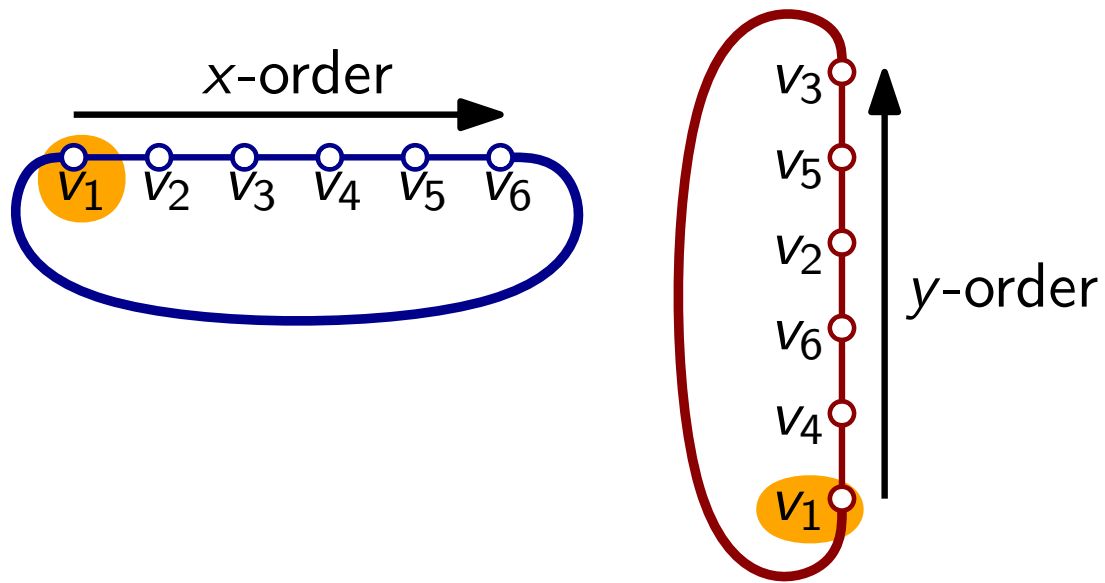
Cycle $\times$ Cycle



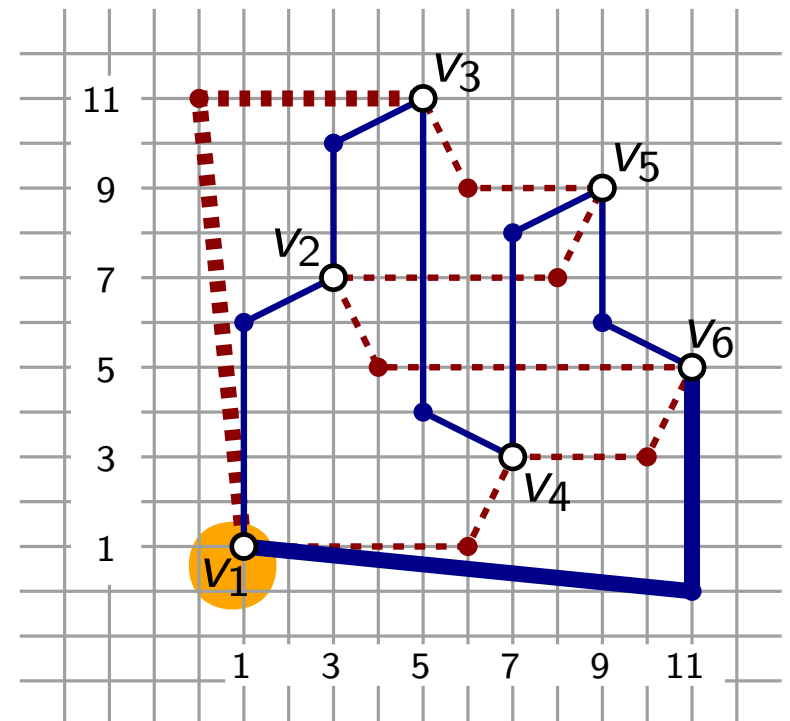
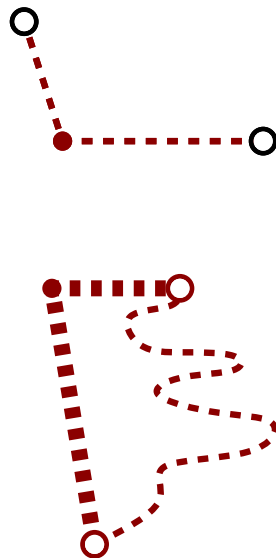
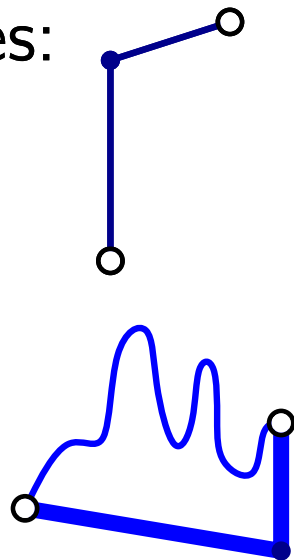
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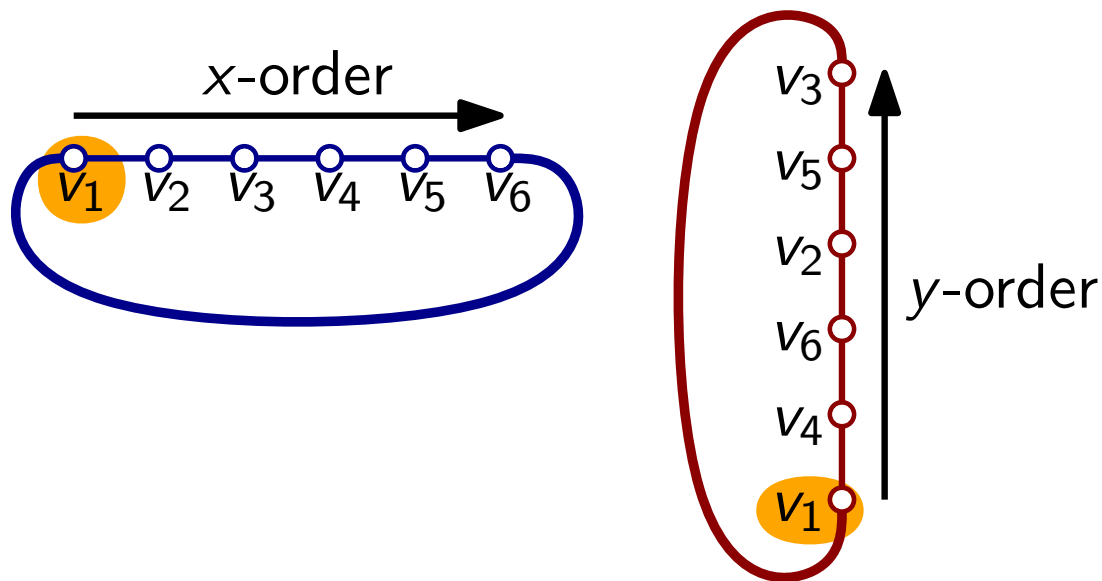
Cycle $\times$ Cycle



Edges:



Cycle $\times$ Cycle

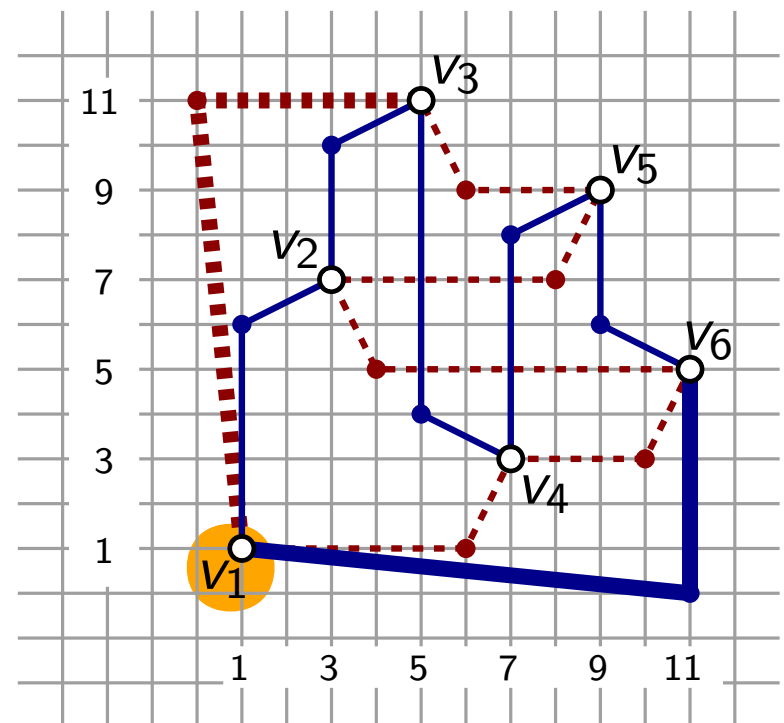
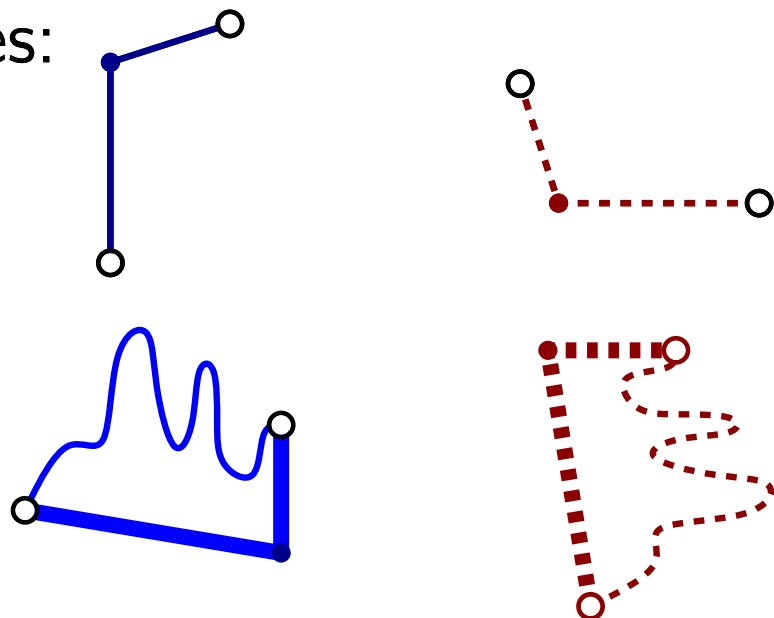


Bends: 1×1

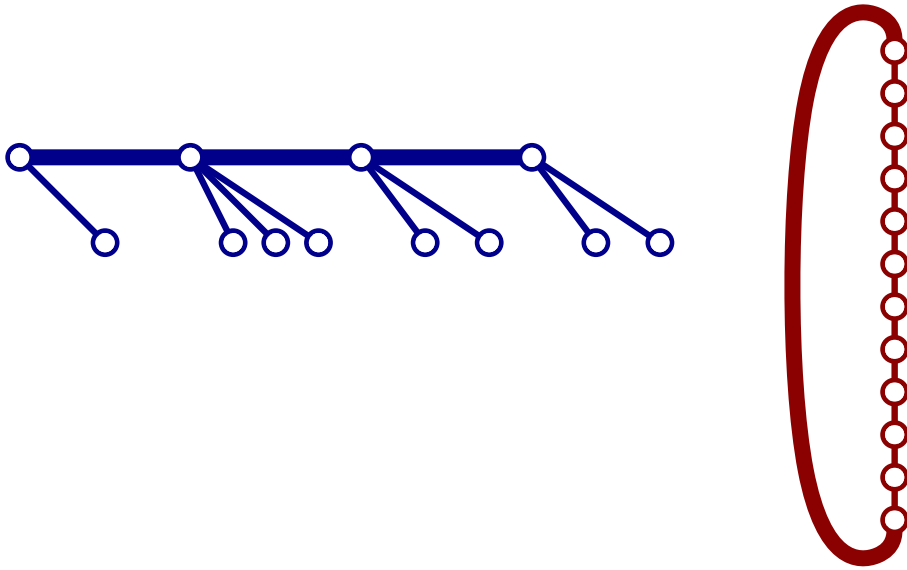
Grid size:

$(2n - 1) \times (2n - 1)$

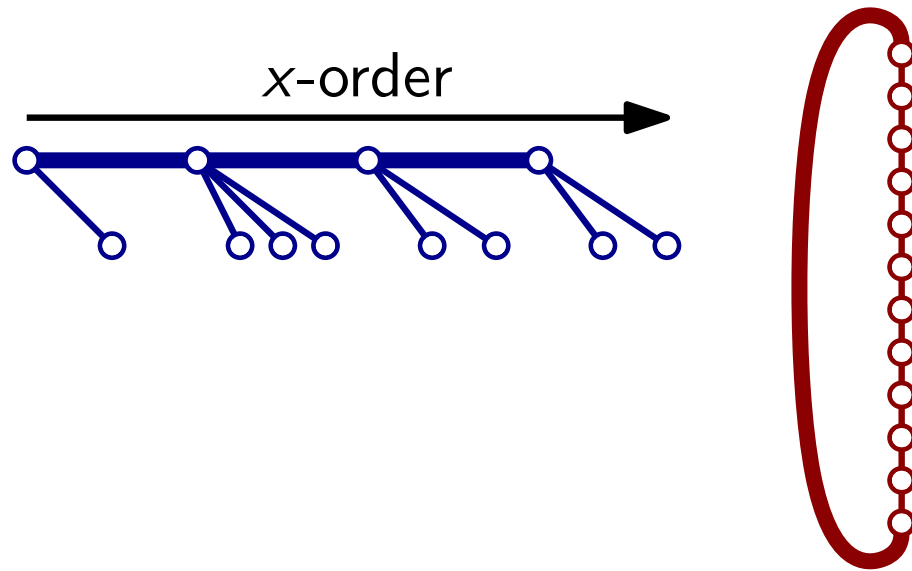
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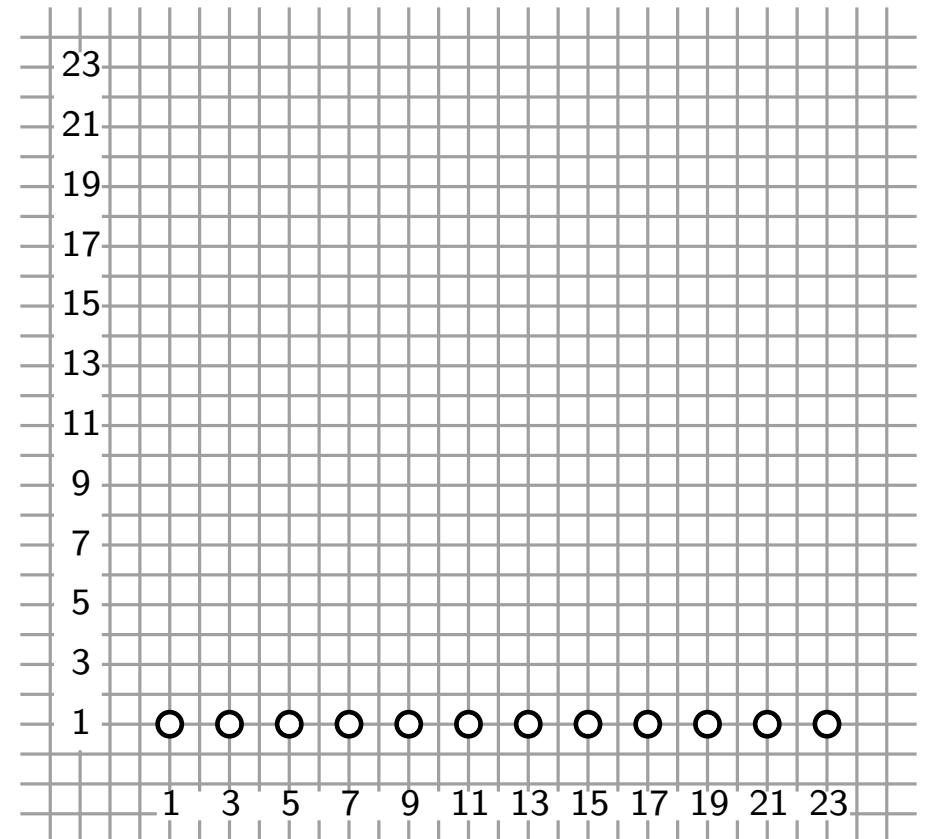
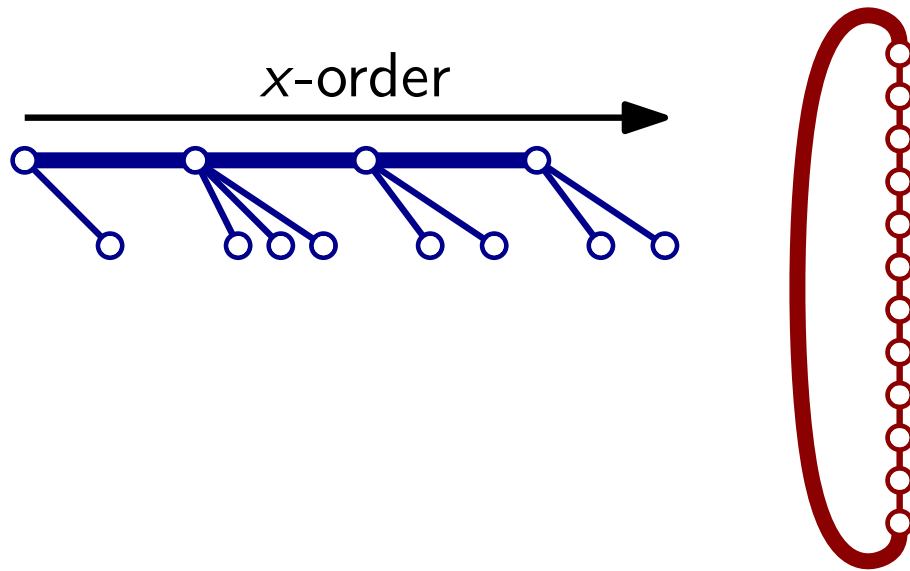
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



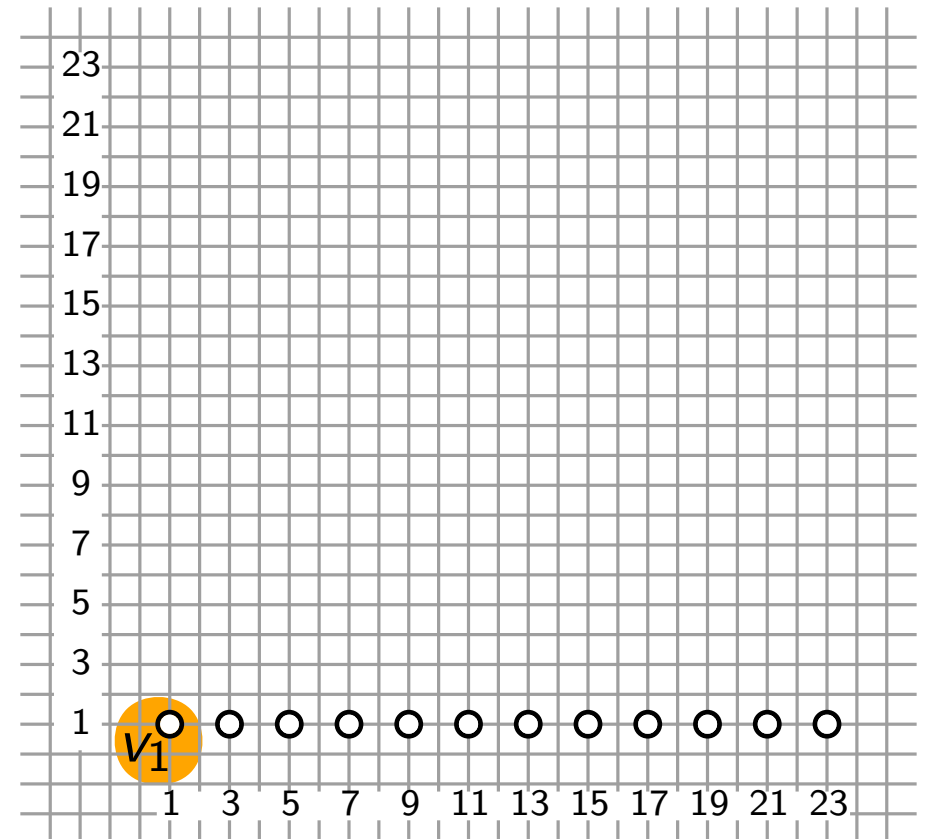
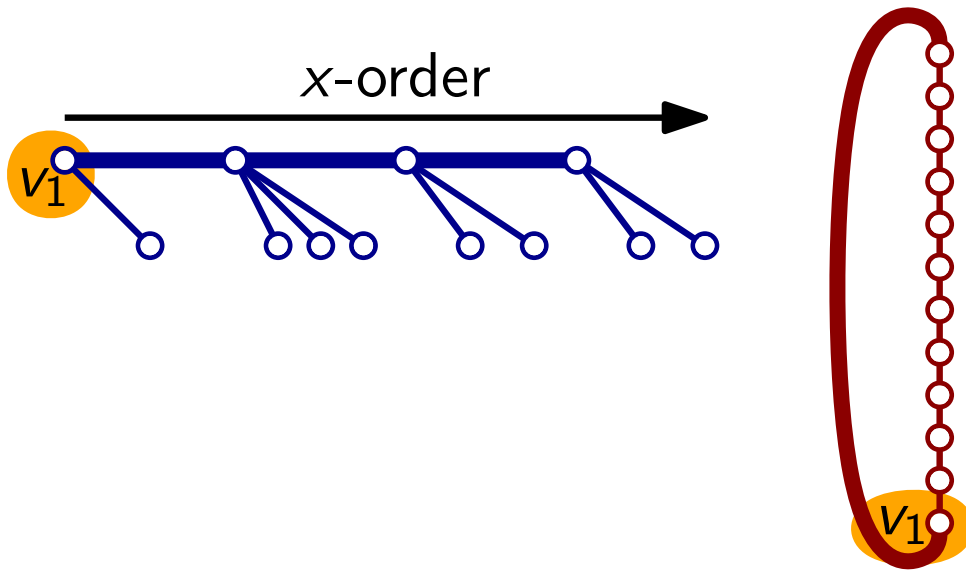
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



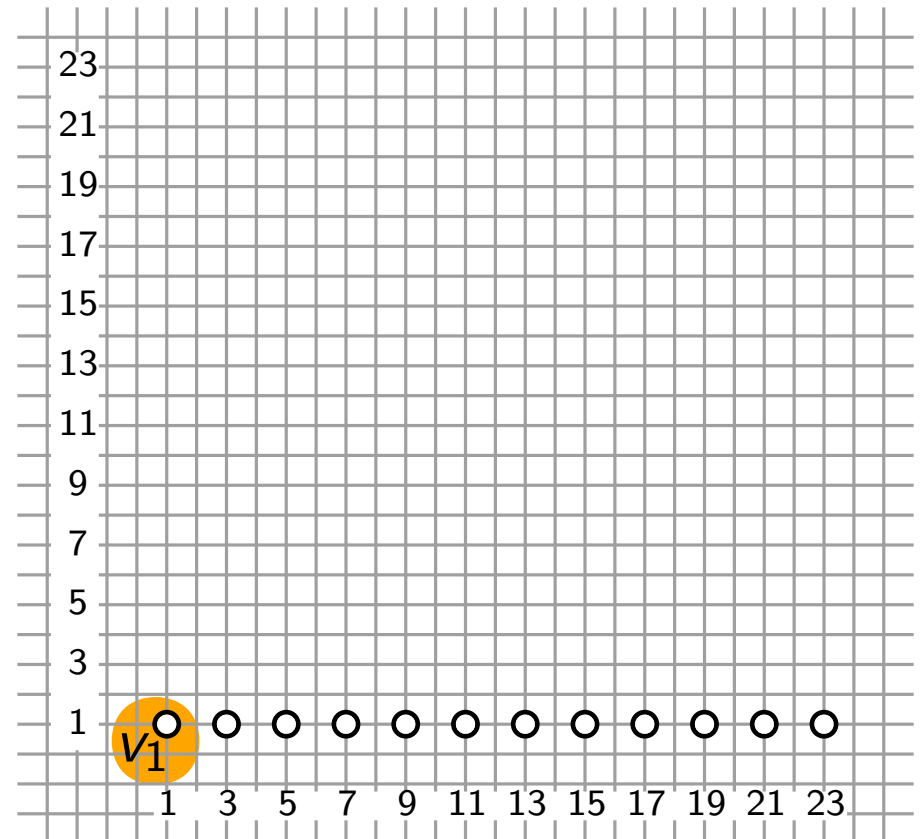
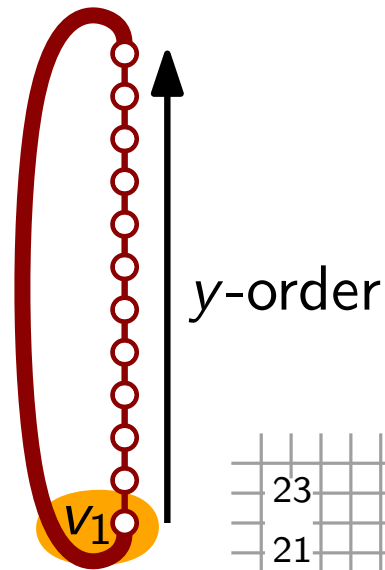
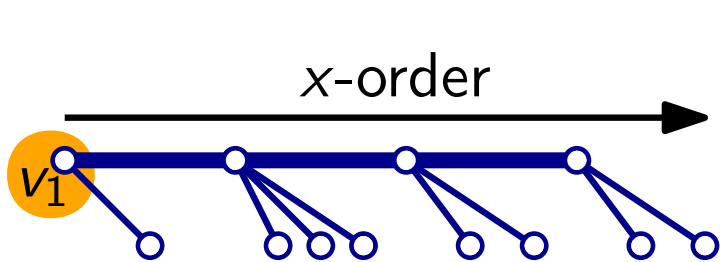
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



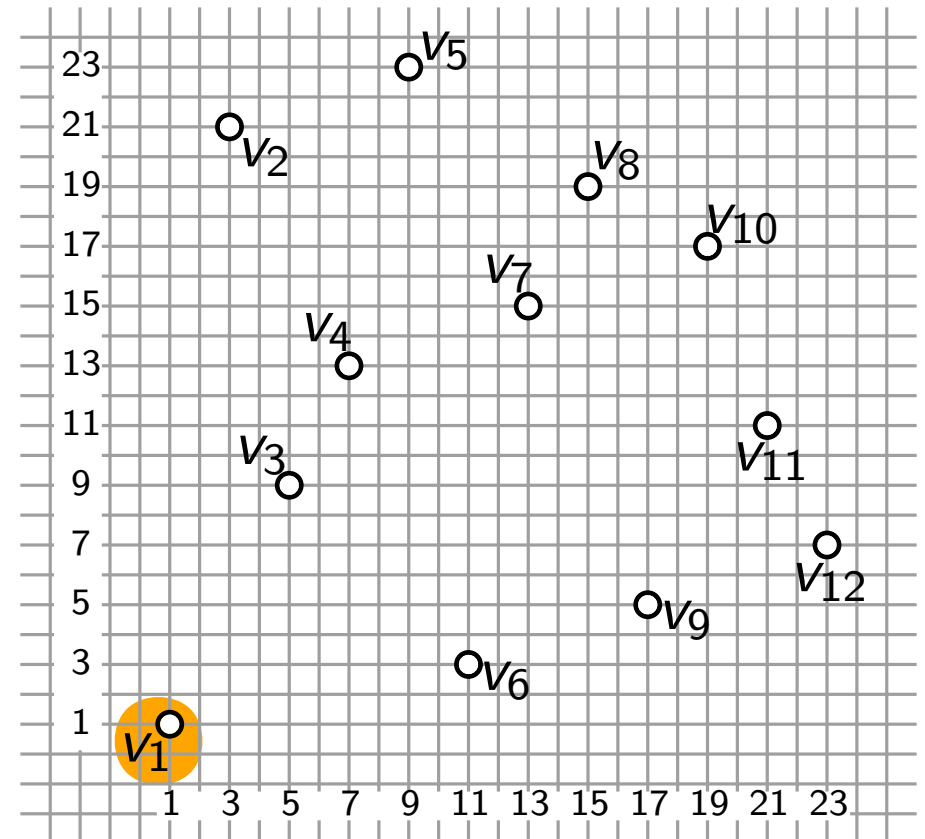
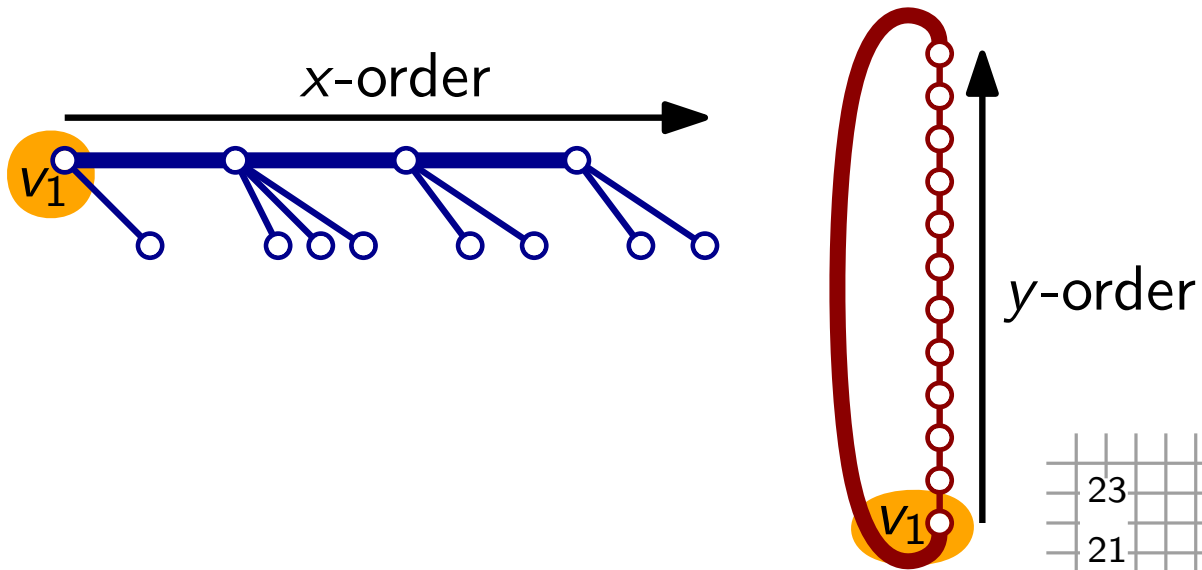
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



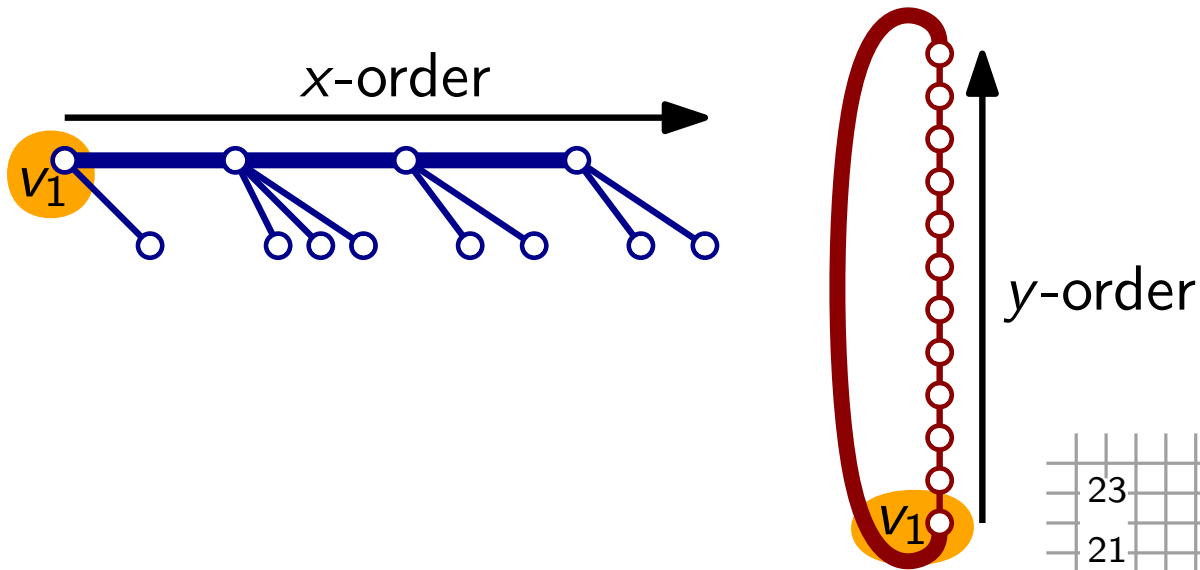
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



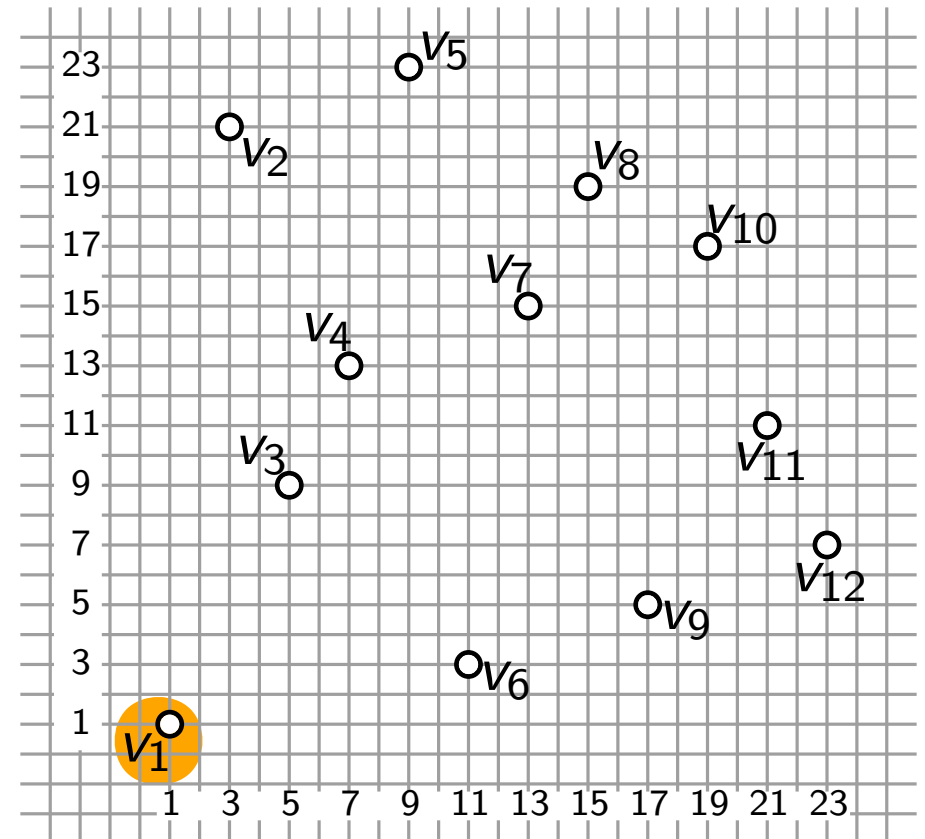
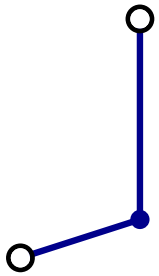
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



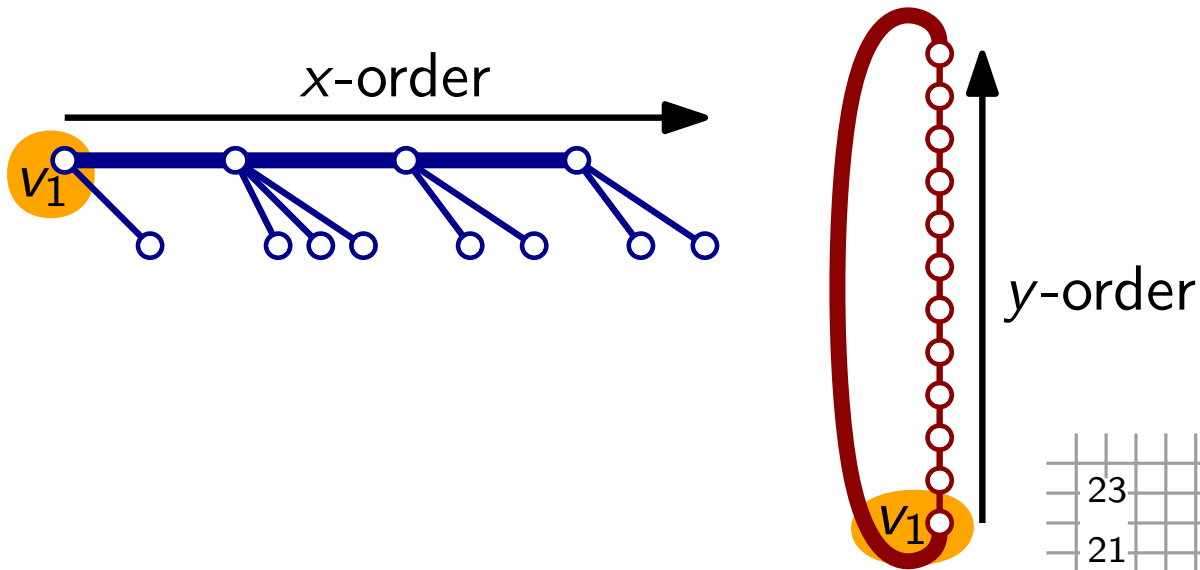
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



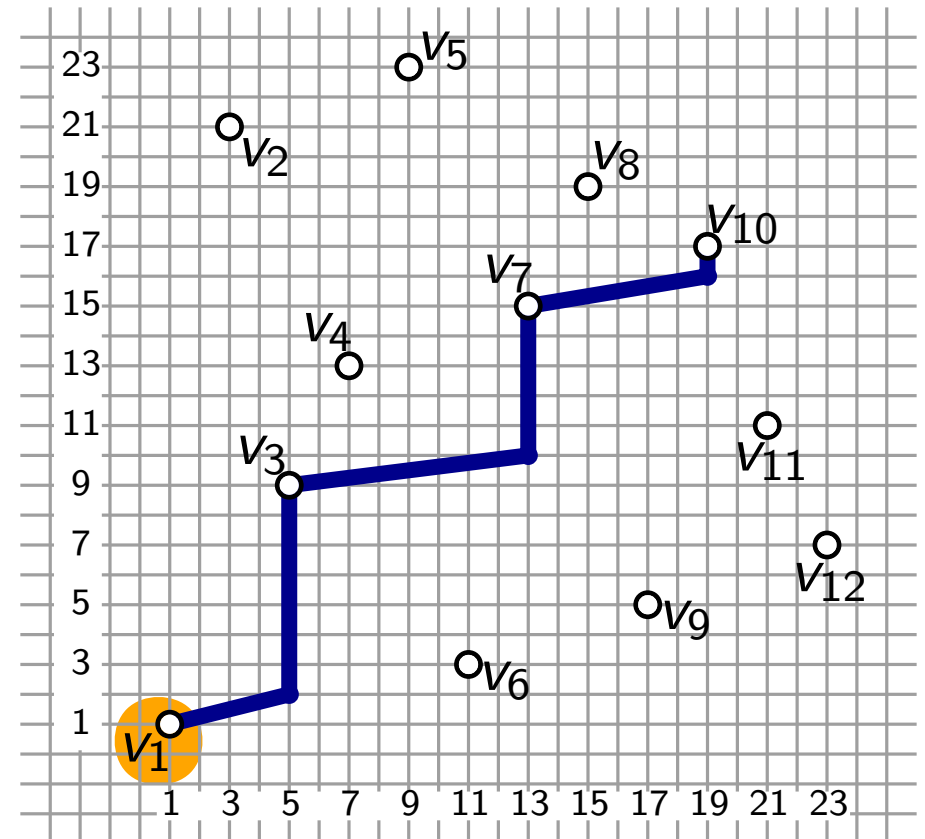
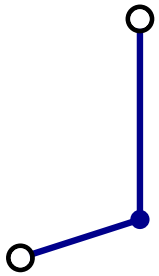
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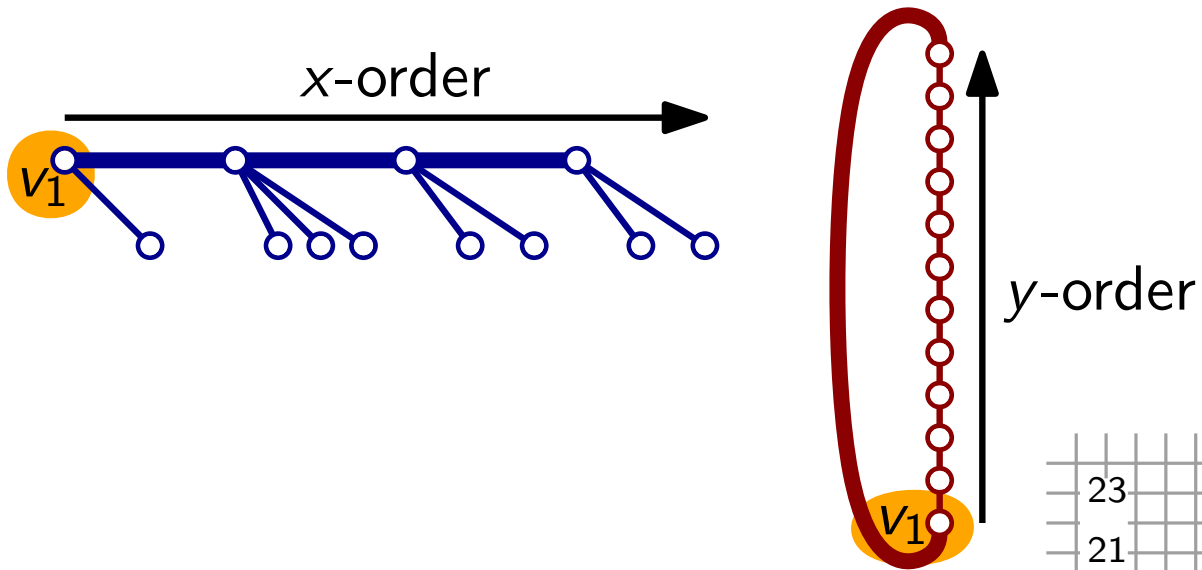
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



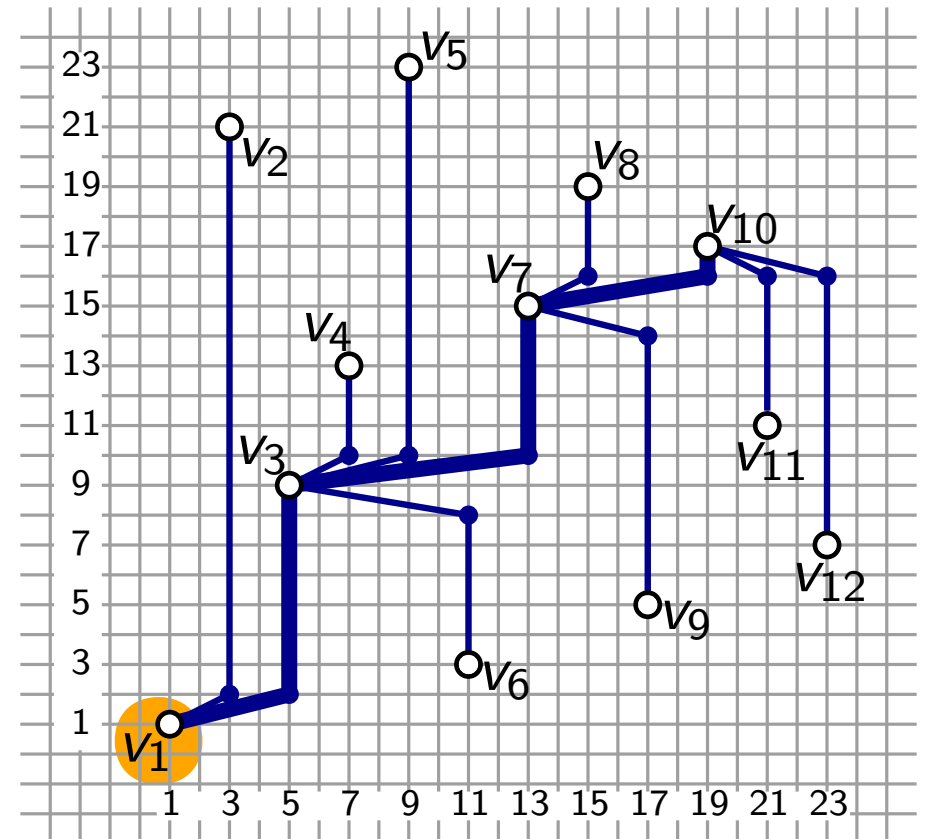
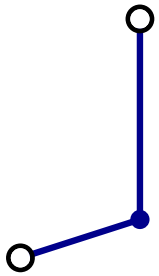
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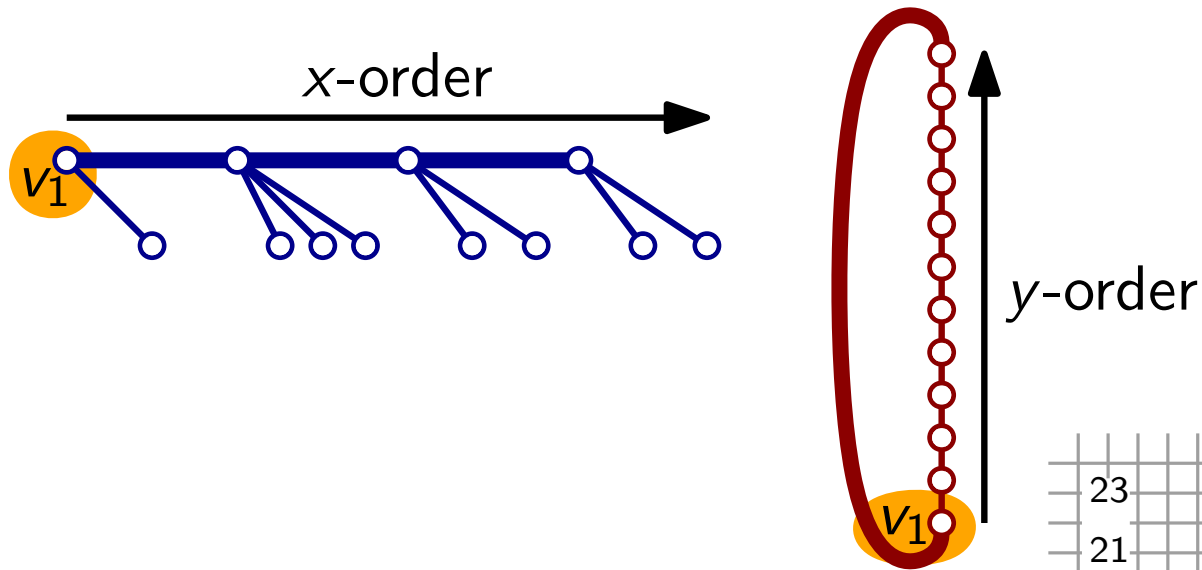
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



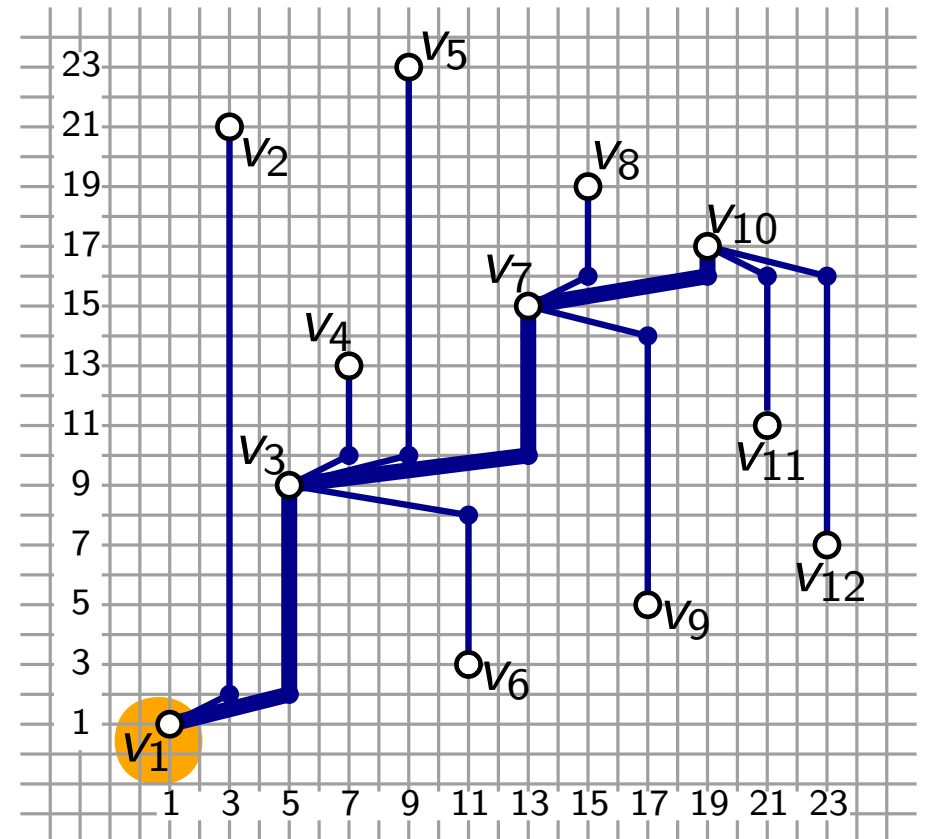
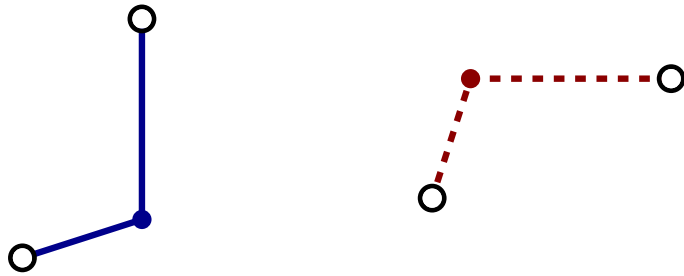
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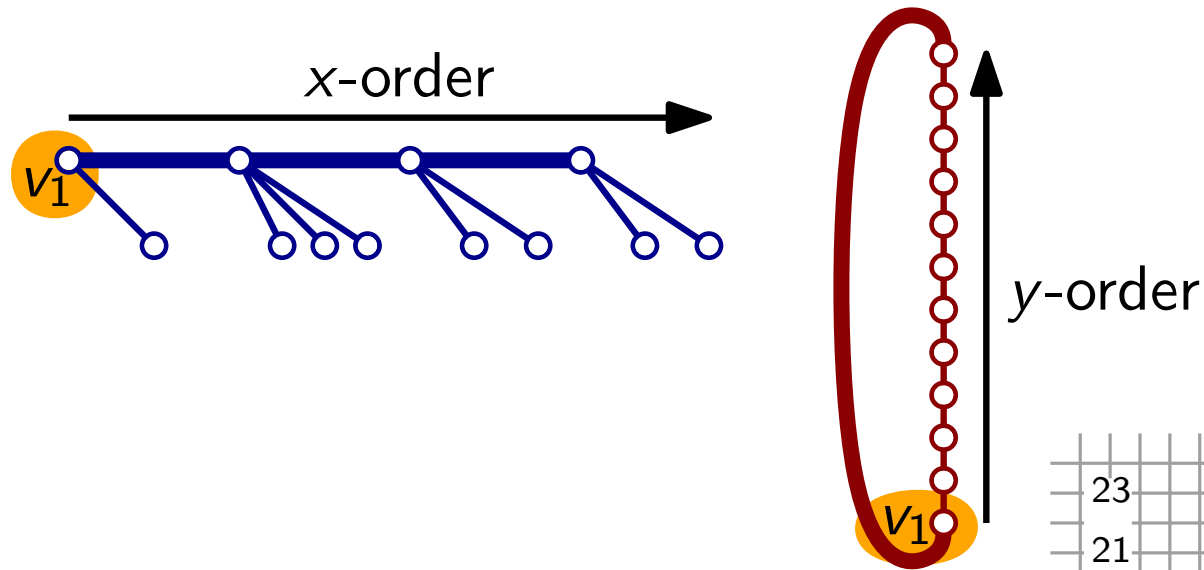
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



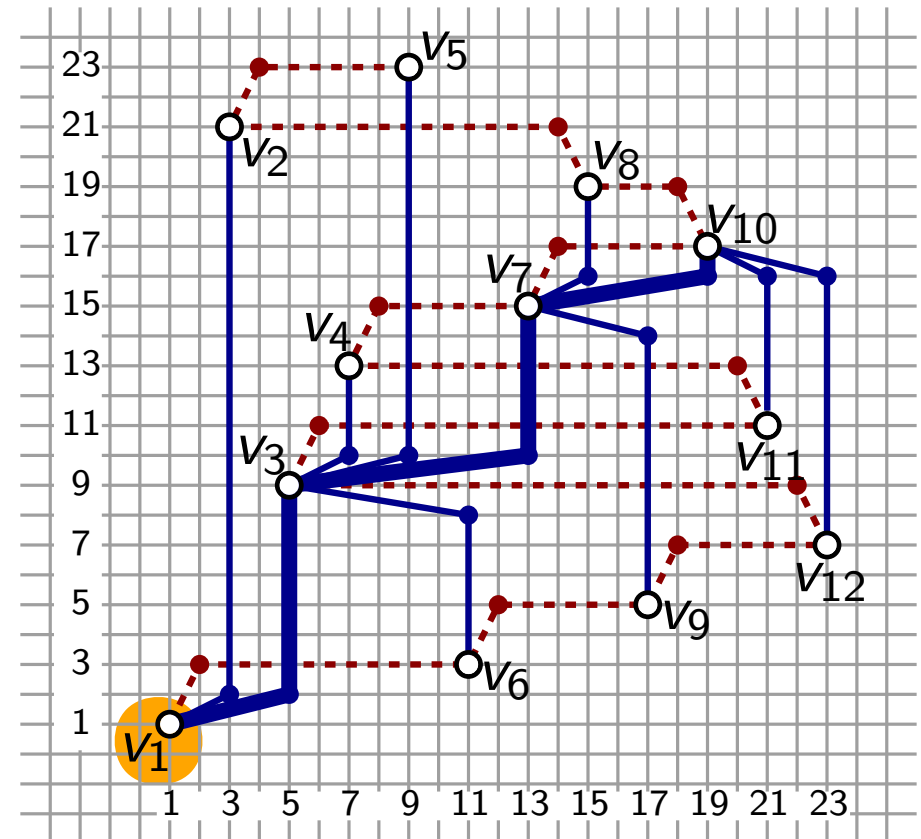
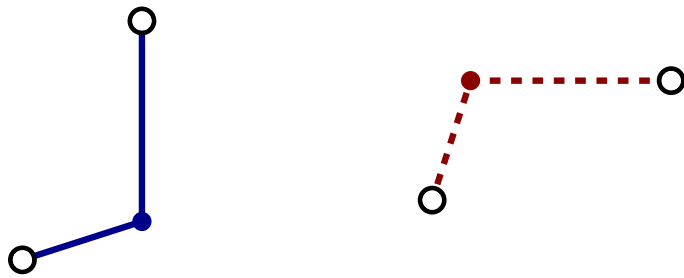
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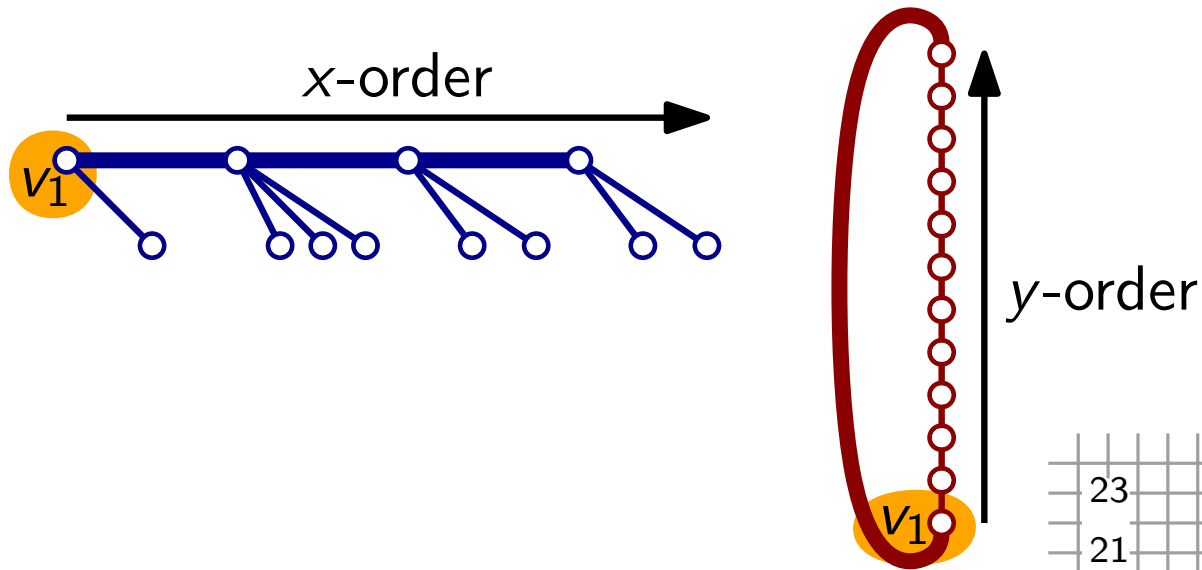
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



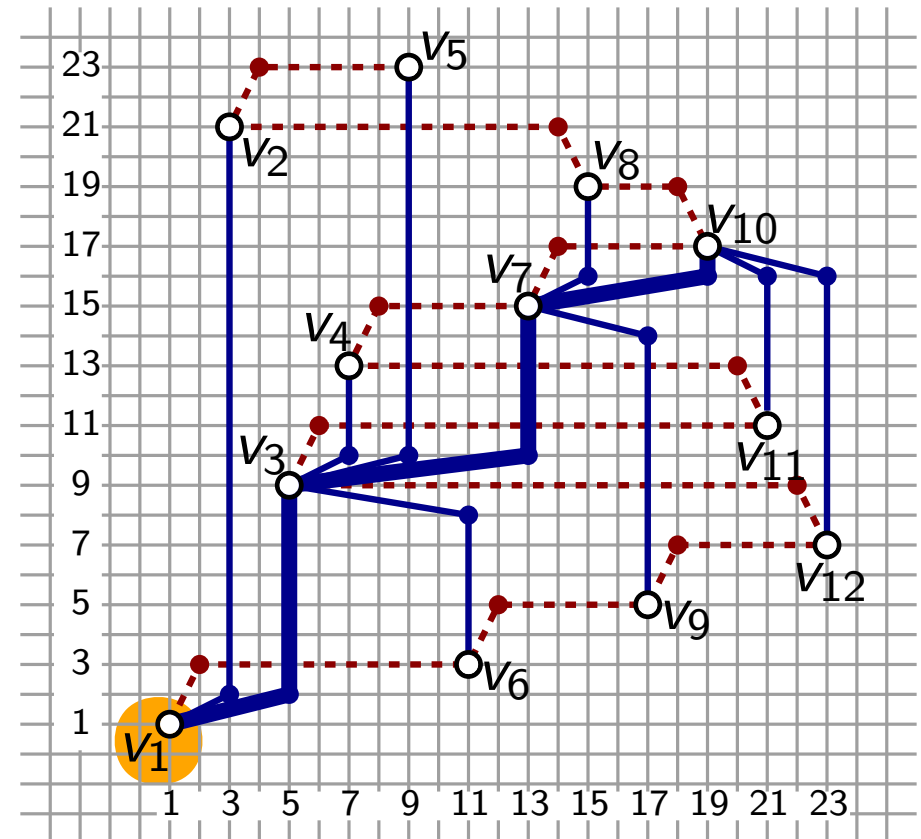
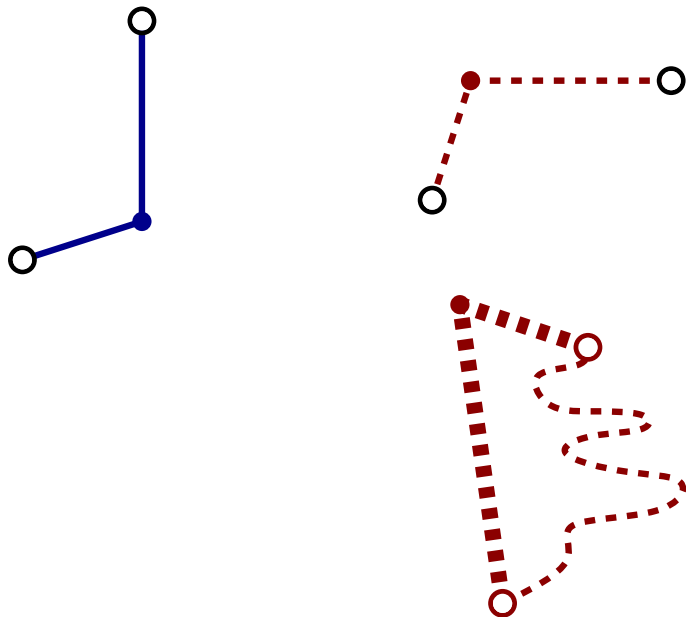
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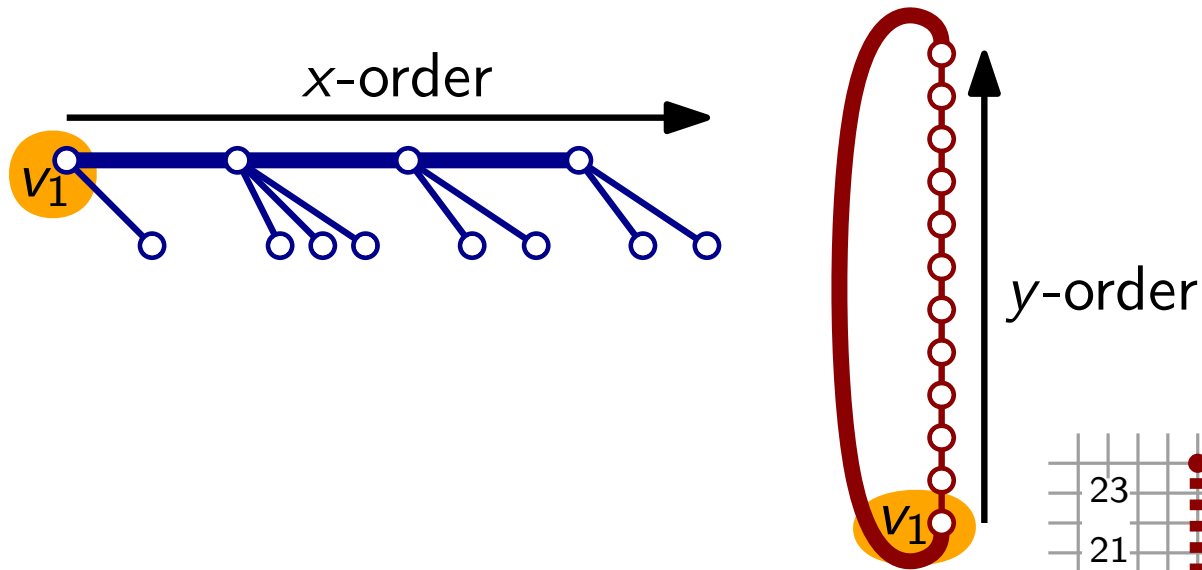
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



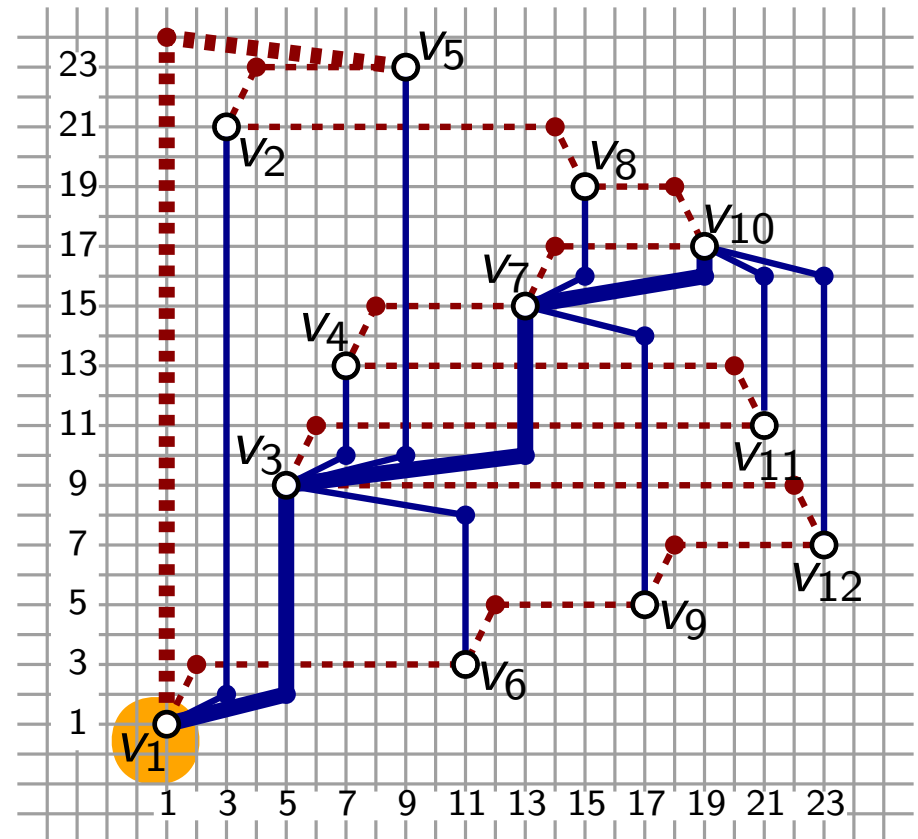
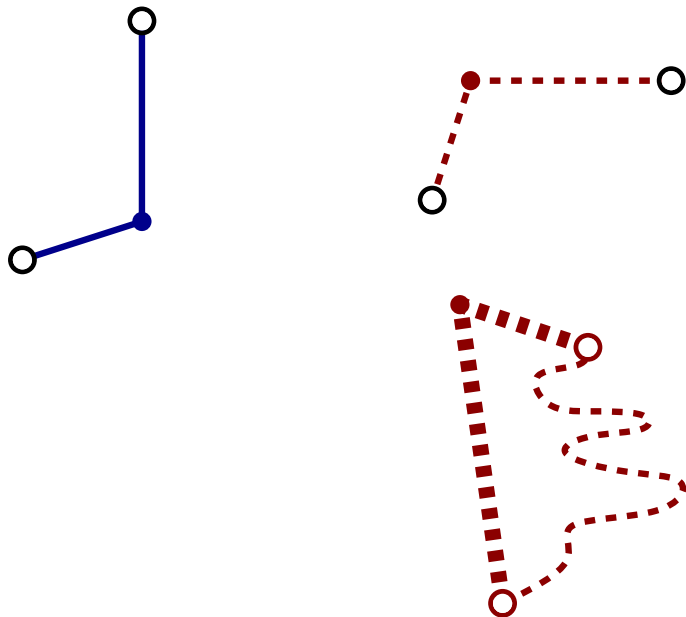
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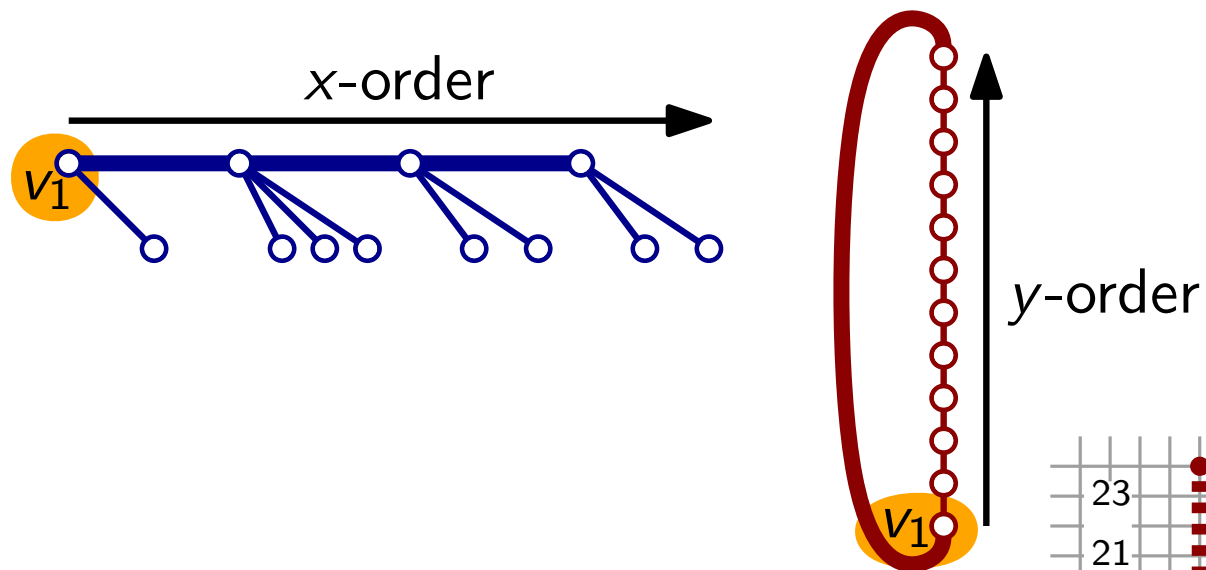
Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle



Edges:



Caterpillar $\times$ Cycle

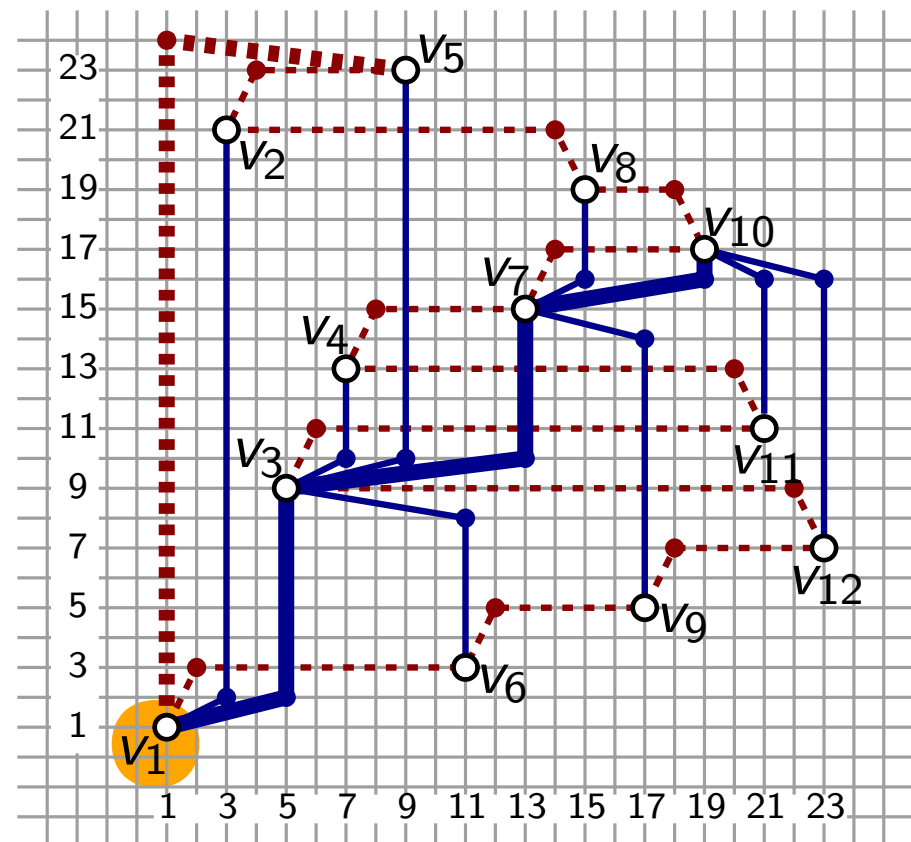
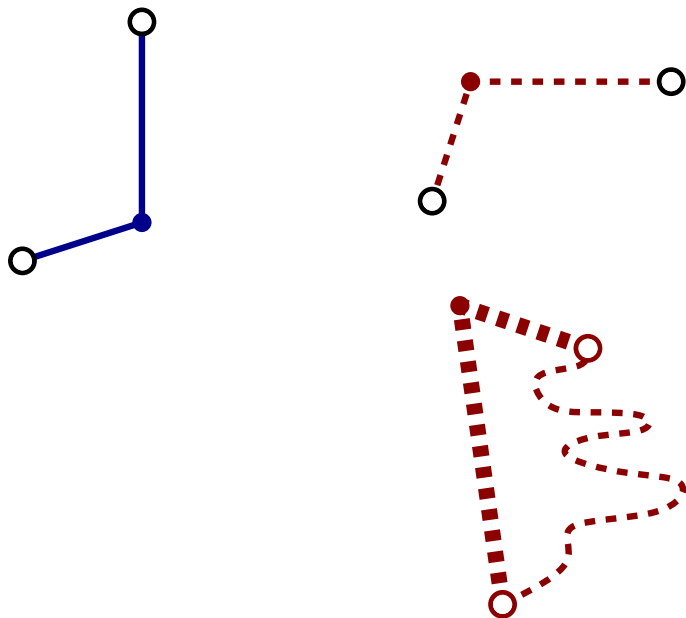


Bends: 1×1

Grid size:

$(2n - 1) \times 2n$

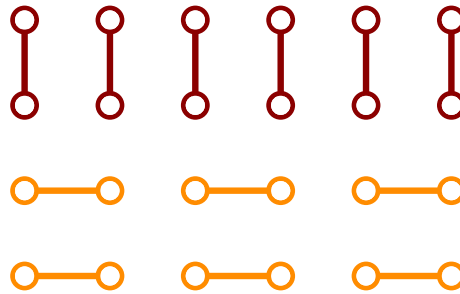
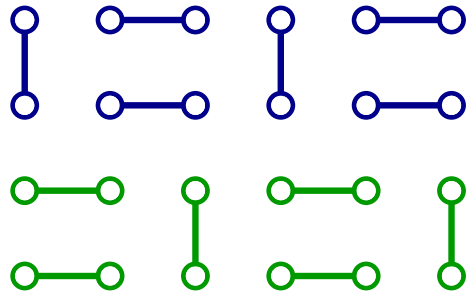
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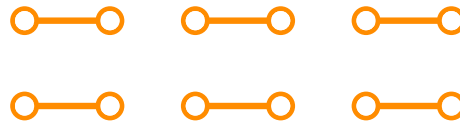
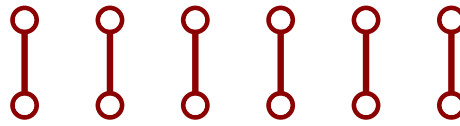
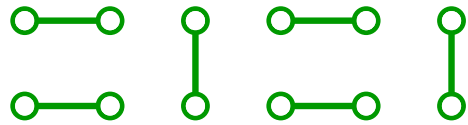
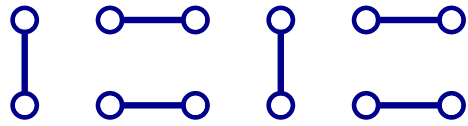
Overview

Graph classes			Number of bends	
Cycle	×	Cycle	1×1	✓ ✓
Caterpillar	×	Cycle	1×1	
Four Matchings			$1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1$	
Tree	×	Matching	1×0	
Wheel	×	Matching	2×0	
Outerpath	×	Matching	2×1	
Outerplanar	×	Outerplanar	3×3	
2-page book emb.	×	2-page book emb.	4×4	
Planar	×	Planar	6×6	

Four Matchings

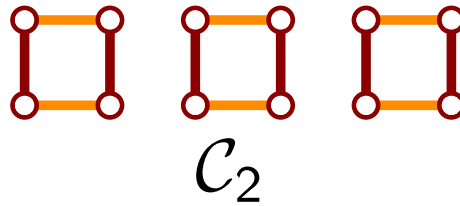
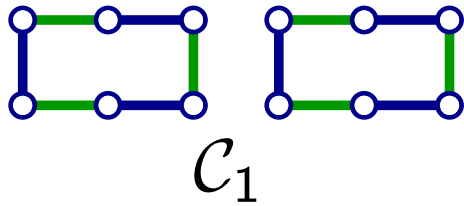


Four Matchings



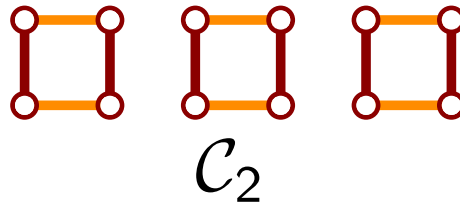
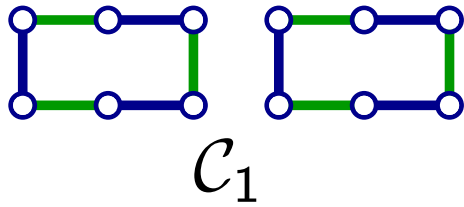
Combine $\Rightarrow$ two sets of cycles $\mathcal{C}_1, \mathcal{C}_2$

Four Matchings

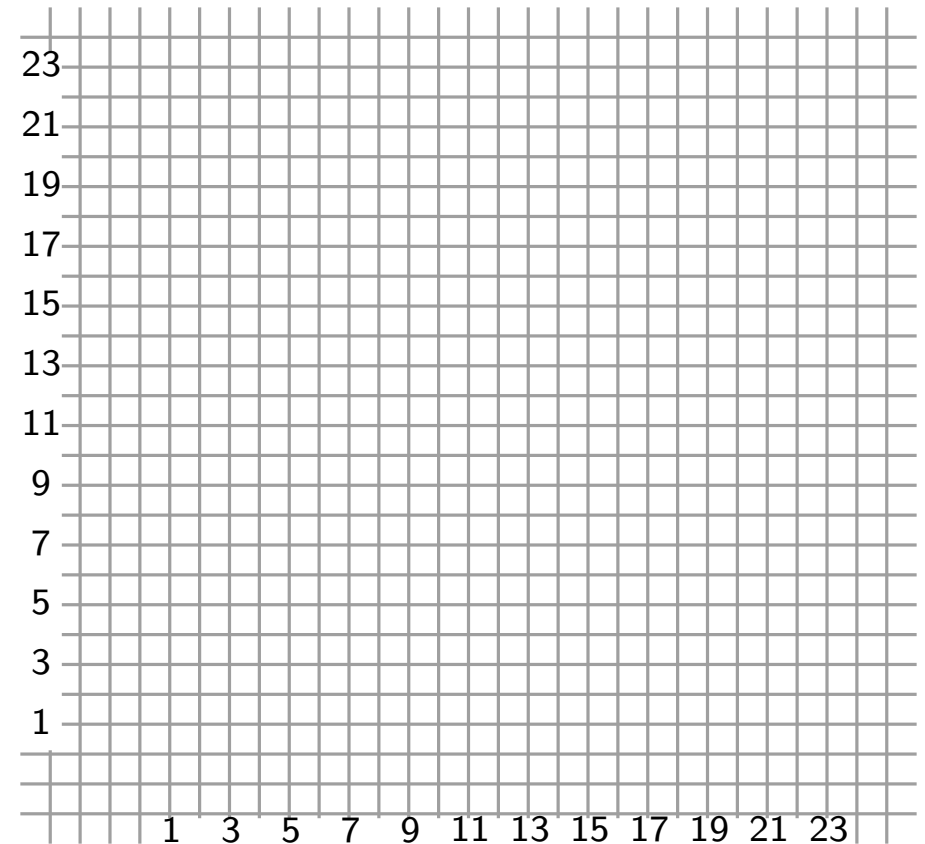


Combine $\Rightarrow$ two sets of cycles C_1, C_2

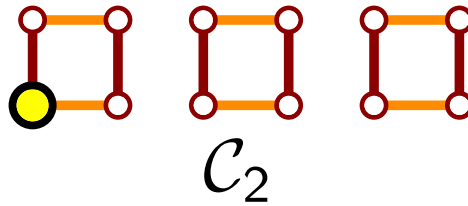
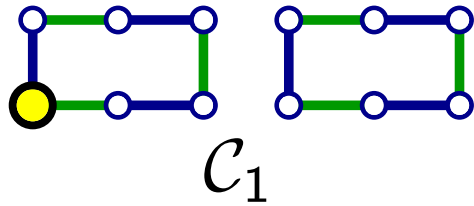
Four Matchings



Placement algorithm:

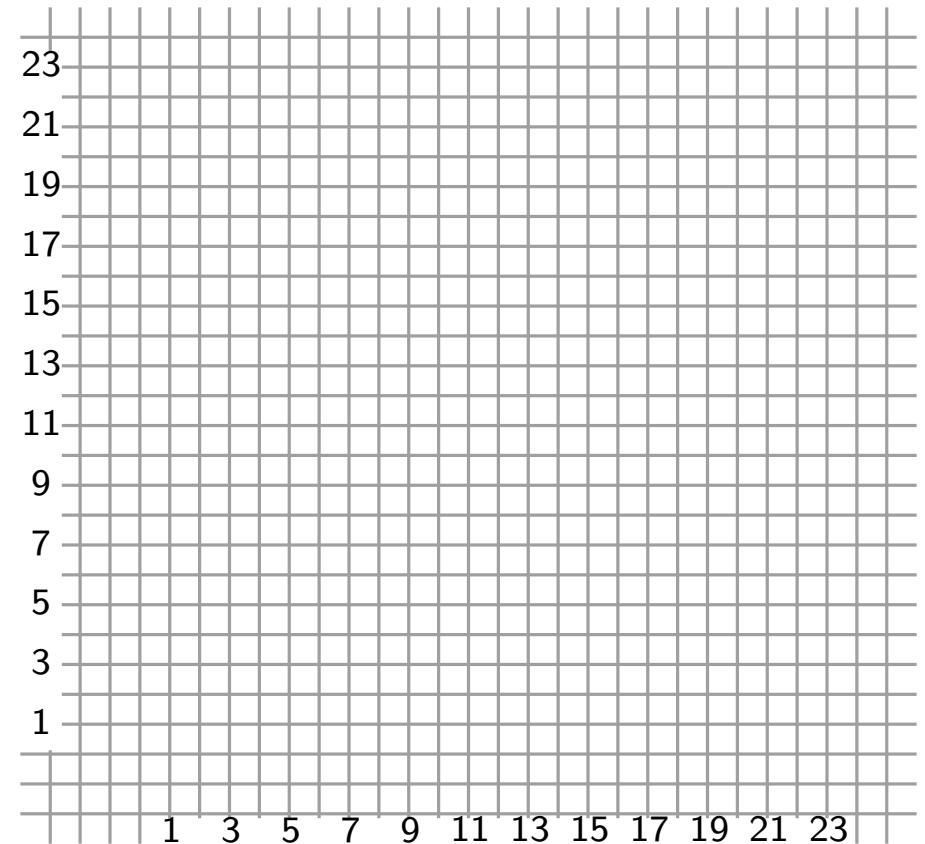


Four Matchings

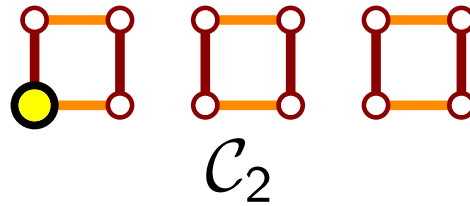
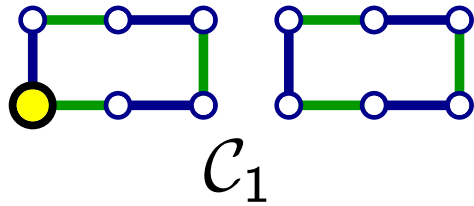


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1

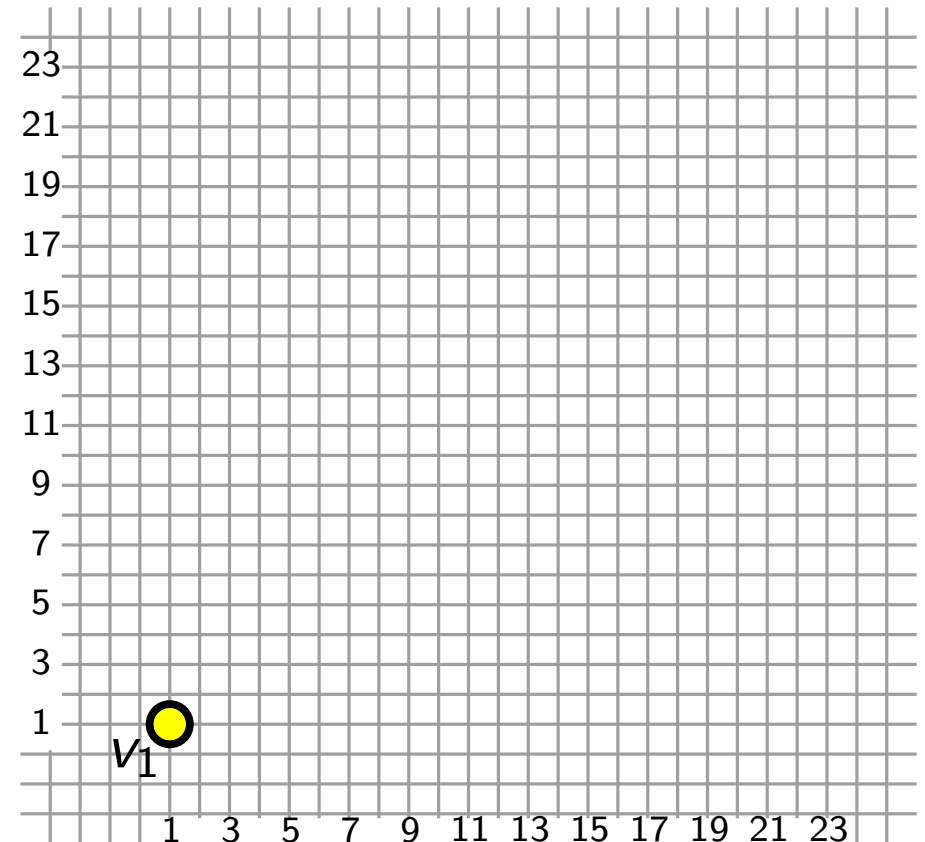


Four Matchings

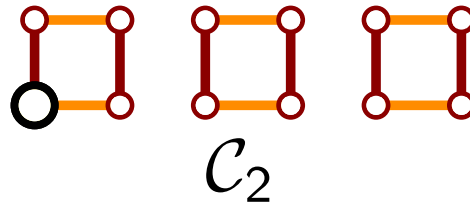
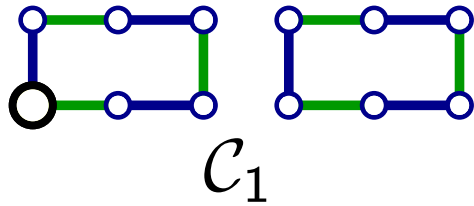


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it

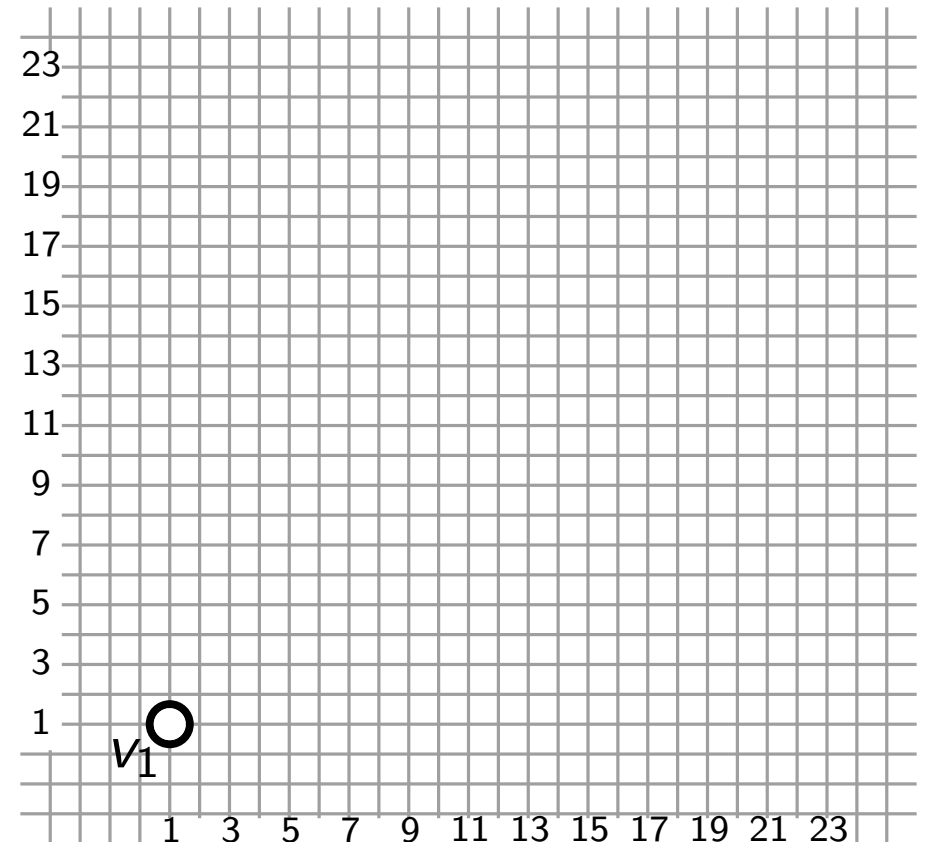


Four Matchings

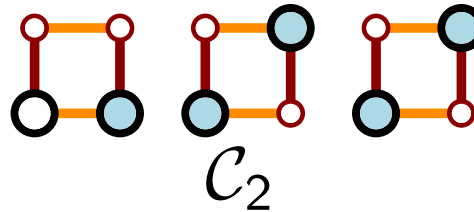
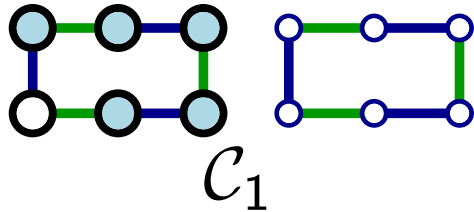


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it

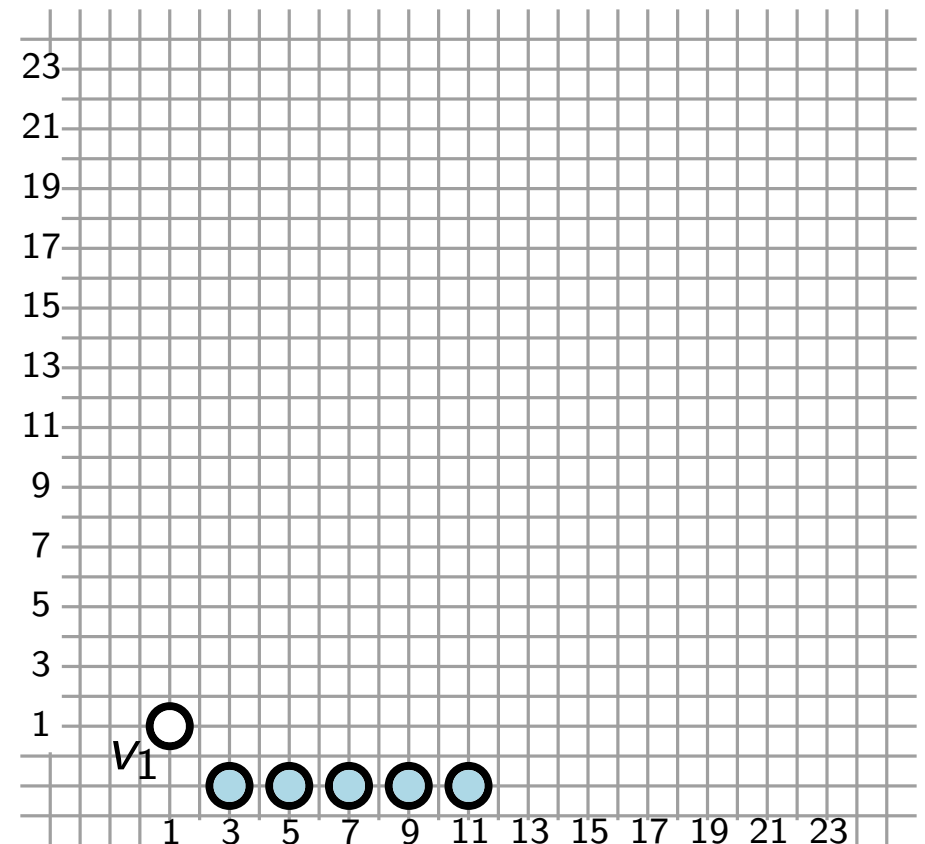


Four Matchings

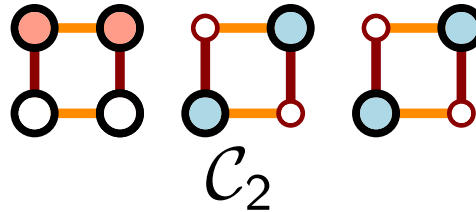
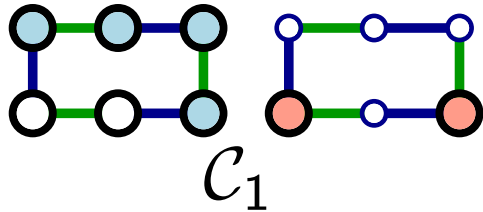


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_1$

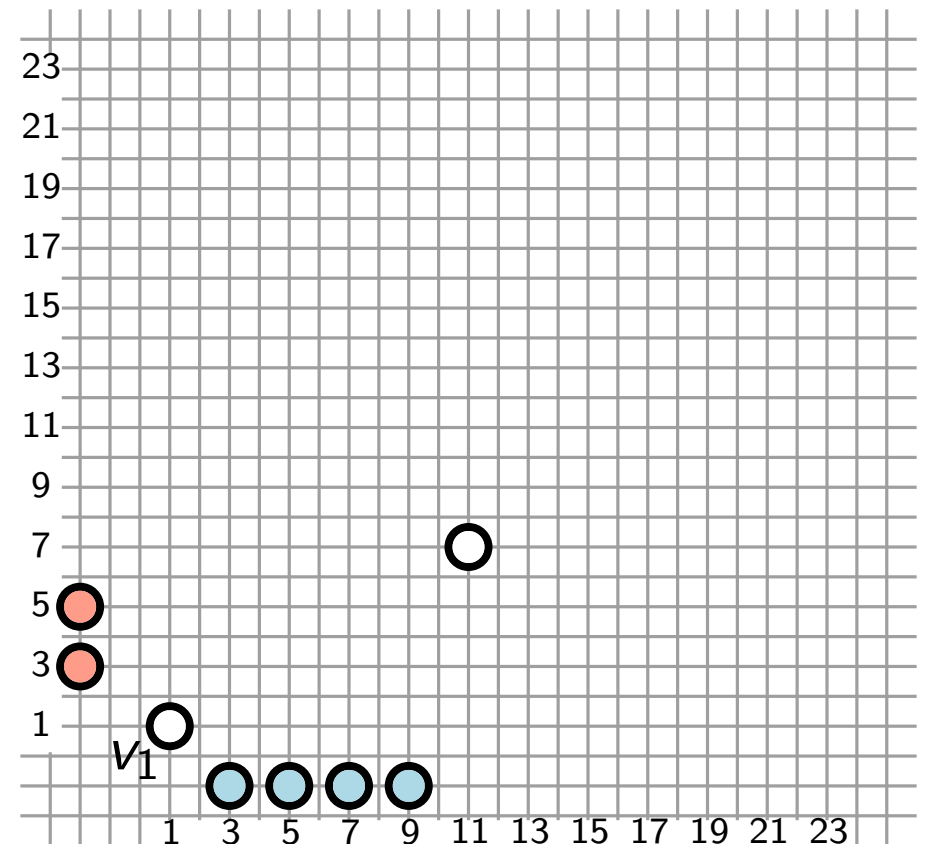


Four Matchings

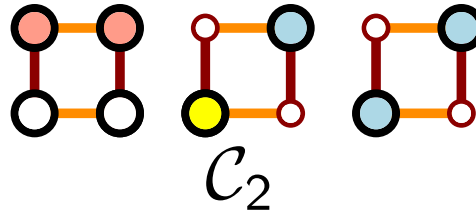
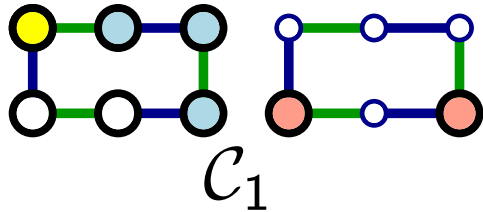


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in C_1
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in C_2

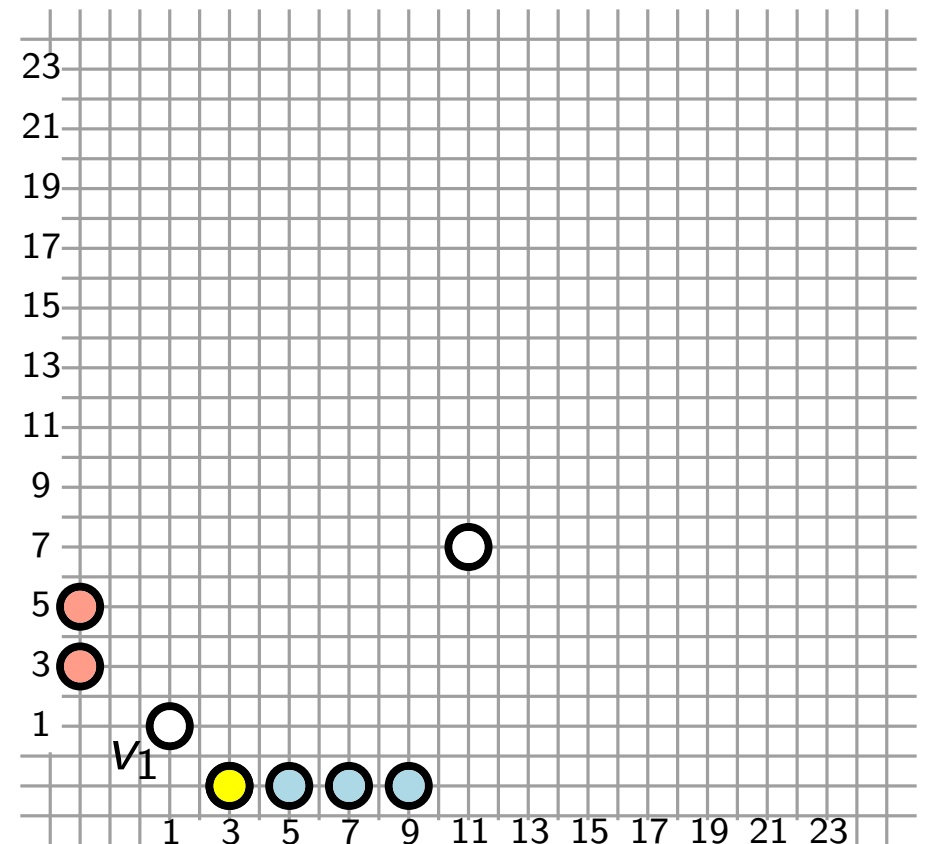


Four Matchings

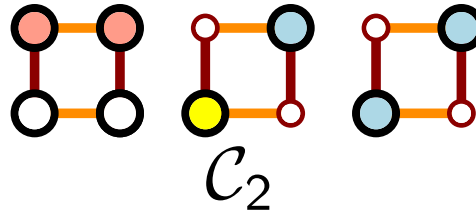
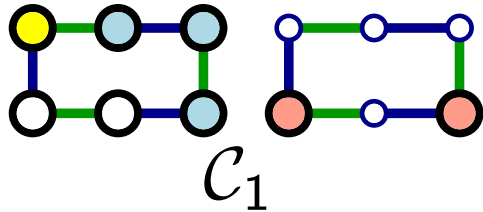


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_1$
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_2$
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.

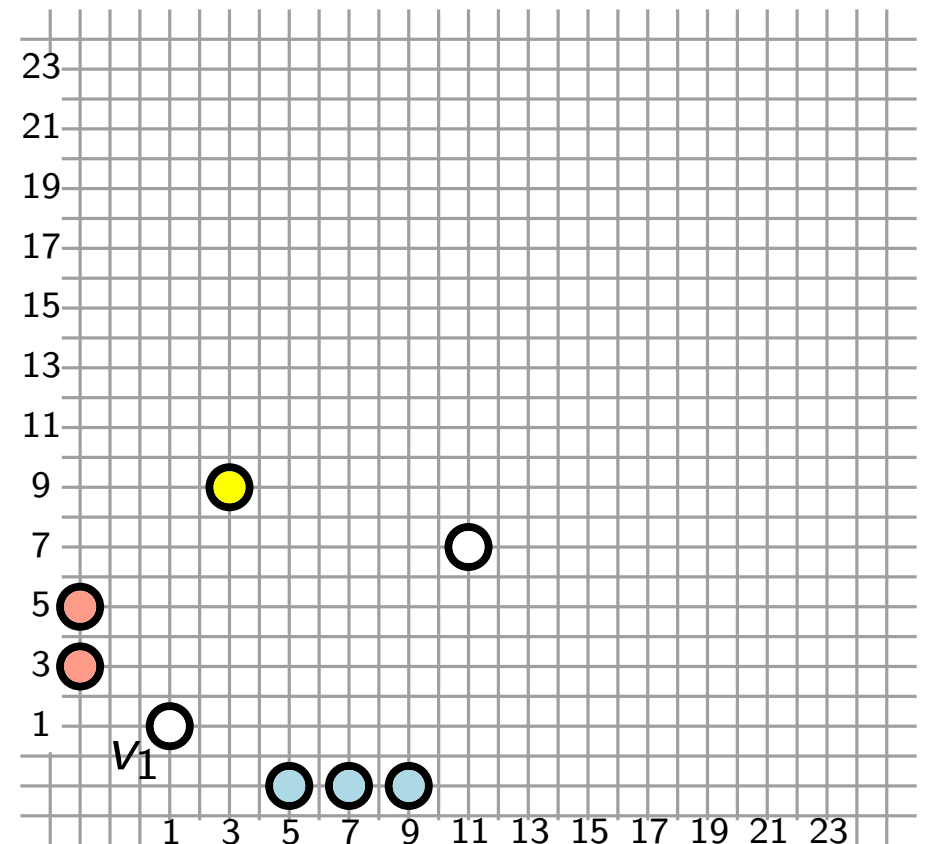


Four Matchings

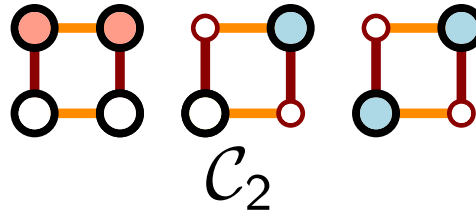
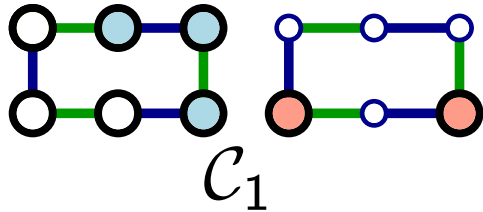


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_1$
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_2$
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v

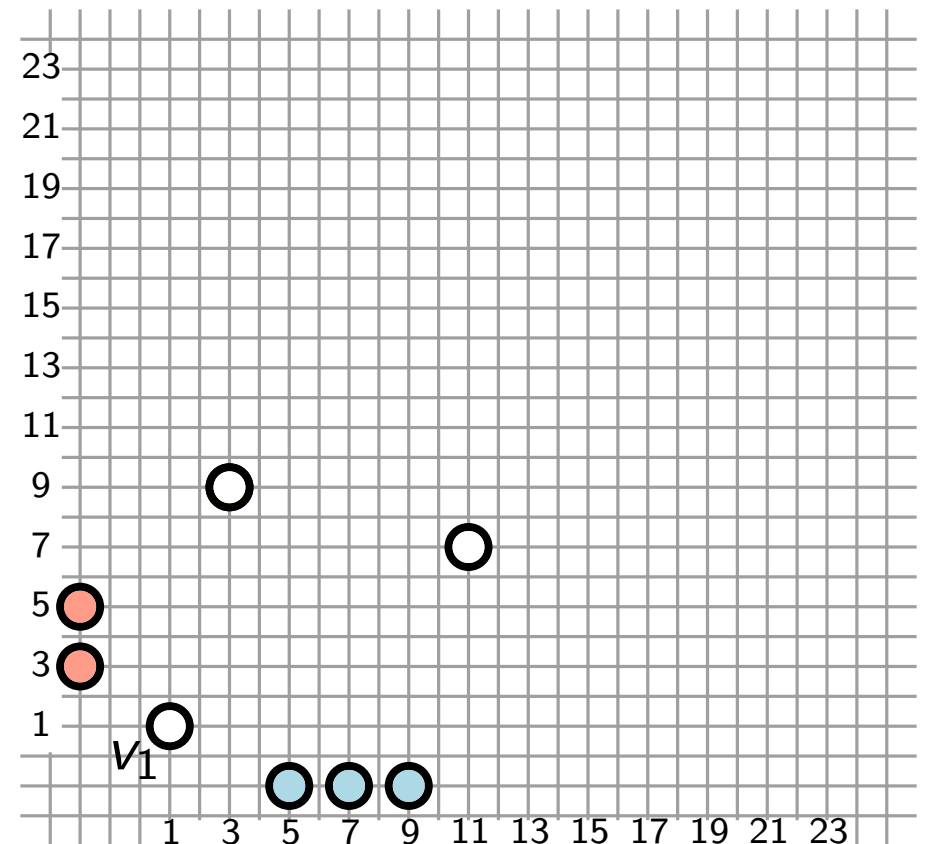


Four Matchings

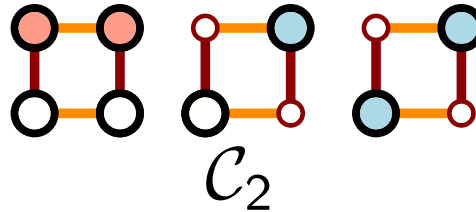
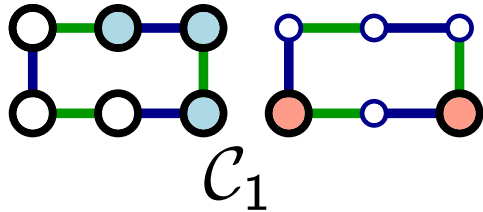


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_1$
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_2$
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v

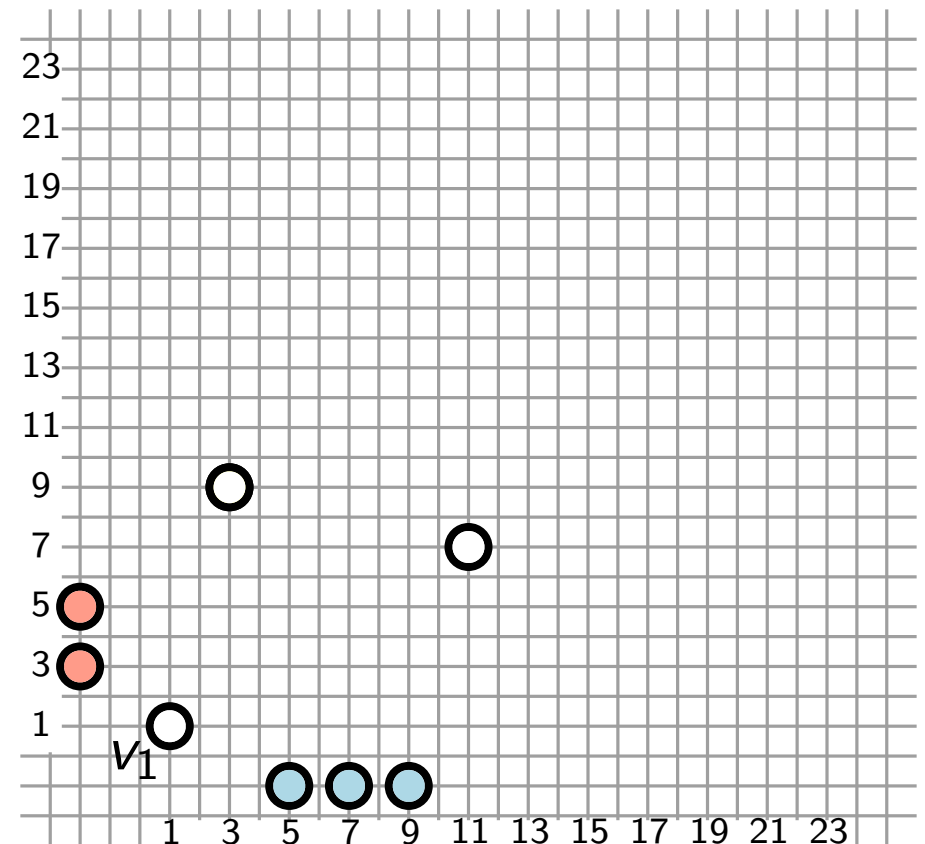


Four Matchings

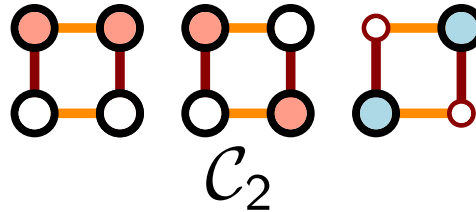
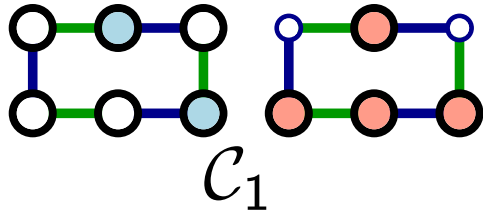


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_1$
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_2$
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v

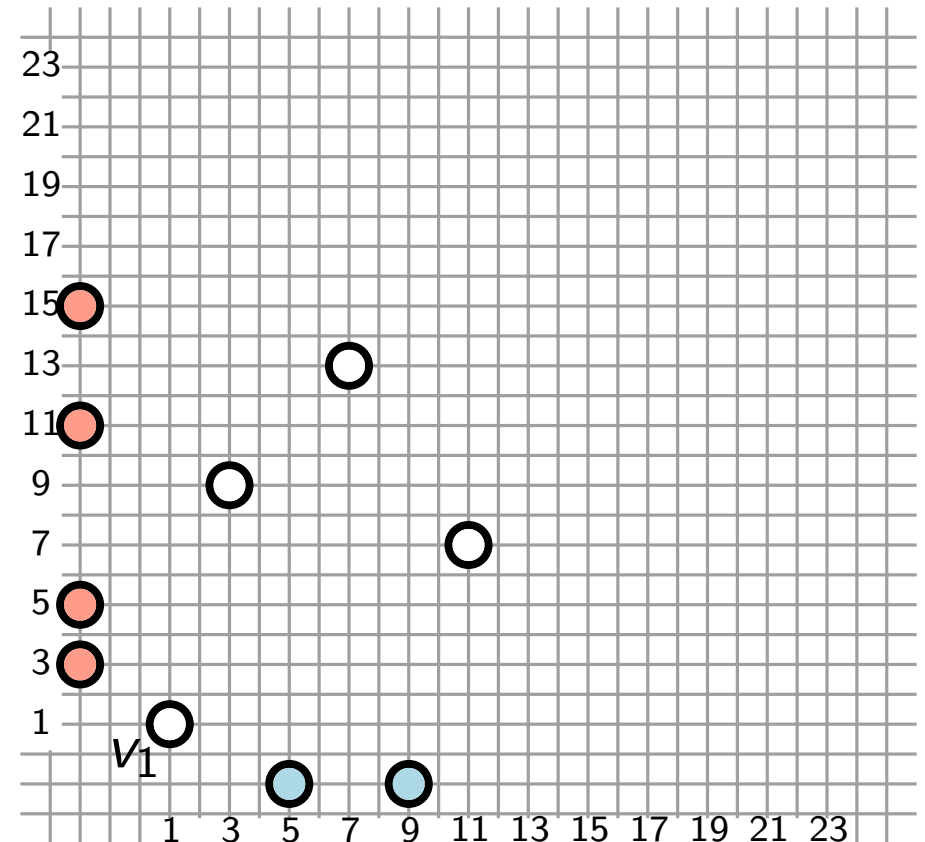


Four Matchings

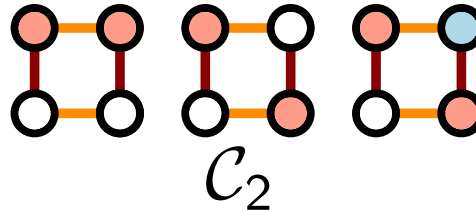
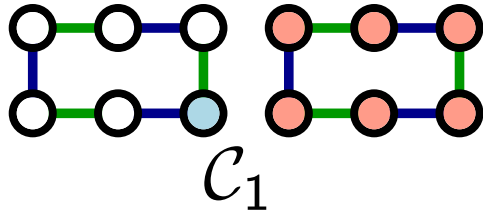


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in C_1
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in C_2
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v

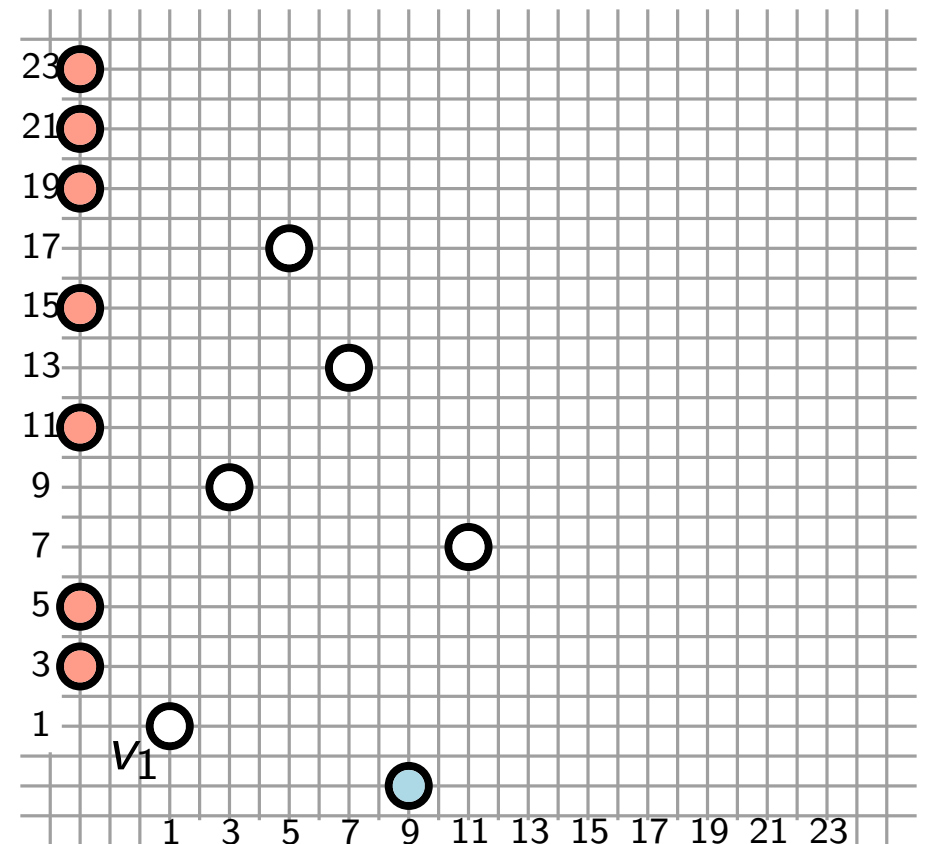


Four Matchings

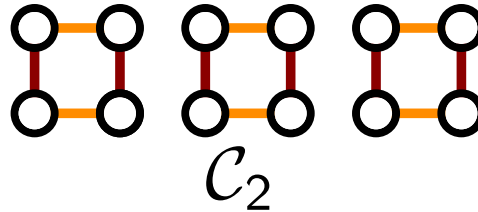
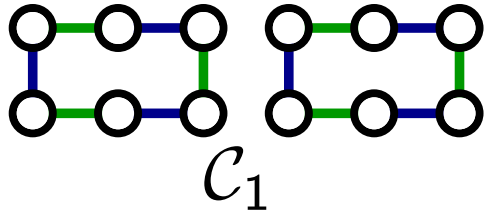


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in C_1
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in C_2
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v

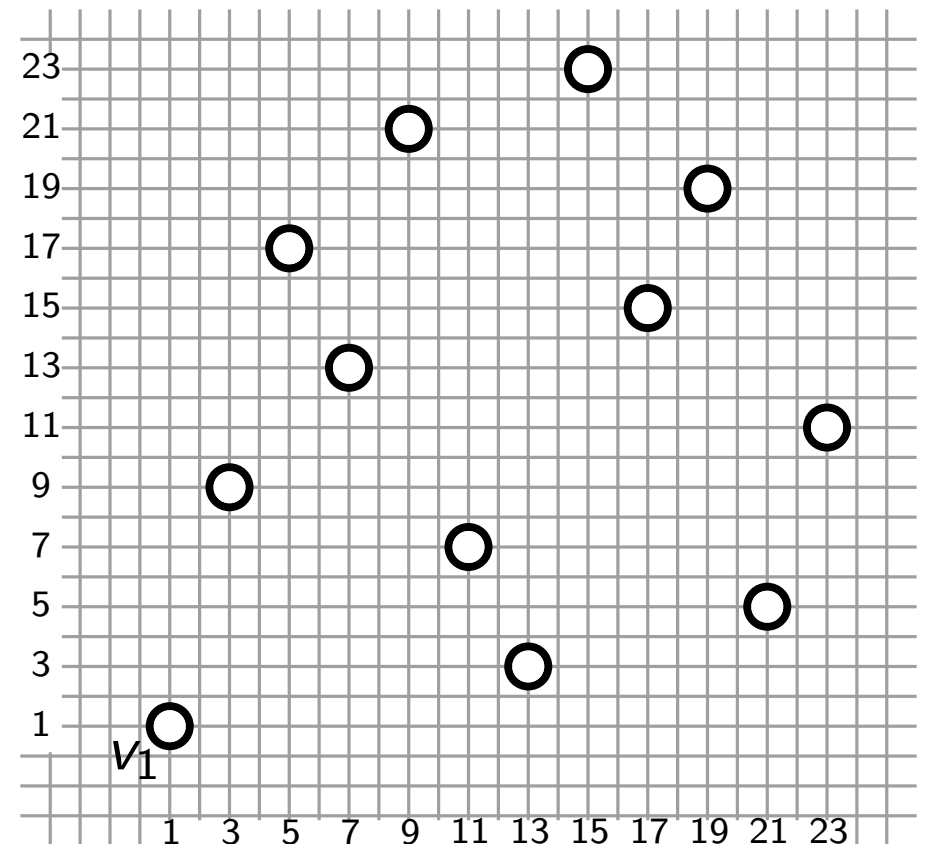


Four Matchings

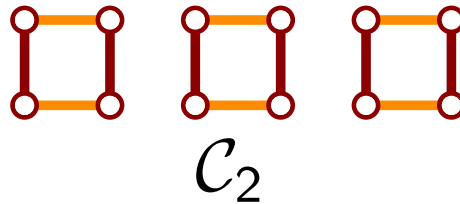
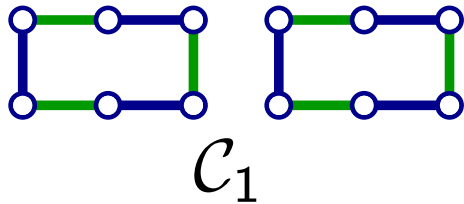


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in C_1
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in C_2
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v

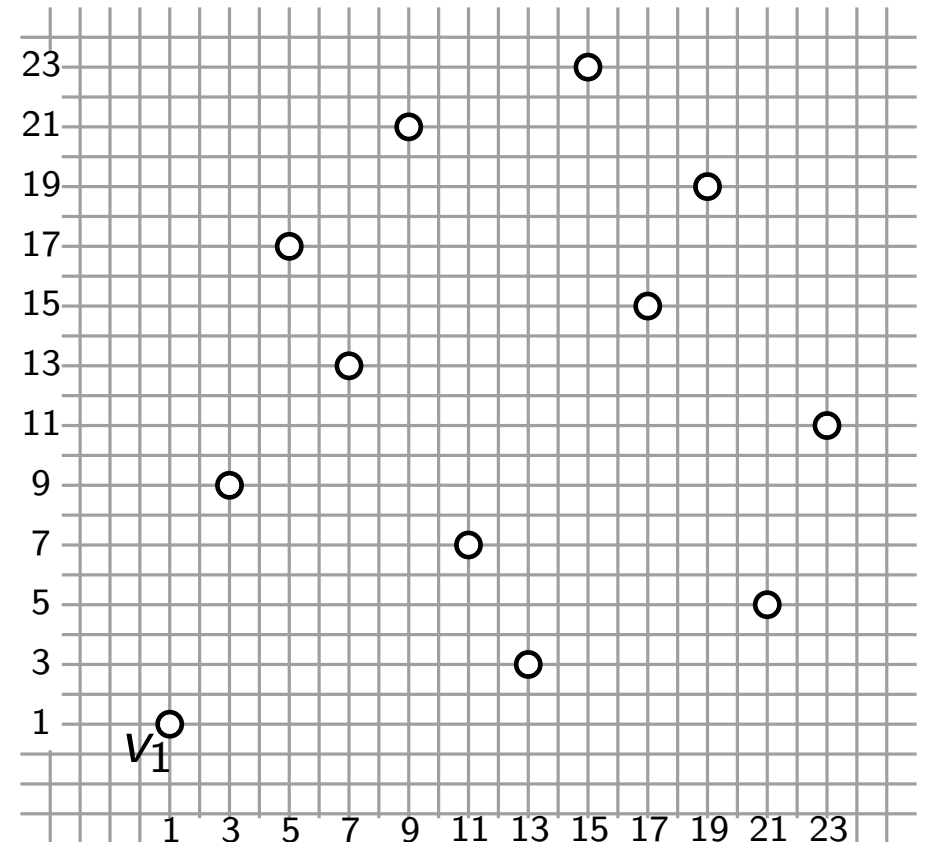


Four Matchings

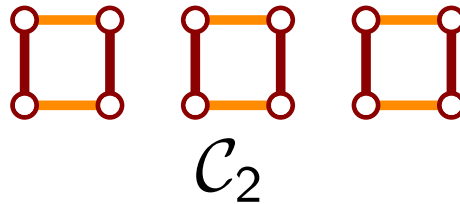
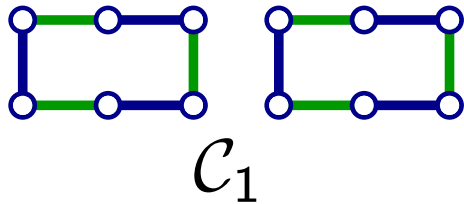


Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in C_1
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in C_2
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v



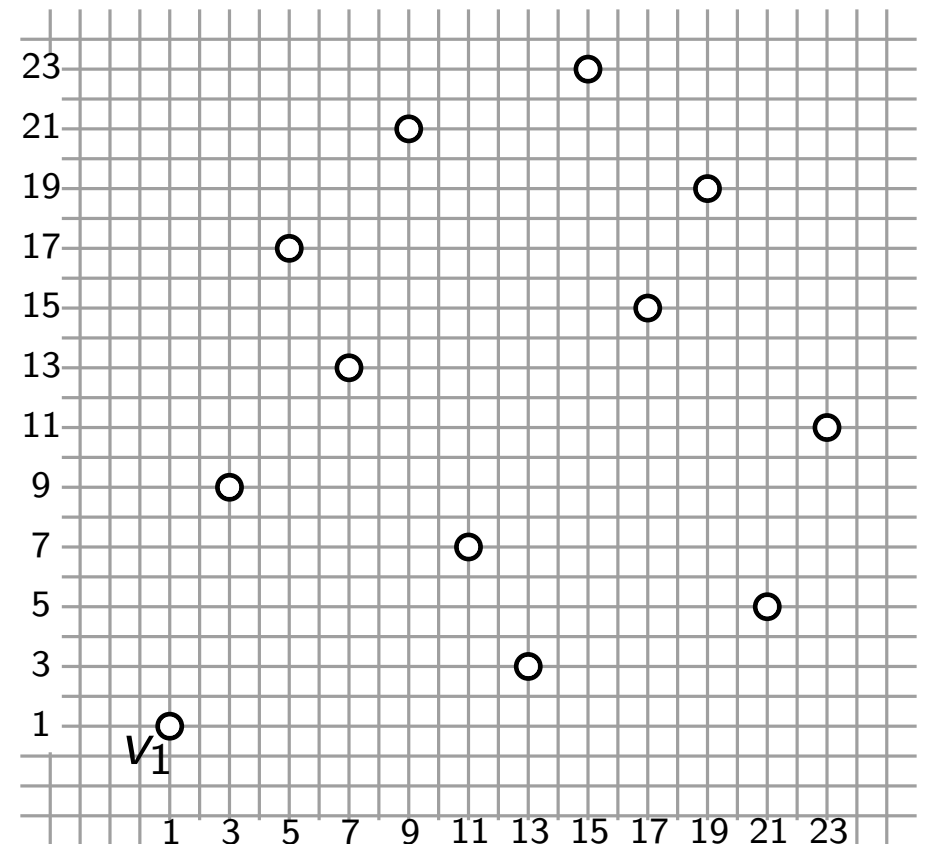
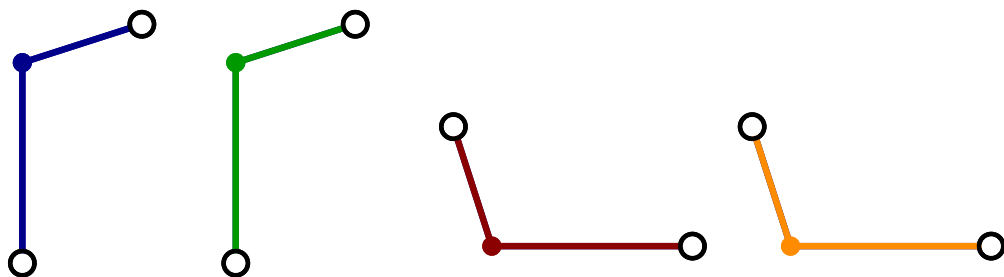
Four Matchings



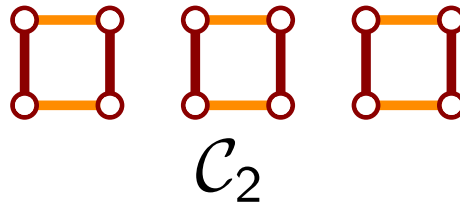
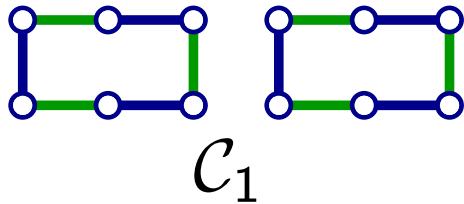
Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in C_1
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in C_2
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v

Edges:



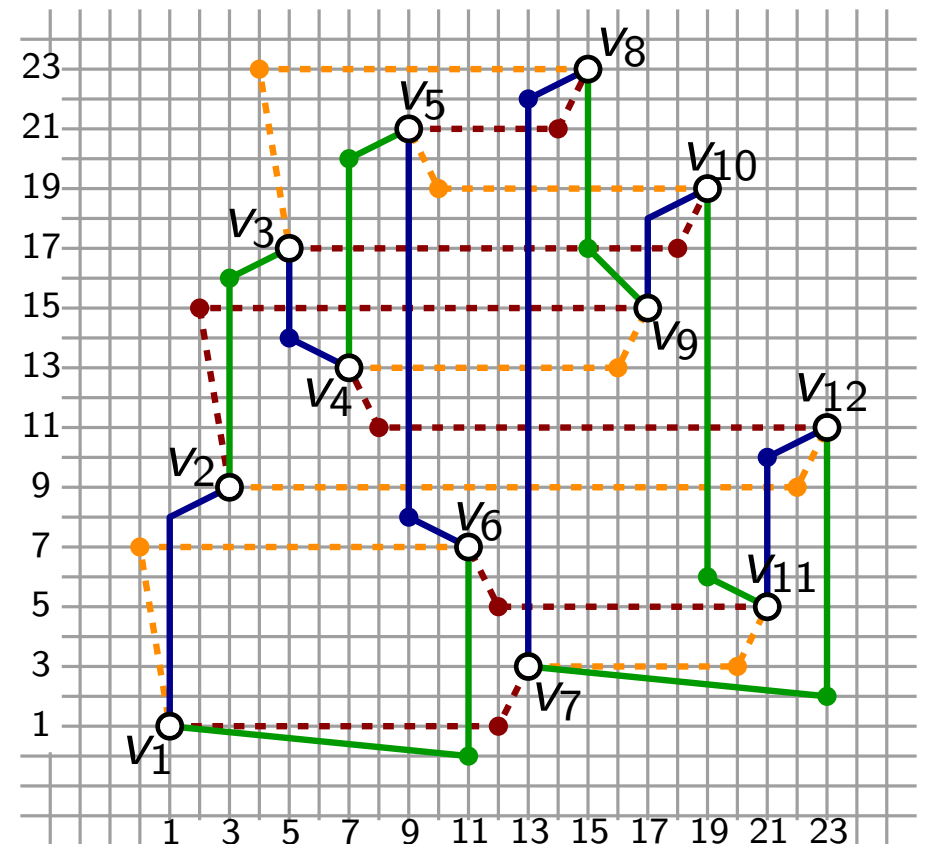
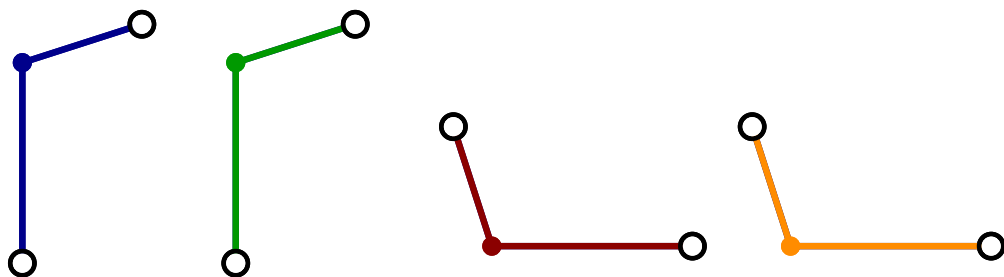
Four Matchings



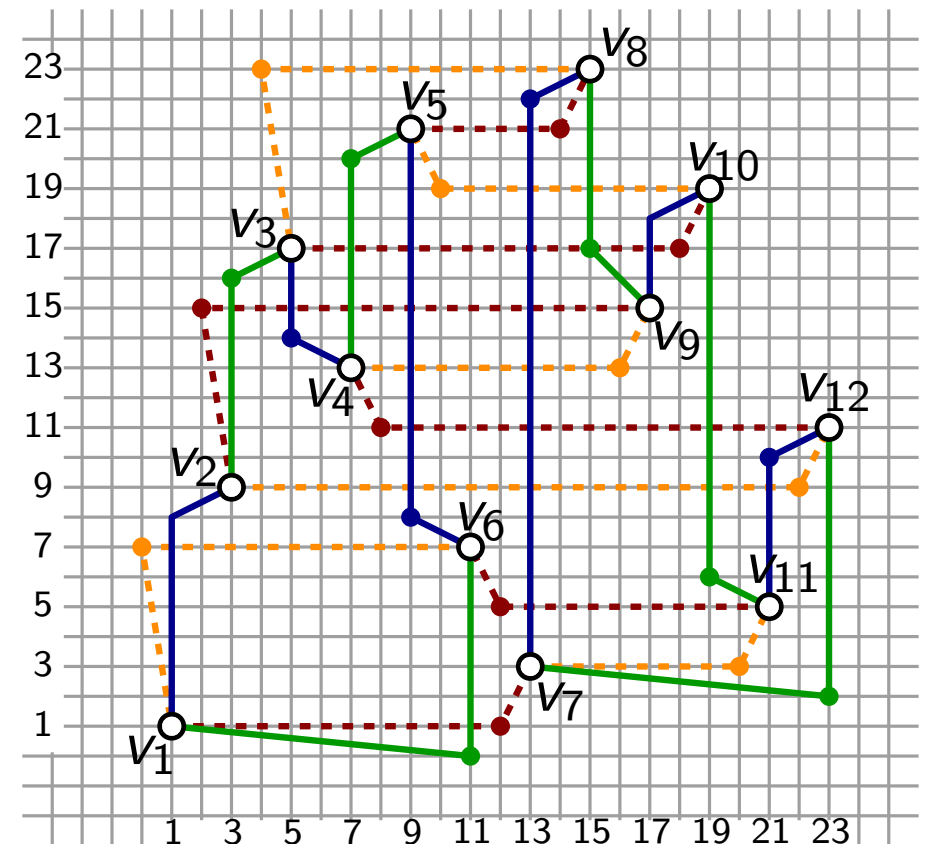
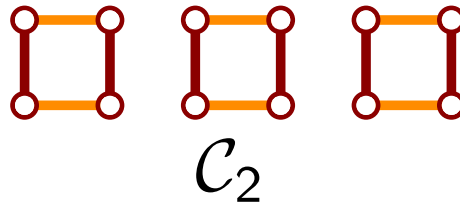
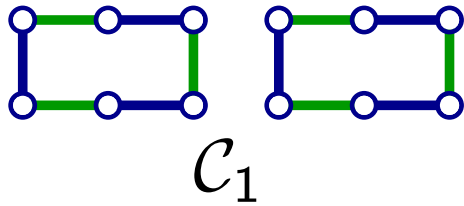
Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_1$
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in $\mathcal{C}_2$
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v

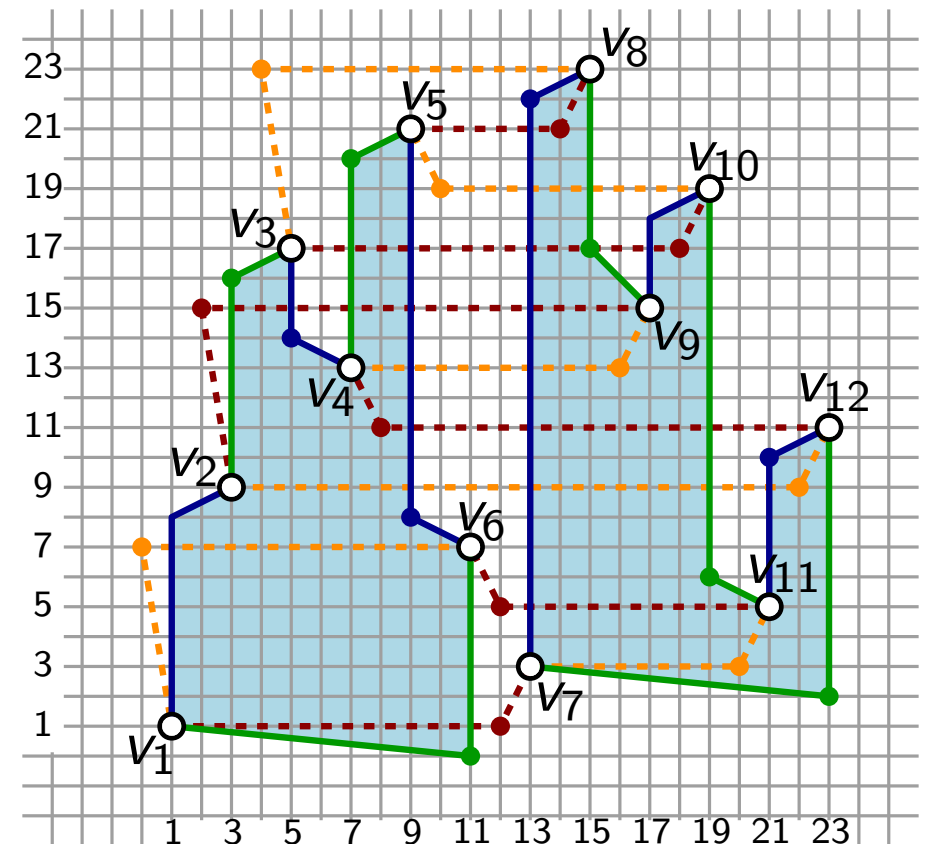
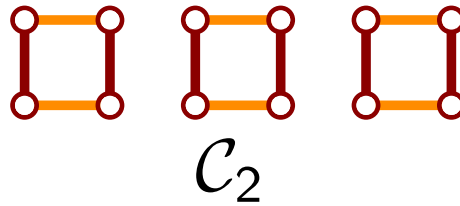
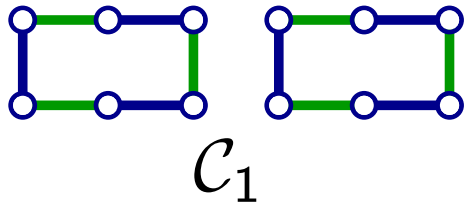
Edges:



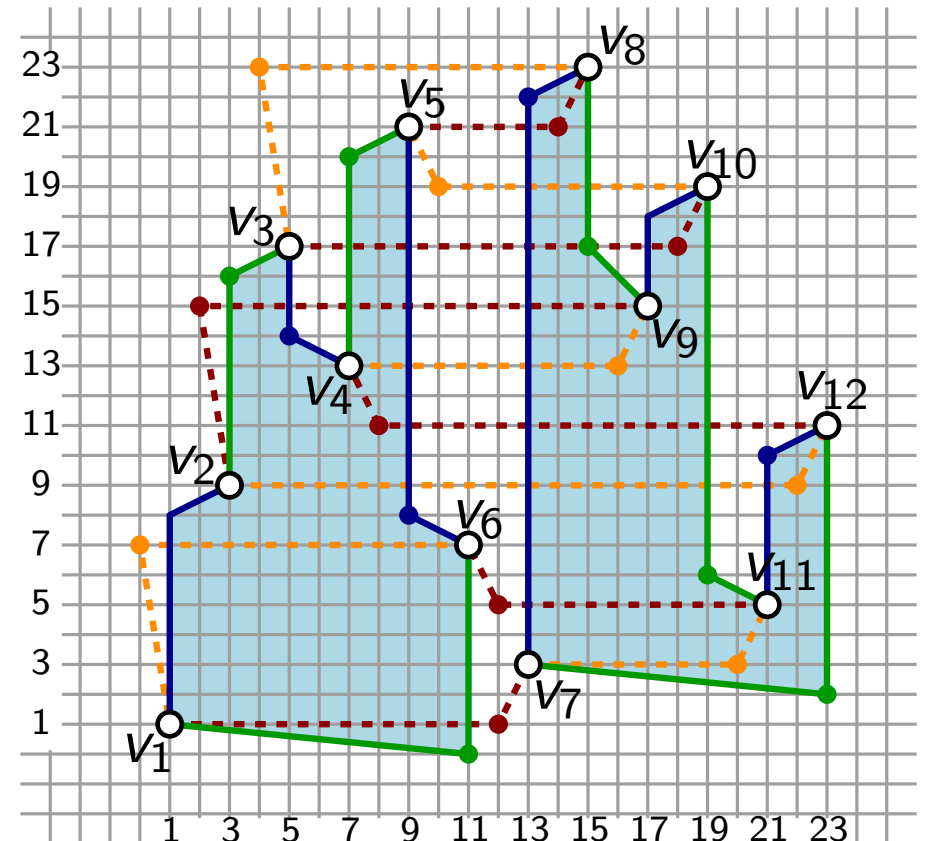
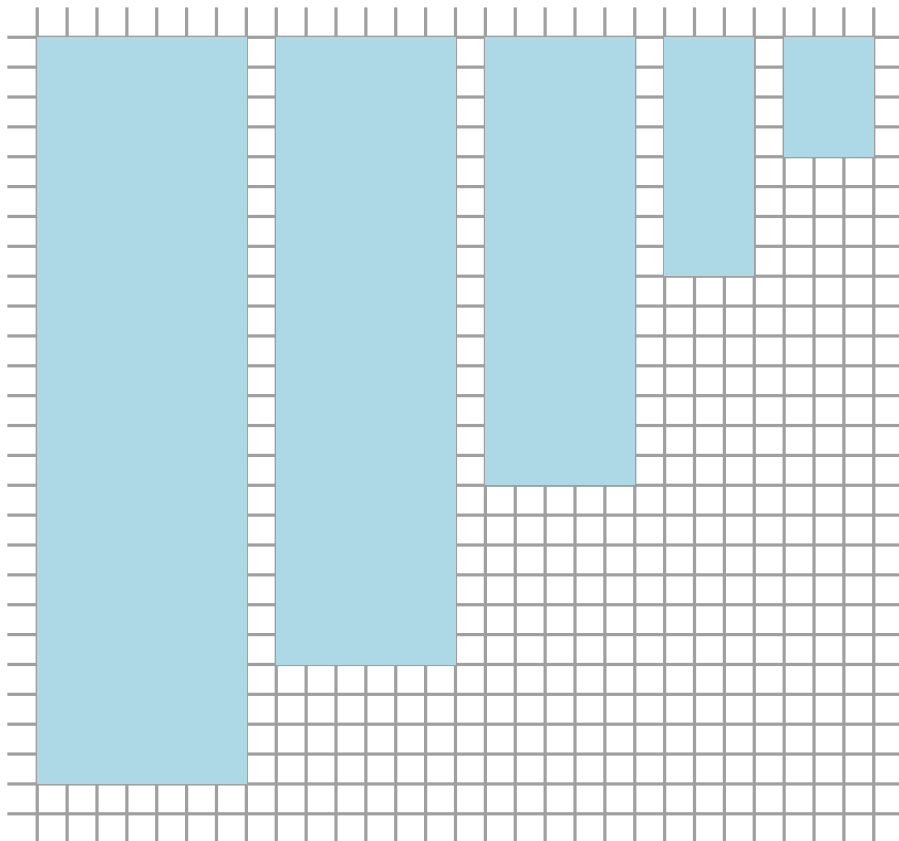
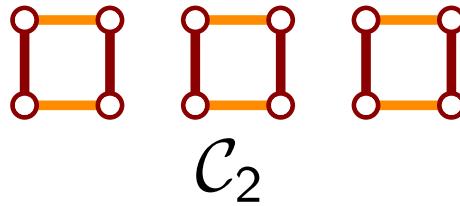
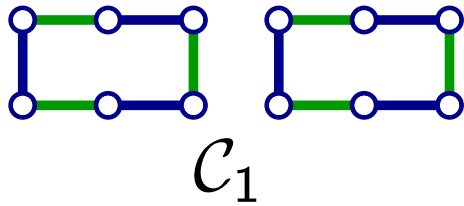
Four Matchings



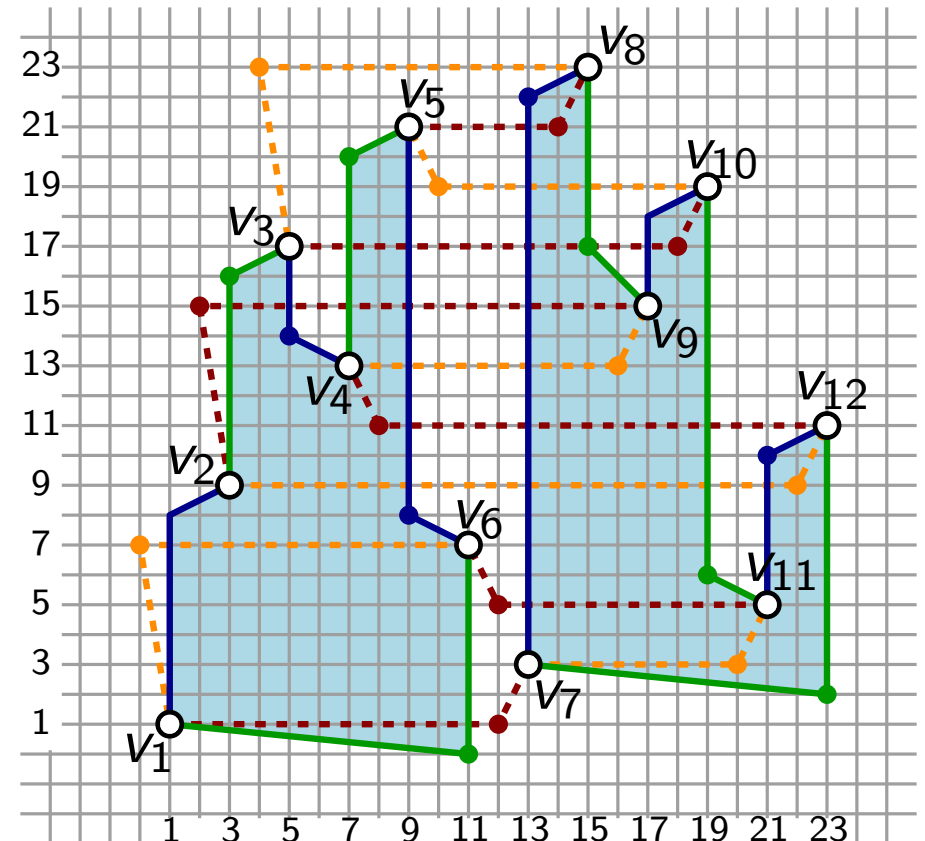
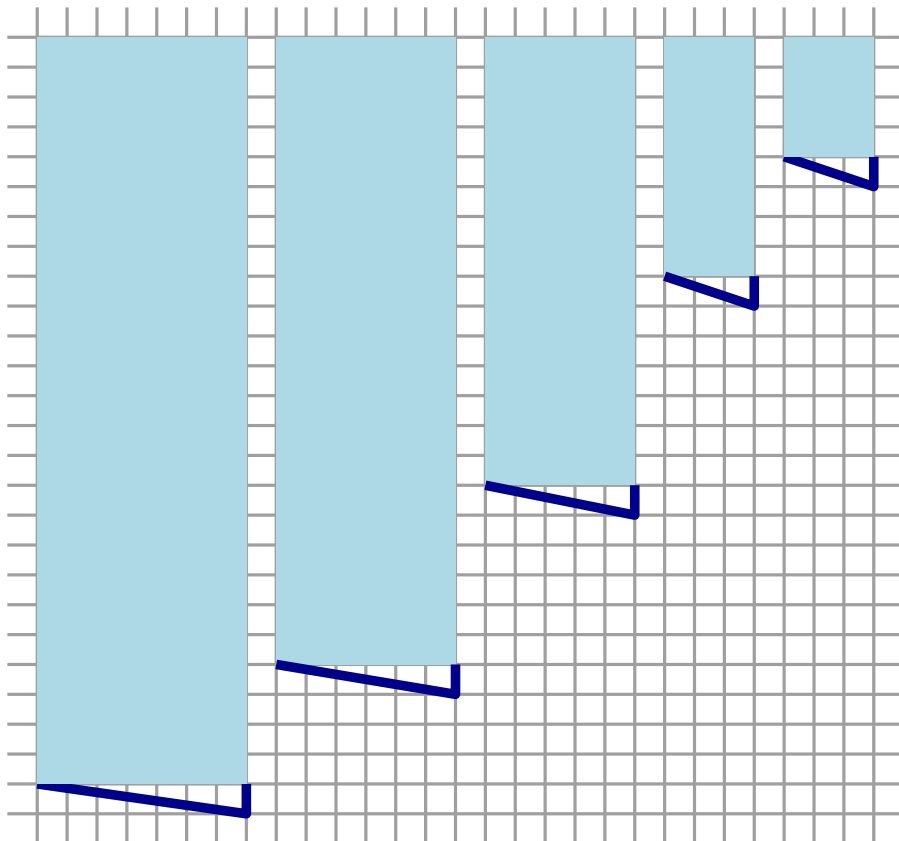
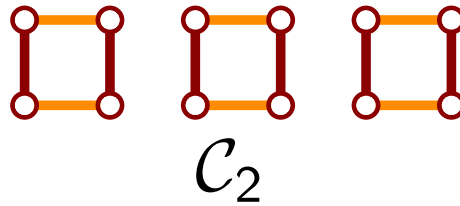
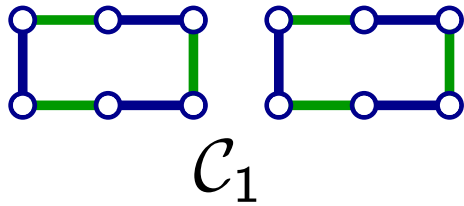
Four Matchings



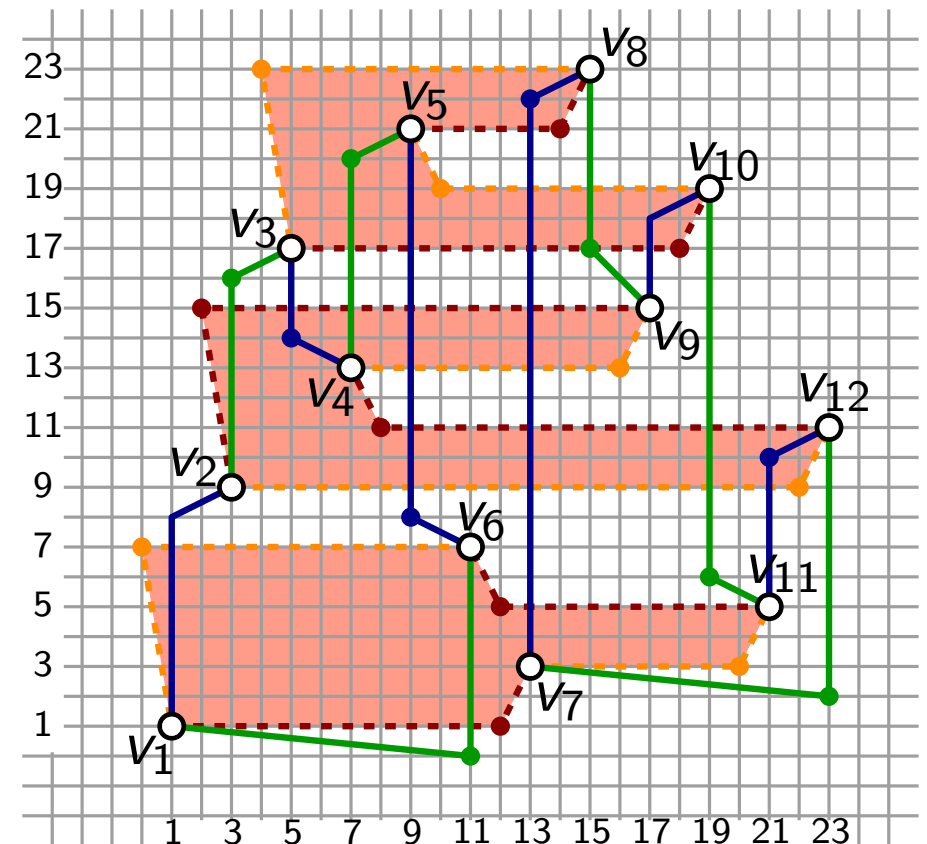
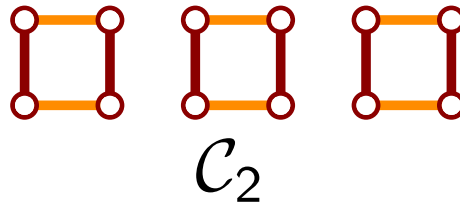
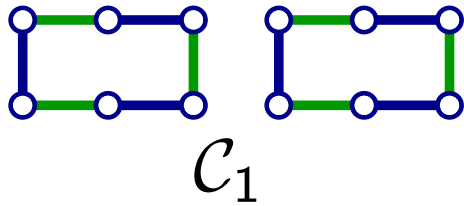
Four Matchings



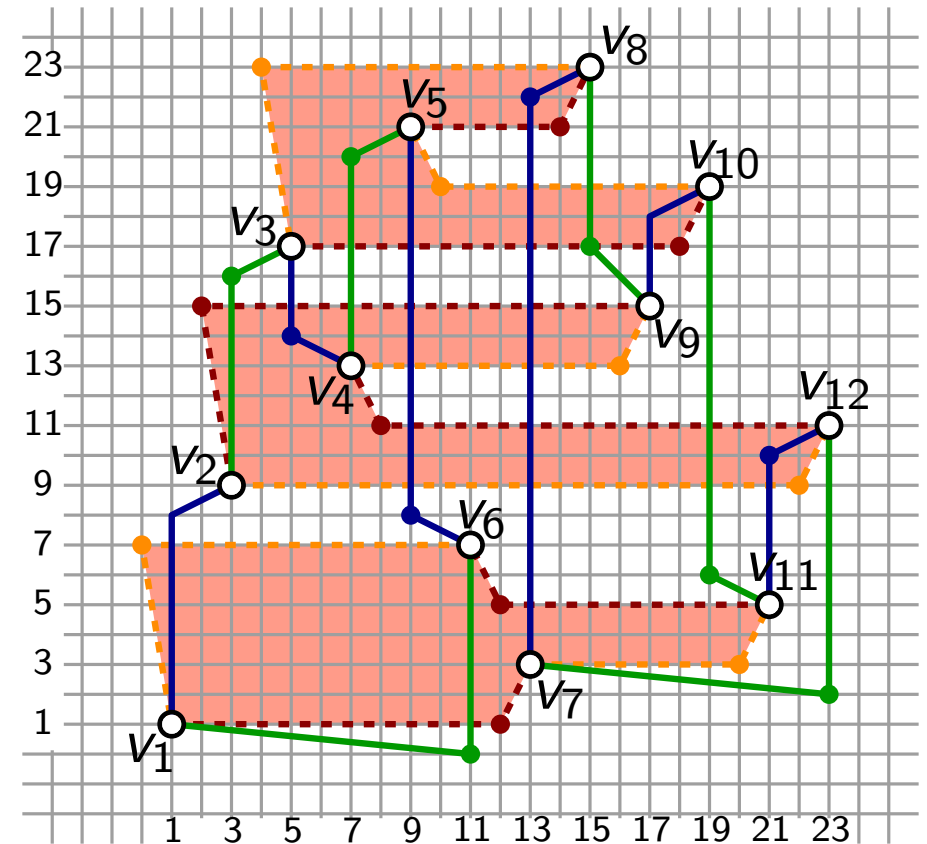
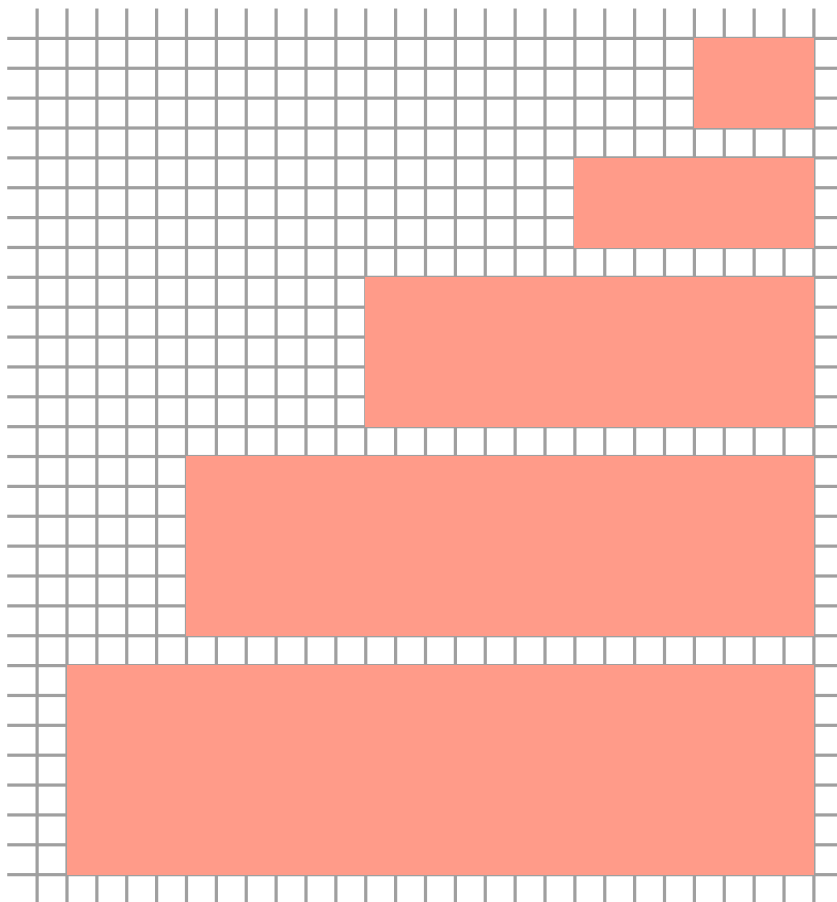
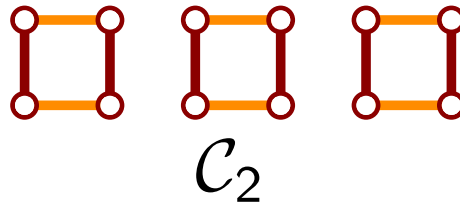
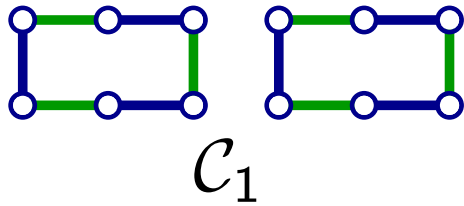
Four Matchings



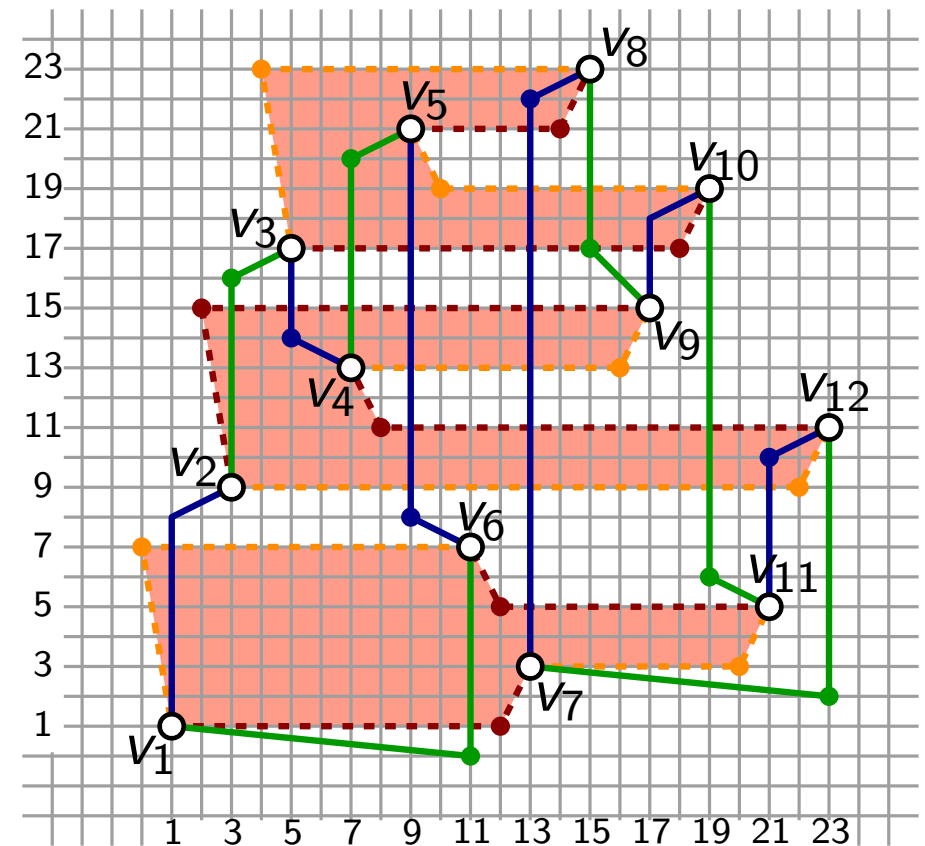
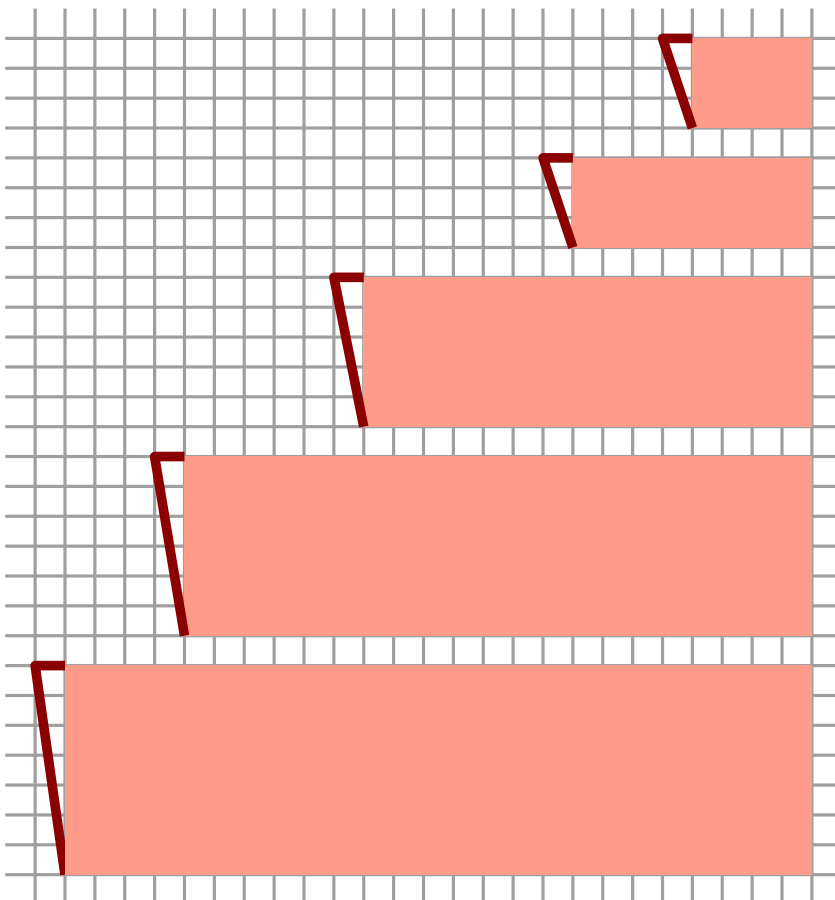
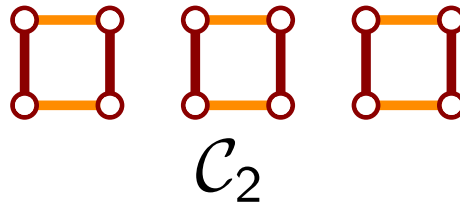
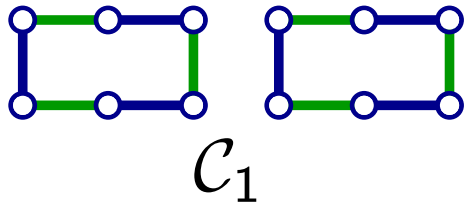
Four Matchings



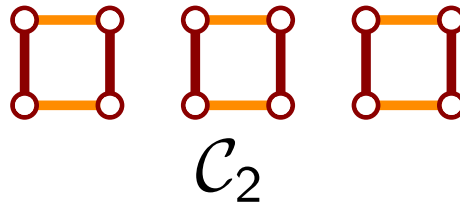
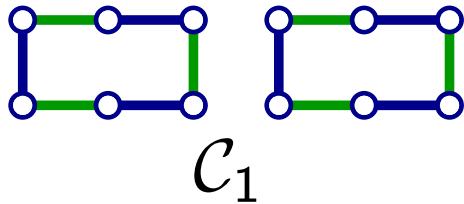
Four Matchings



Four Matchings



Four Matchings



Bends: 1×1

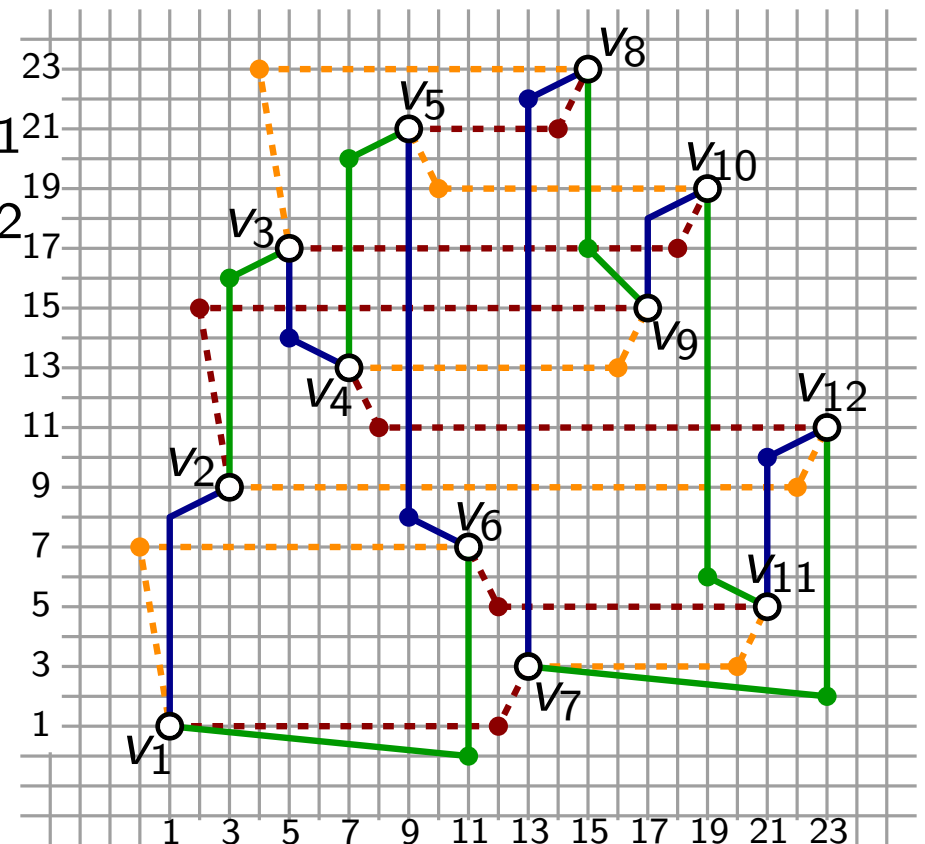
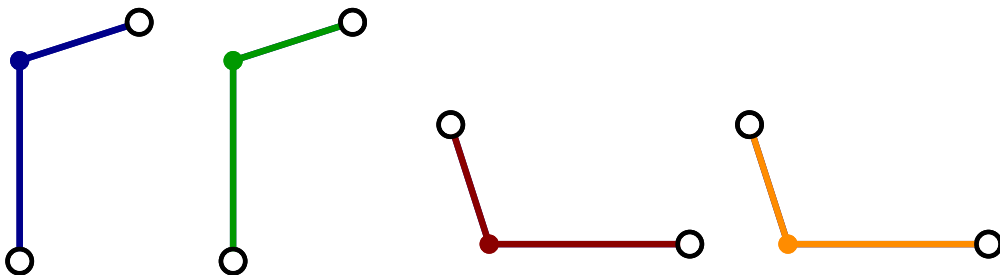
Grid size:

$2n \times 2n$

Placement algorithm:

- Pick v_1 , place it
- Assign x -coords. to cycle in C_1
- Assign y -coords. to cycle in C_2
- Pick v with 1 assigned coord.
- Place v

Edges:



Overview

Graph classes			Number of bends
Cycle	×	Cycle	1×1
Caterpillar	×	Cycle	1×1
Four Matchings			$1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1$
Tree	×	Matching	1×0
Wheel	×	Matching	2×0
Outerpath	×	Matching	2×1
Outerplanar	×	Outerplanar	3×3
2-page book emb.	×	2-page book emb.	4×4
Planar	×	Planar	6×6



Tree $\times$ Matching

Idea: ● Matching as horizontal line, Tree with 1 bend

Tree $\times$ Matching

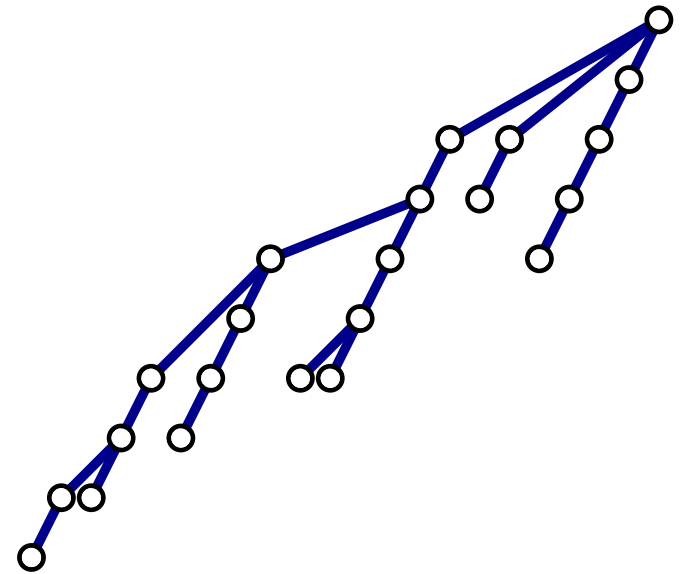
- Idea:
- Matching as horizontal line, Tree with 1 bend
 - Place Matching edges inductively $\Rightarrow$ y -coord.

Tree $\times$ Matching

- Idea:
- Matching as horizontal line, Tree with 1 bend
 - Place Matching edges inductively $\Rightarrow$ y -coord.
 - Use post-order on Tree $\Rightarrow$ x -coord.

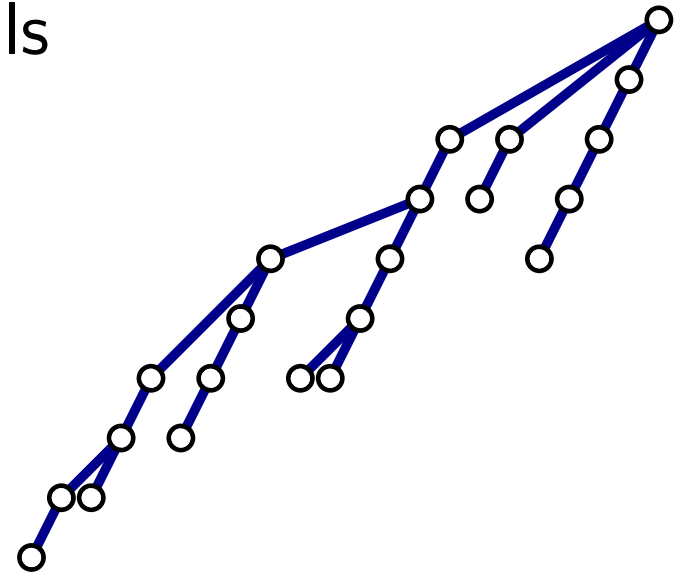
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Idea:
- Matching as horizontal line, Tree with 1 bend
 - Place Matching edges inductively $\Rightarrow$ y-coord.
 - Use post-order on Tree $\Rightarrow$ x-coord.



Tree $\times$ Matching

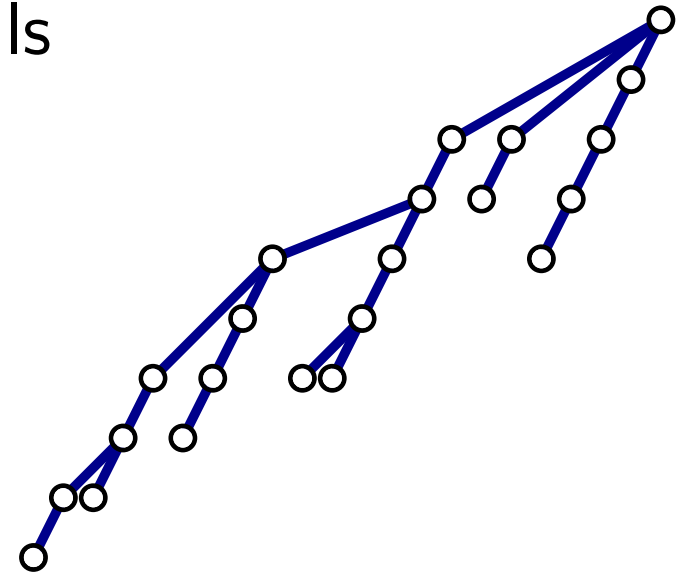
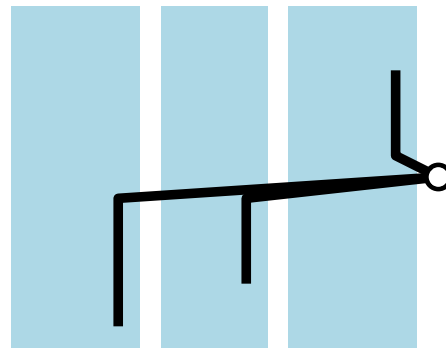
- Idea:
- Matching as horizontal line, Tree with 1 bend
 - Place Matching edges inductively $\Rightarrow$ y -coord.
 - Use post-order on Tree $\Rightarrow$ x -coord.
 - $\Rightarrow$ Subtrees in disjoint x -intervals



Tree $\times$ Matching

Idea:

- Matching as horizontal line, Tree with 1 bend
- Place Matching edges inductively $\Rightarrow$ y -coord.
- Use post-order on Tree $\Rightarrow$ x -coord.
- $\Rightarrow$ Subtrees in disjoint x -intervals

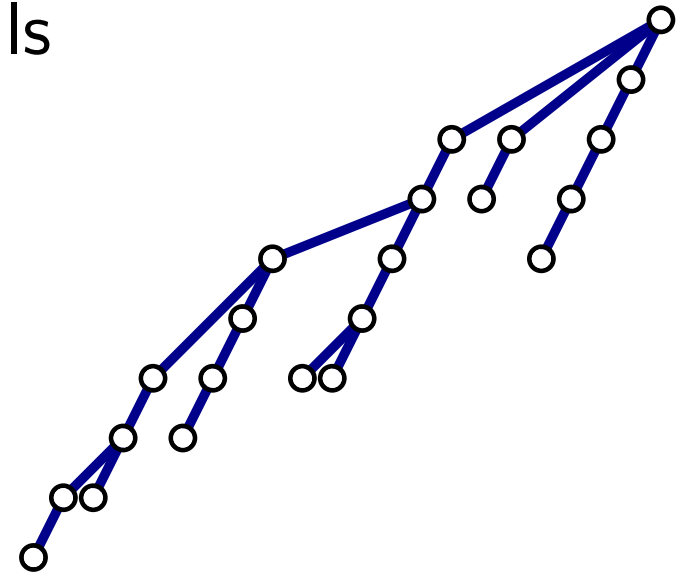
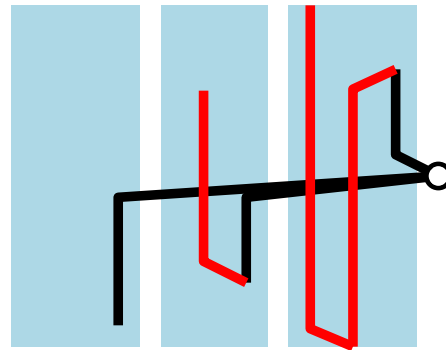


Tree $\times$ Matching

Idea:

- Matching as horizontal line, Tree with 1 bend
- Place Matching edges inductively $\Rightarrow$ y -coord.
- Use post-order on Tree $\Rightarrow$ x -coord.
- $\Rightarrow$ Subtrees in disjoint x -intervals

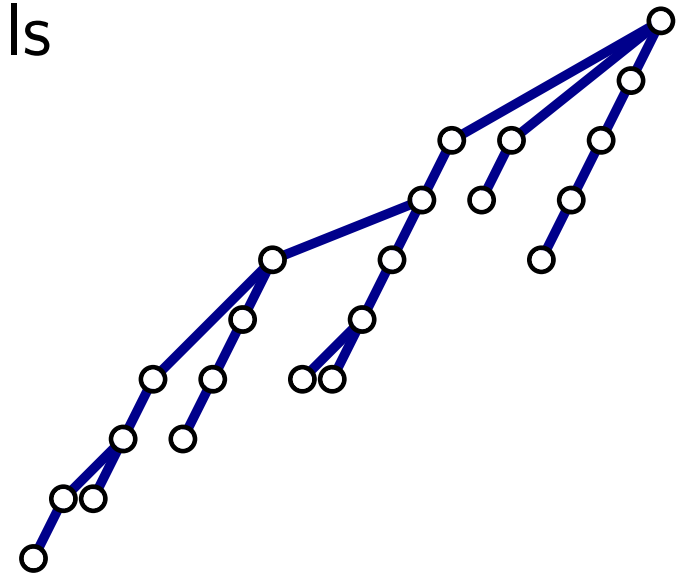
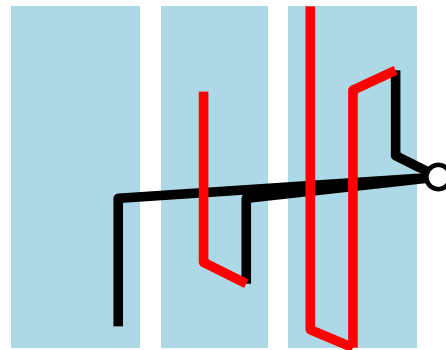
Problem:



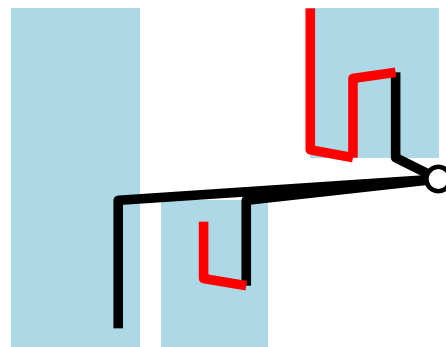
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Idea:
- Matching as horizontal line, Tree with 1 bend
 - Place Matching edges inductively $\Rightarrow$ y-coord.
 - Use post-order on Tree $\Rightarrow$ x-coord.
 - $\Rightarrow$ Subtrees in disjoint x-intervals

Problem:



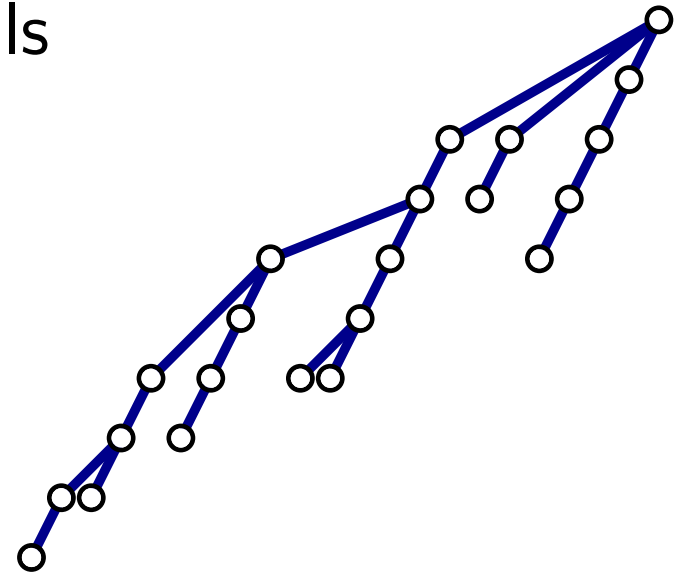
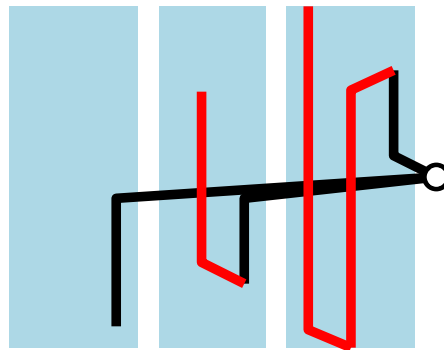
Solution:



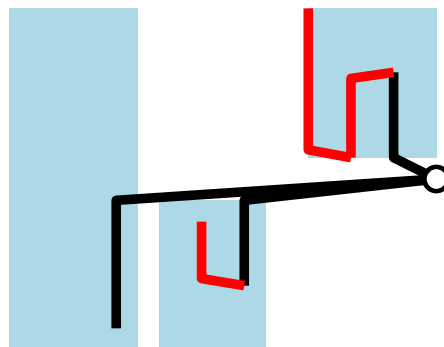
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Idea:
- Matching as horizontal line, Tree with 1 bend
 - Place Matching edges inductively $\Rightarrow$ y-coord.
 - Use post-order on Tree $\Rightarrow$ x-coord.
 - $\Rightarrow$ Subtrees in disjoint x-intervals

Problem:



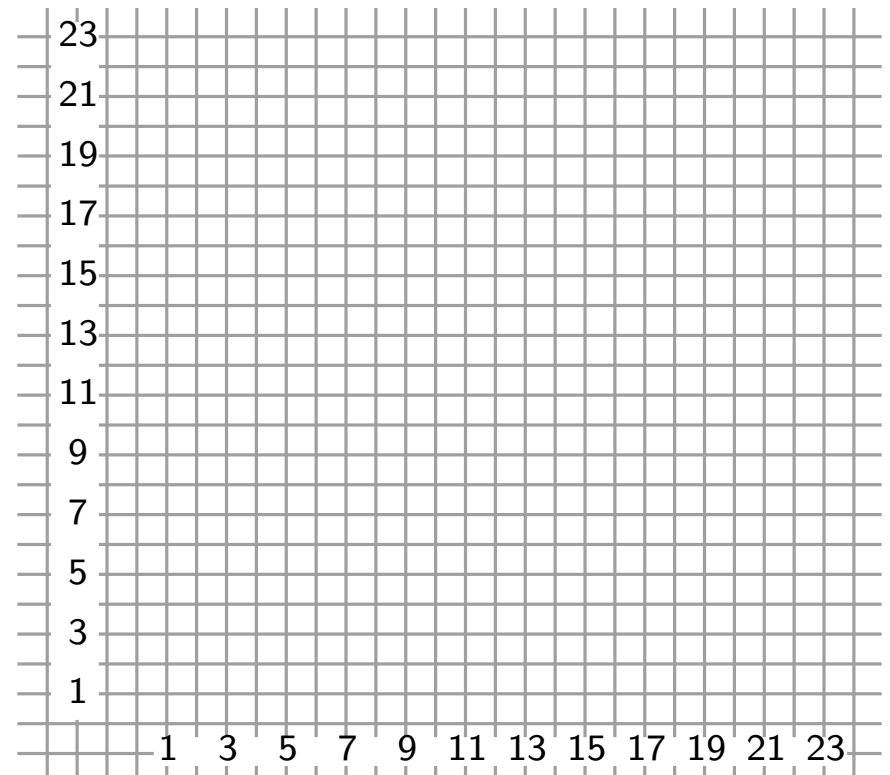
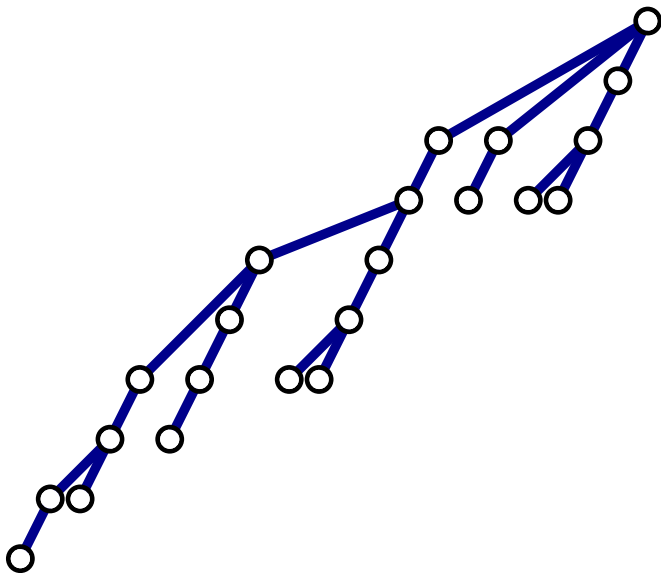
Solution:



All but one subtree
completely above or
completely below

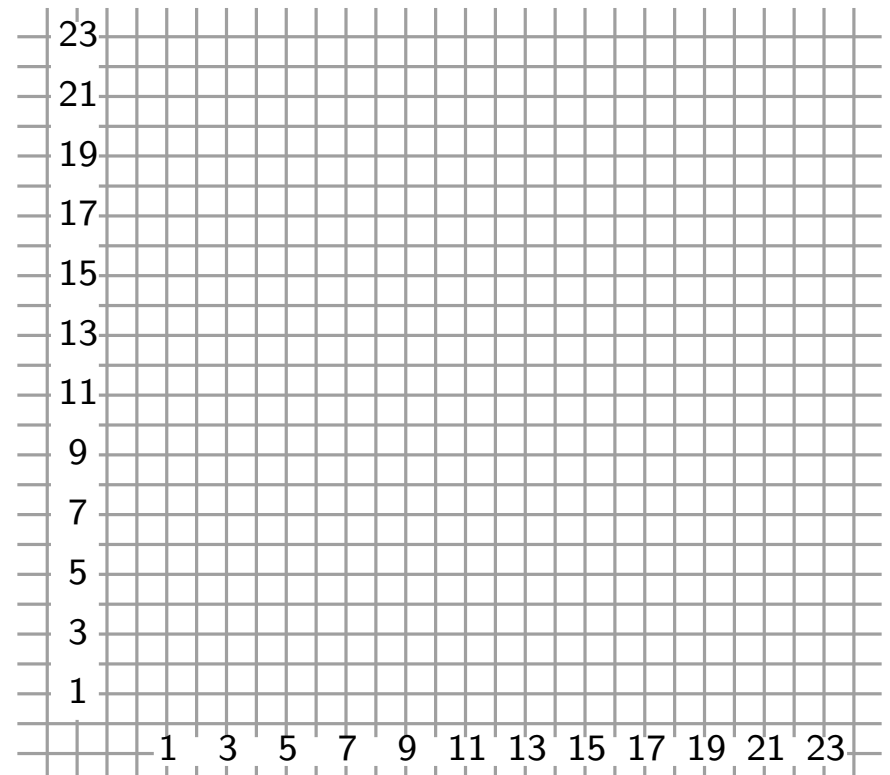
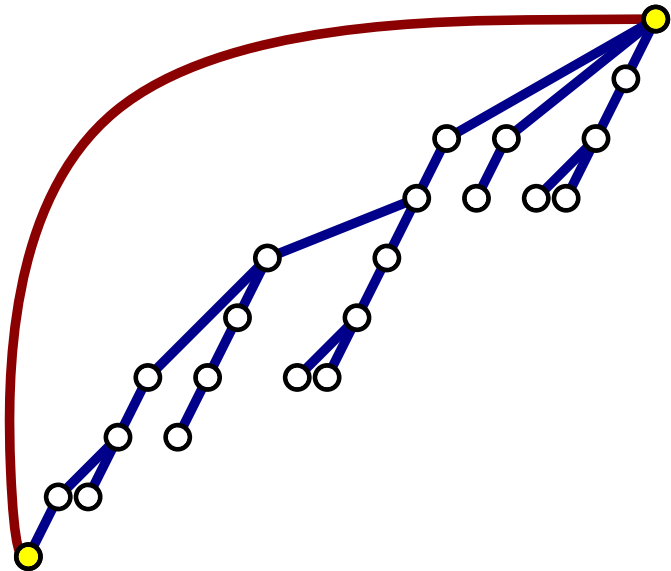
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top



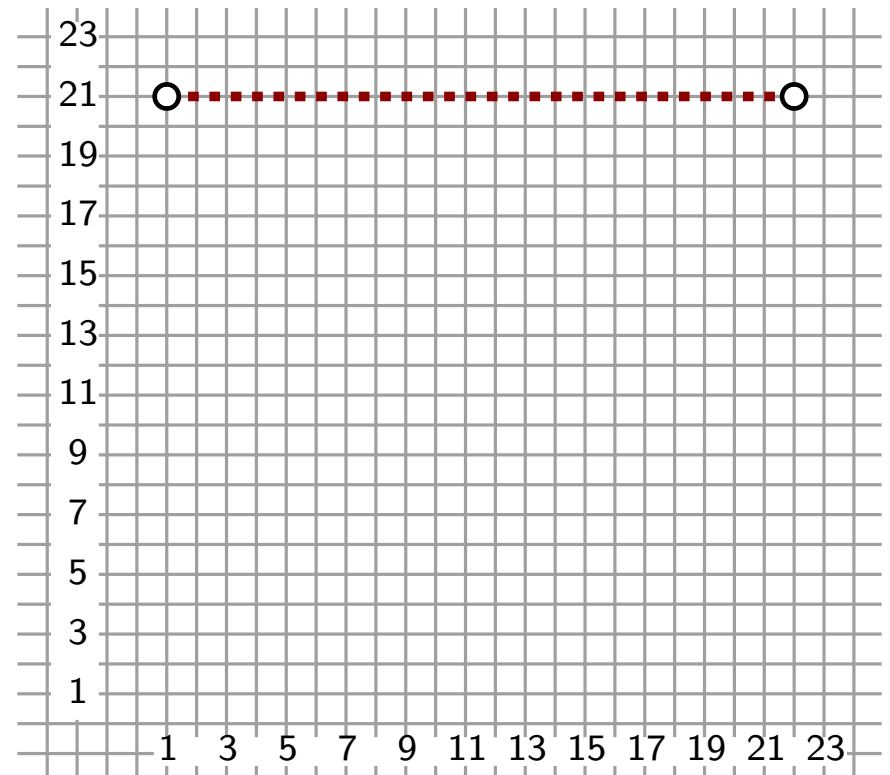
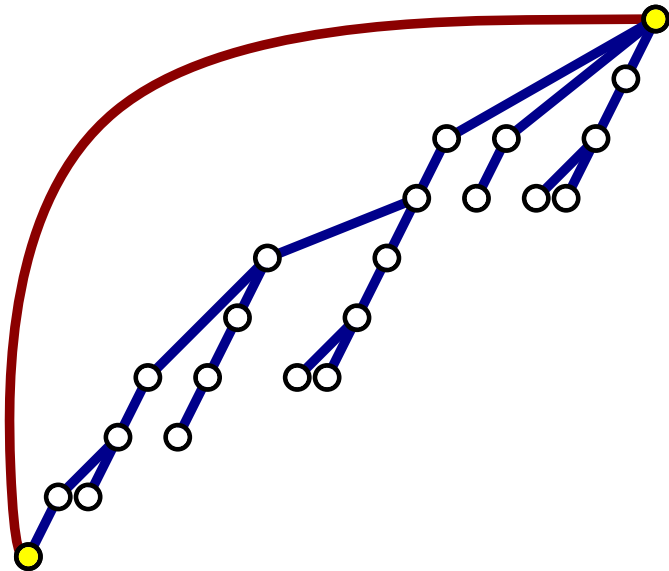
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top



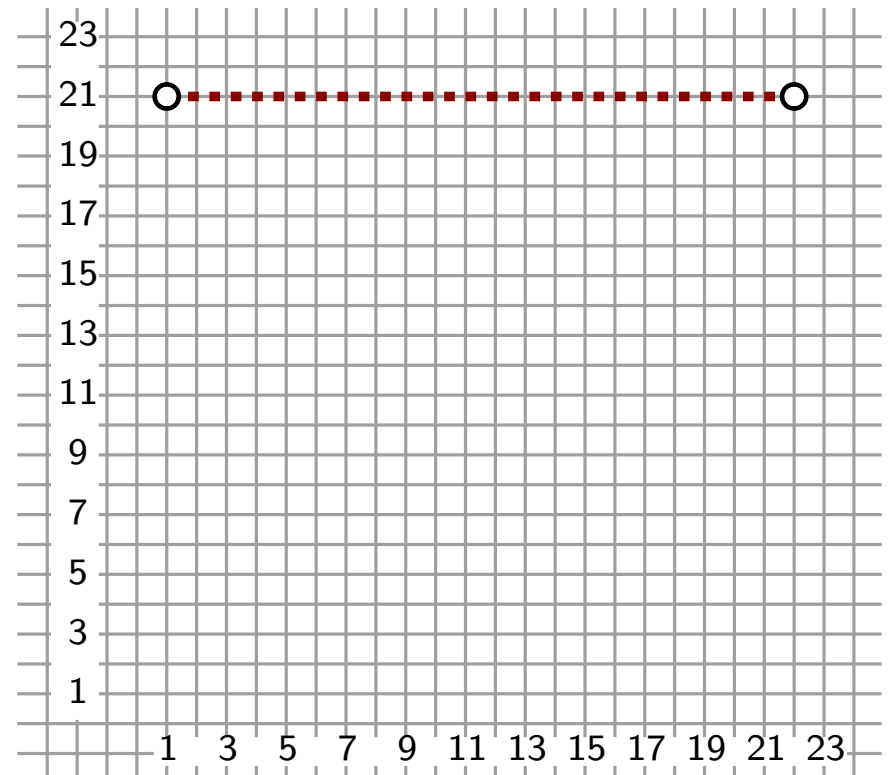
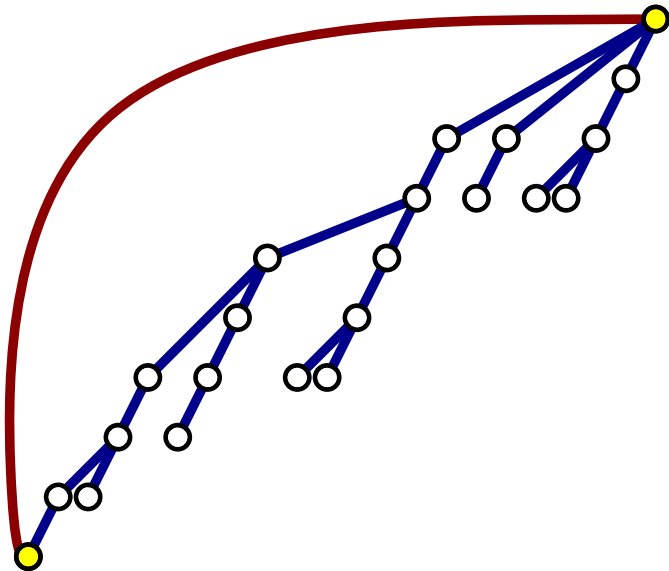
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top



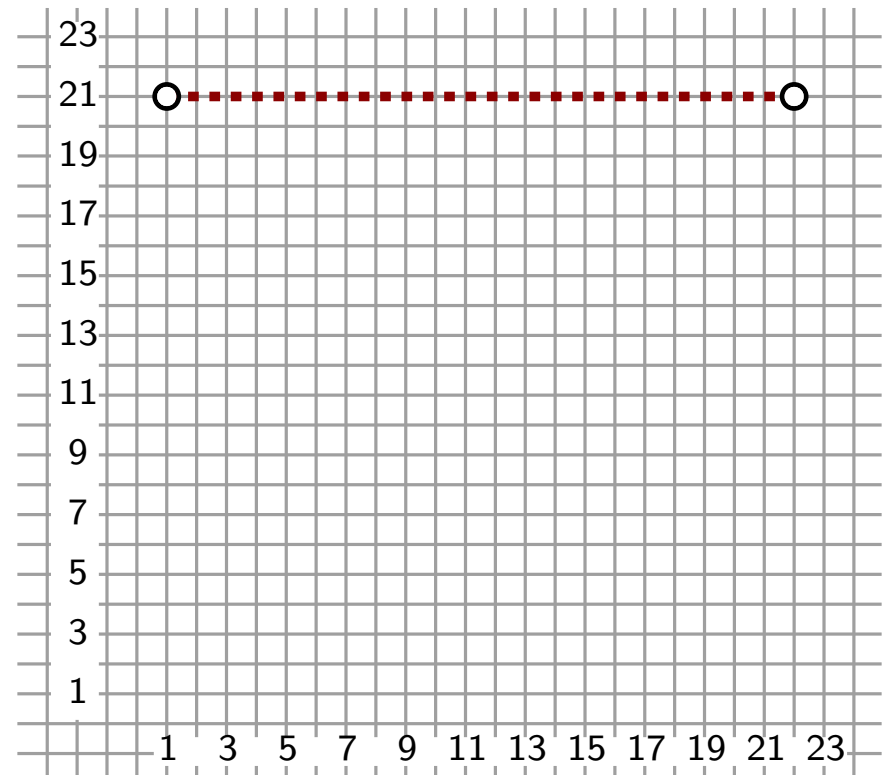
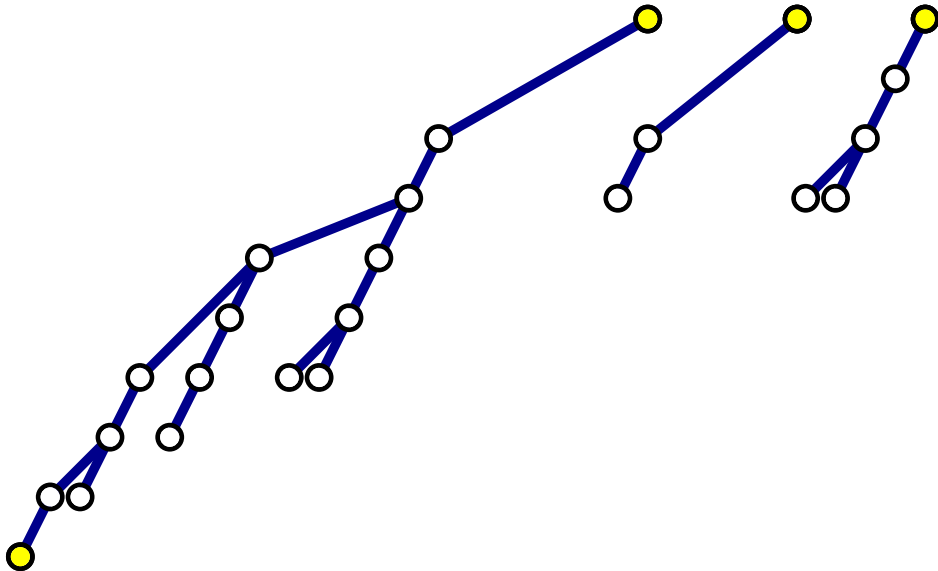
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
- Split the tree



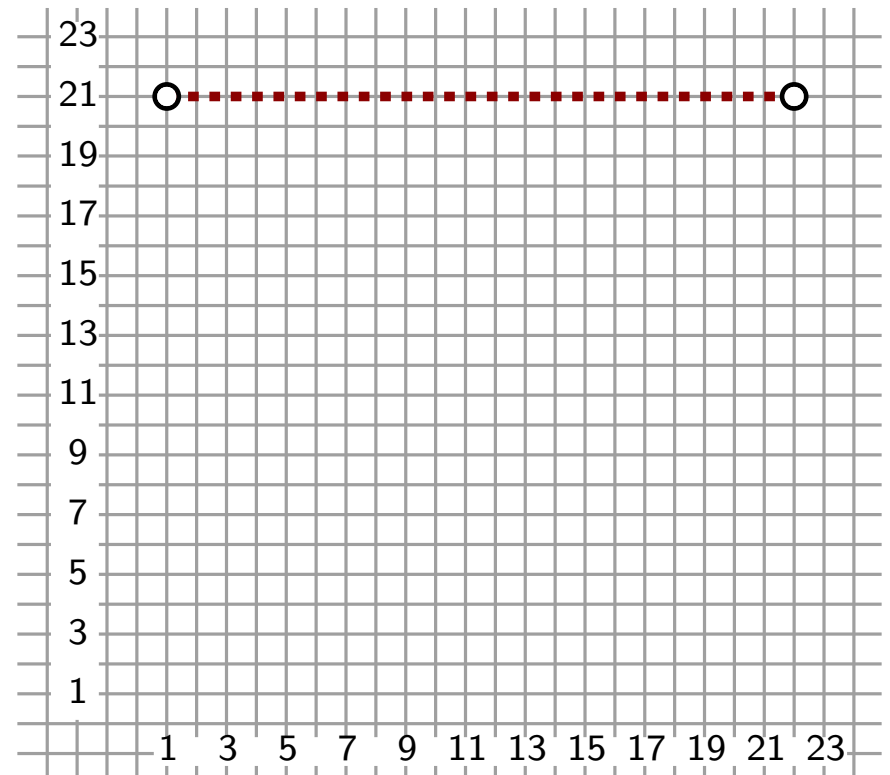
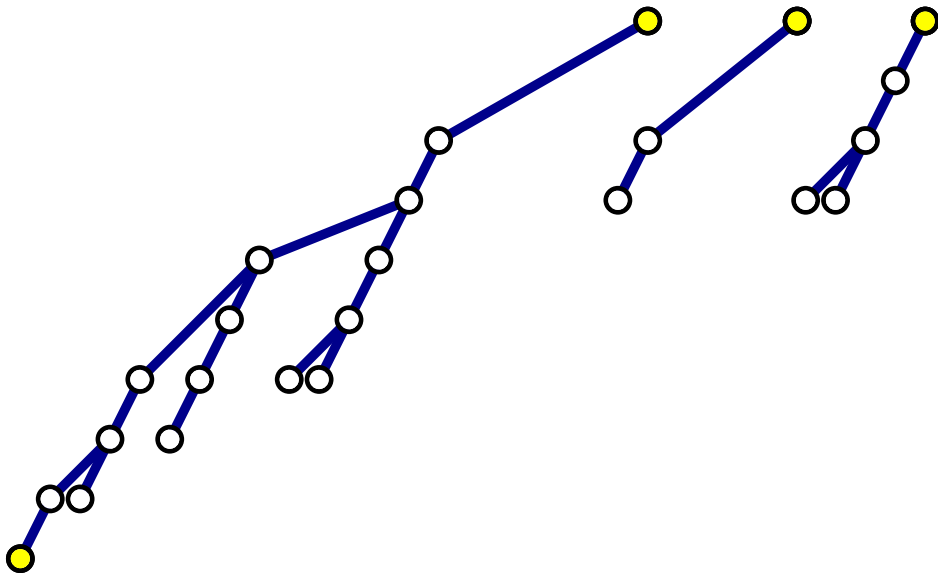
Tree $\times$ Matching

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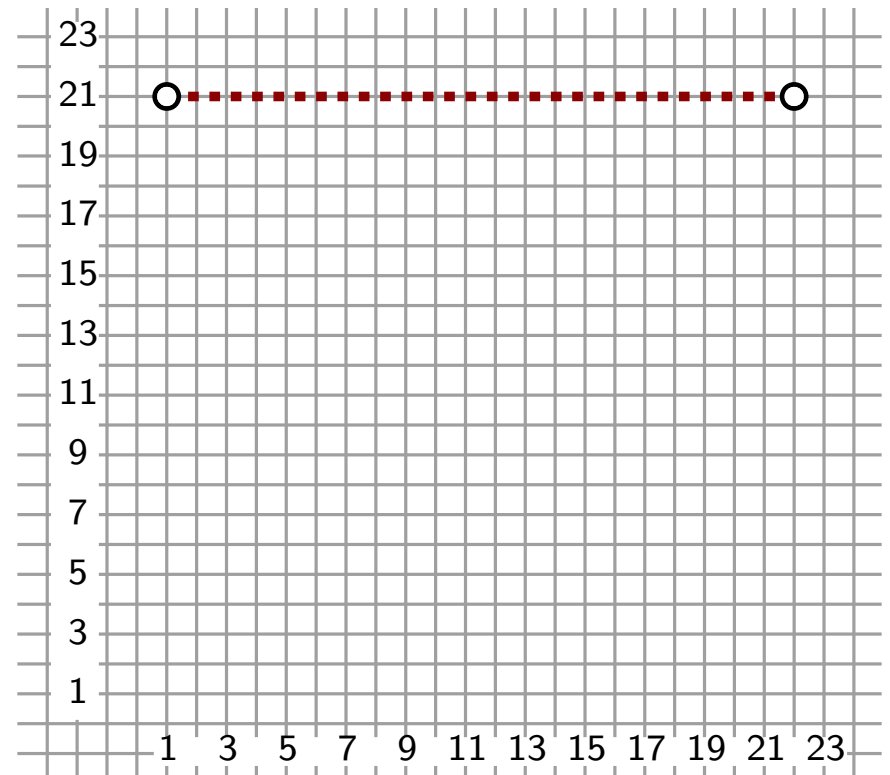
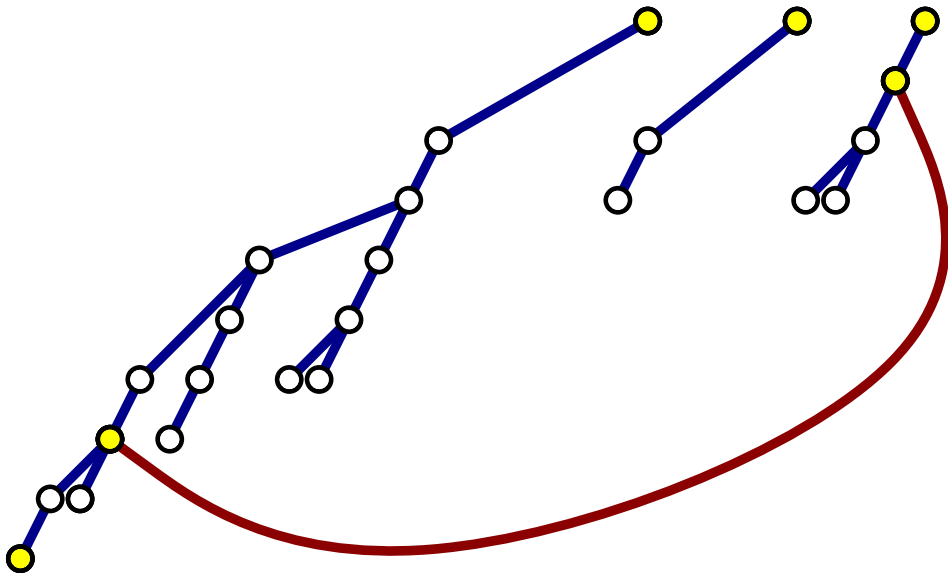
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
- Split the tree
- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top



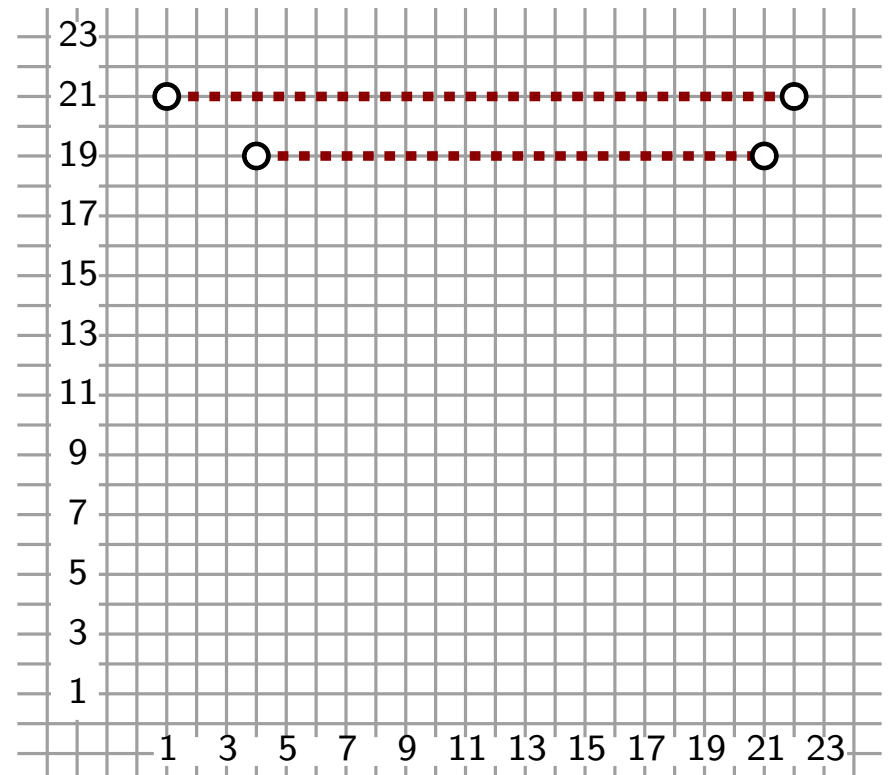
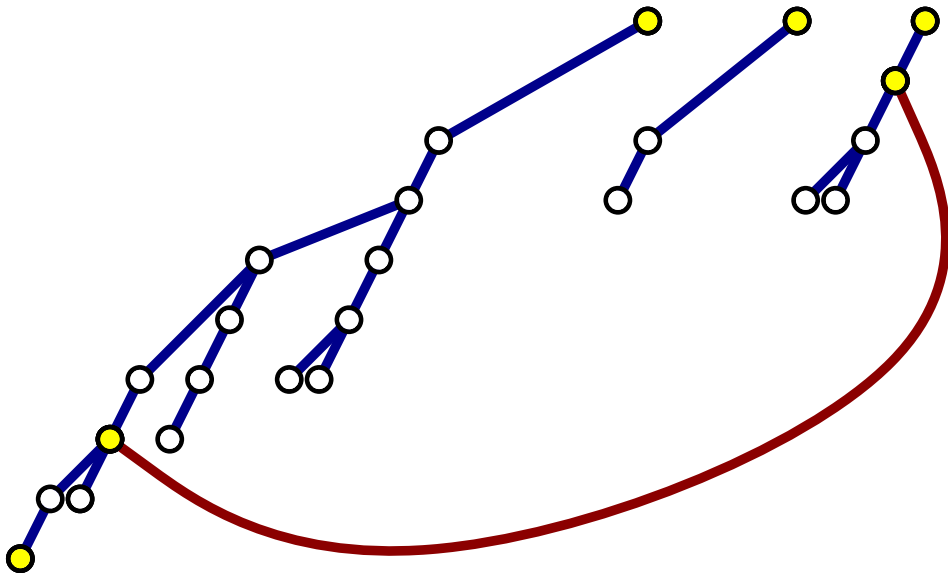
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
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- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top



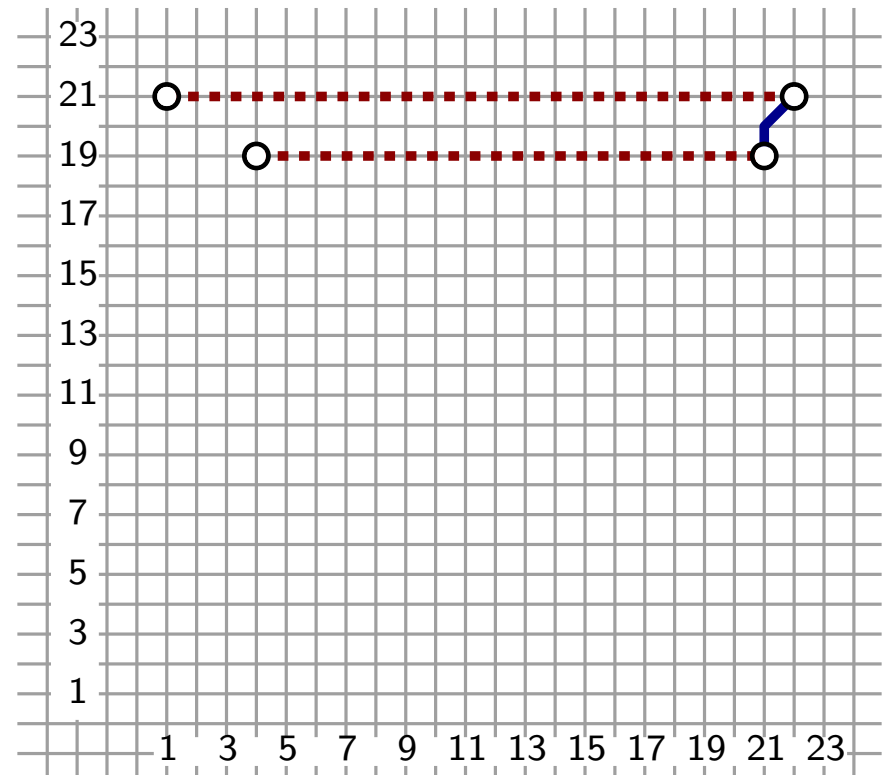
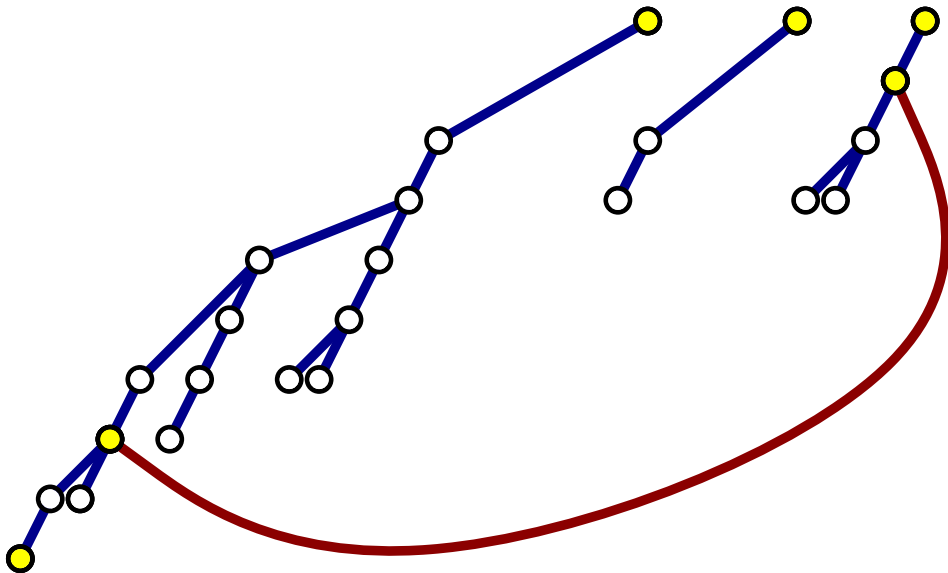
Tree $\times$ Matching

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Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
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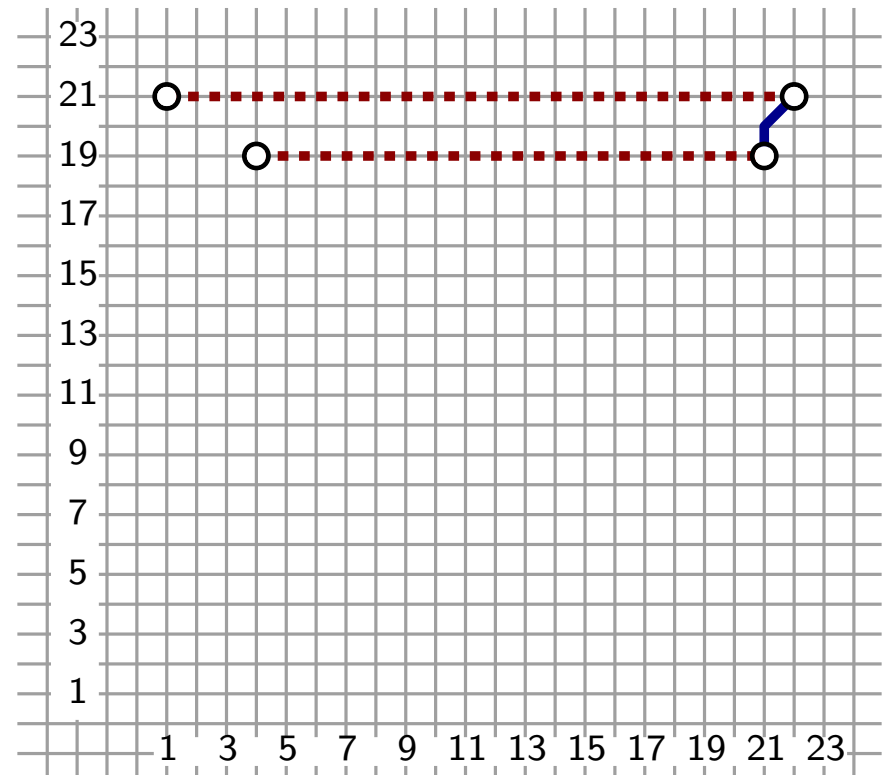
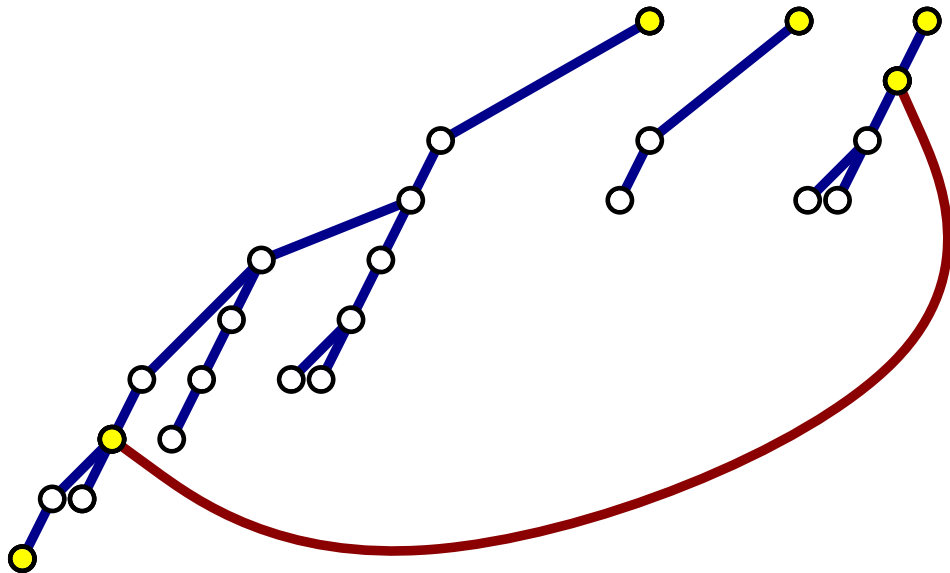


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top

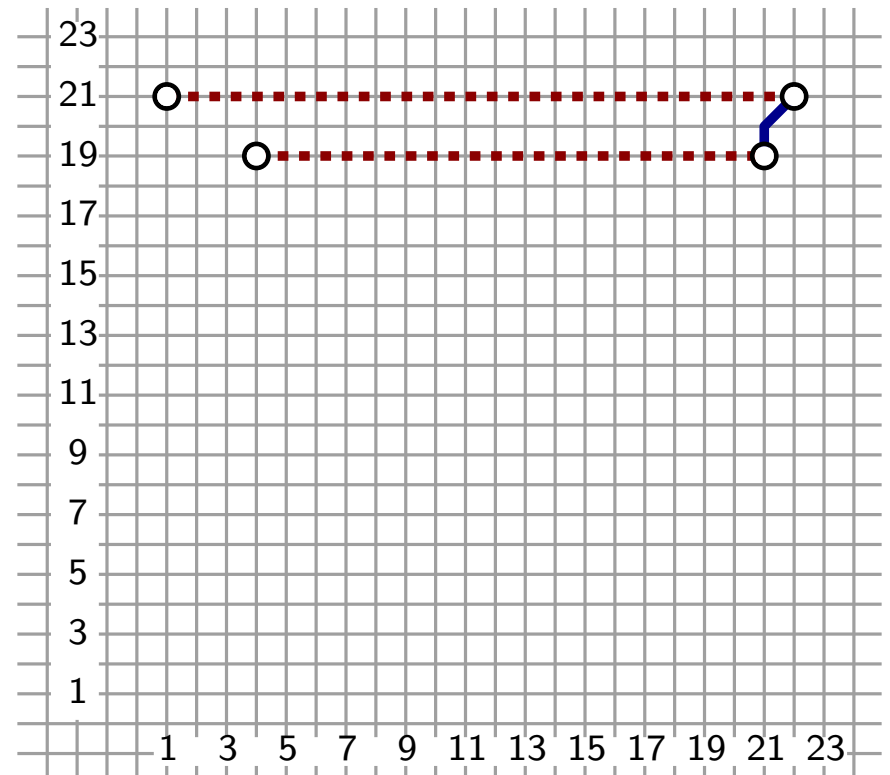
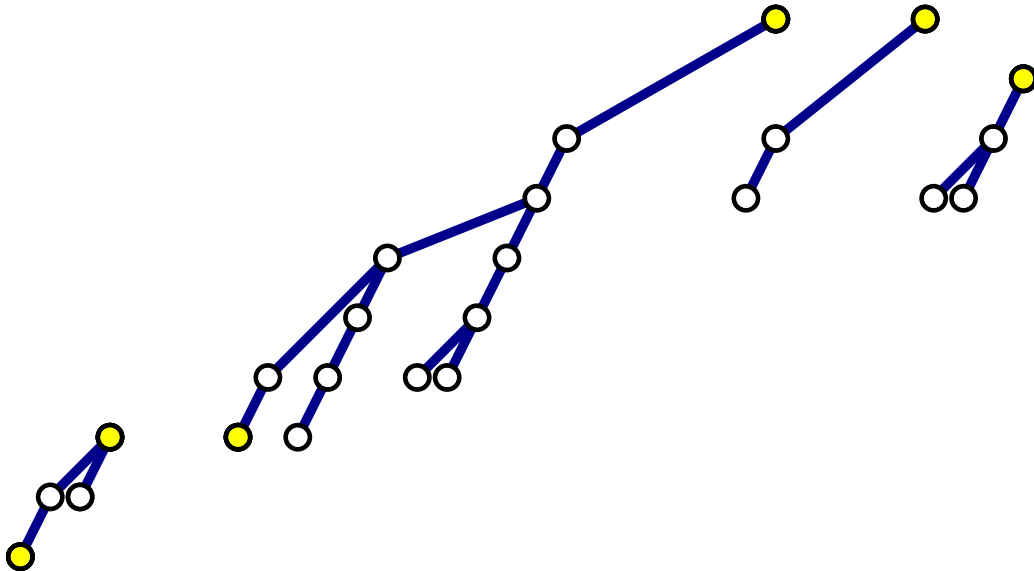


Tree $\times$ Matching

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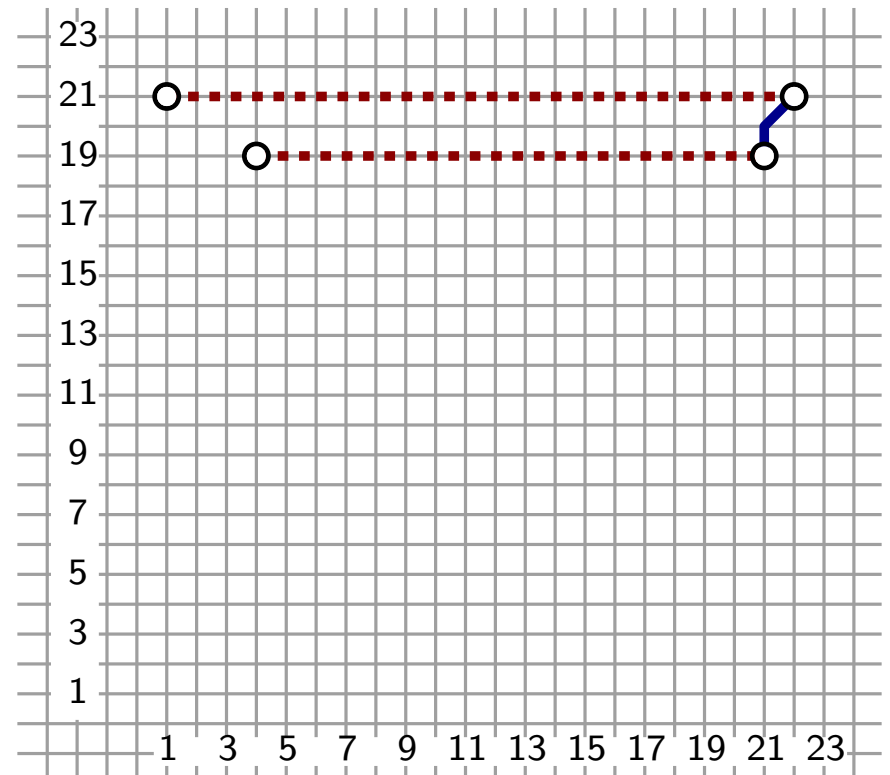
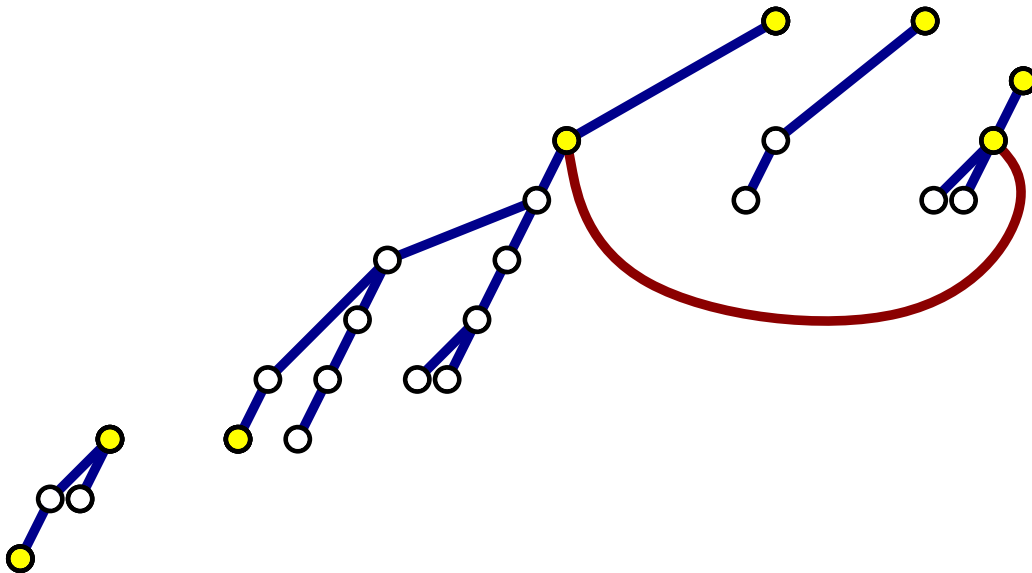


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top

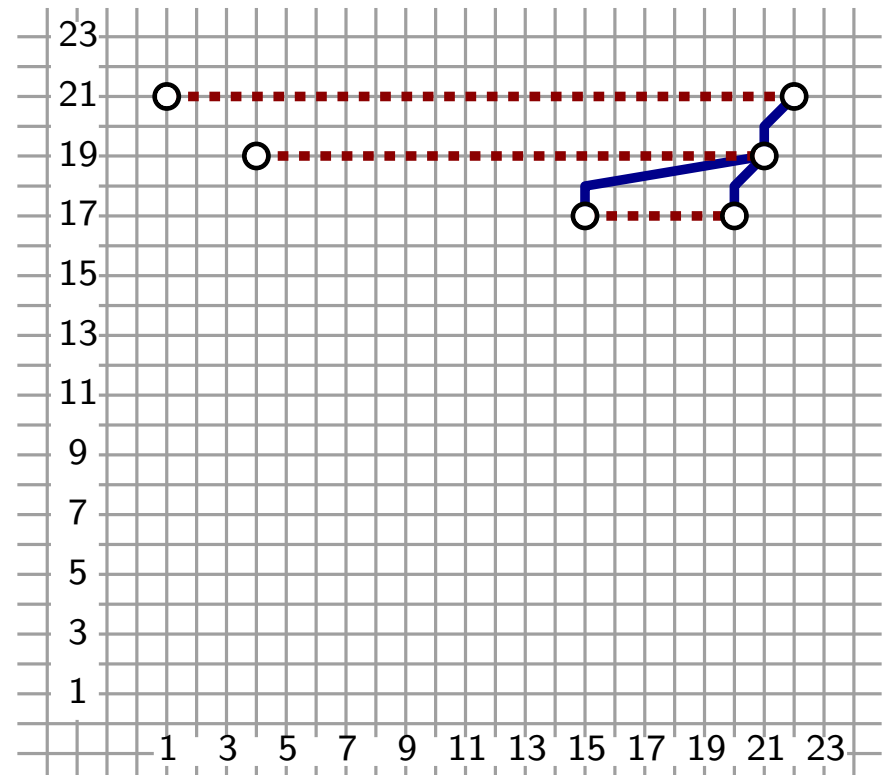
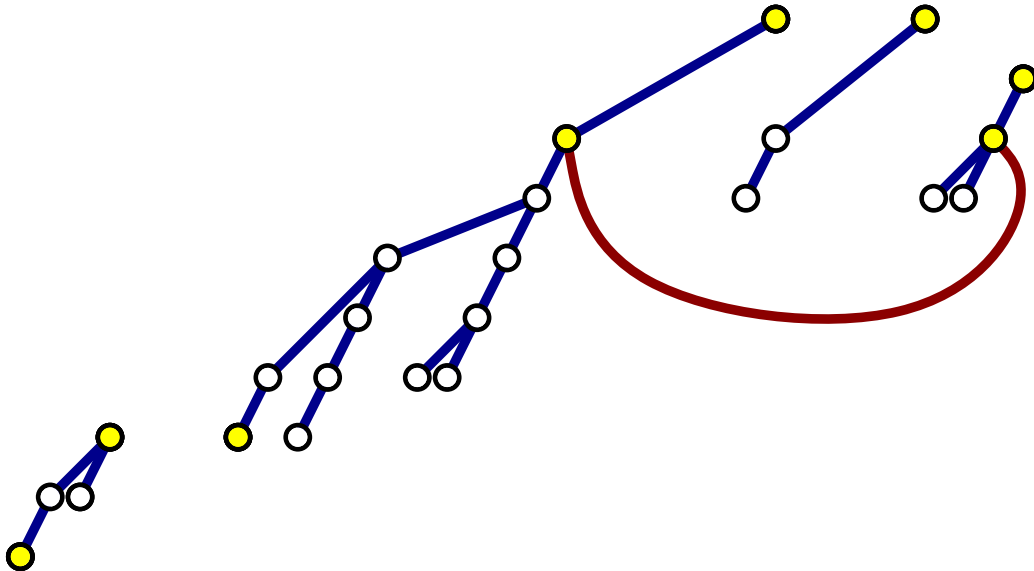


Tree $\times$ Matching

● Place root + matching at the top

● Split the tree

● Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top

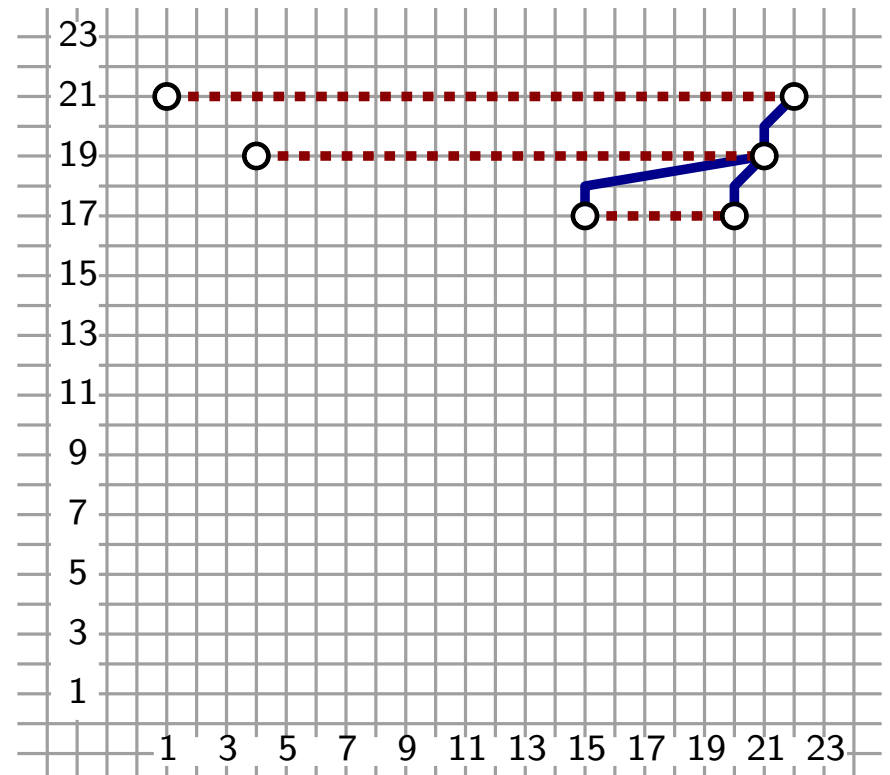
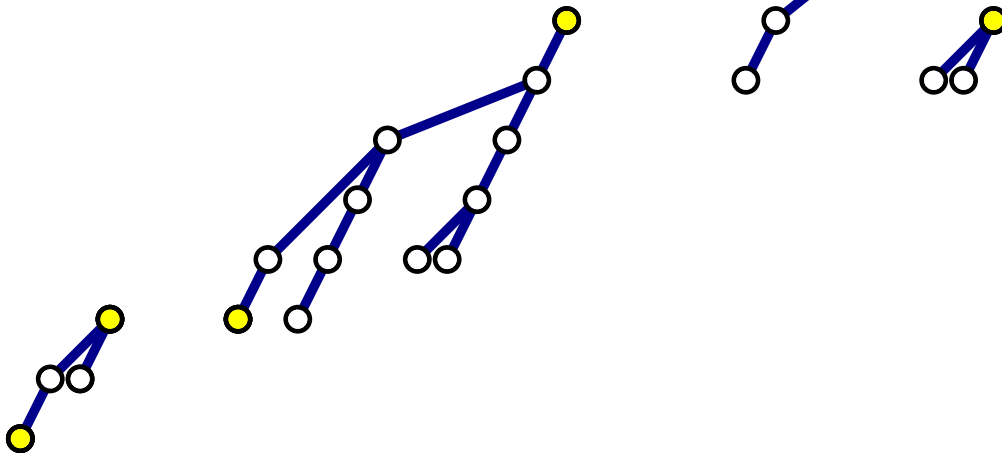


Tree $\times$ Matching

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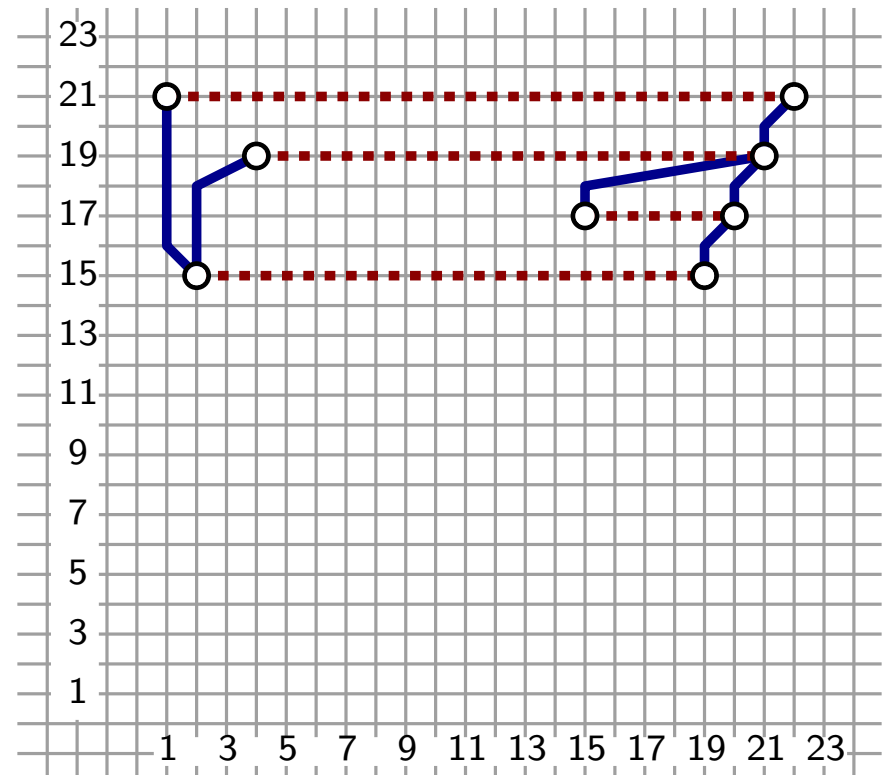
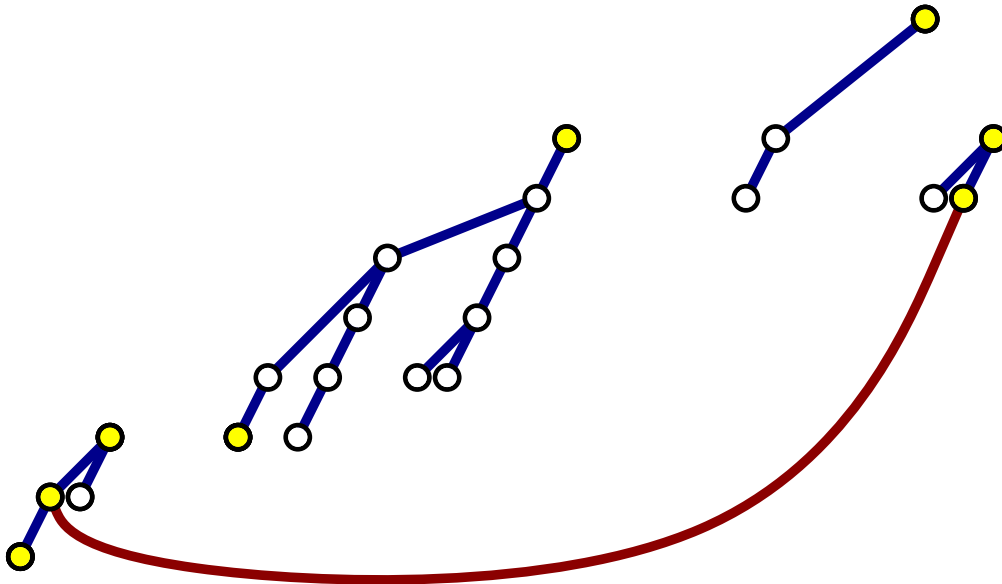


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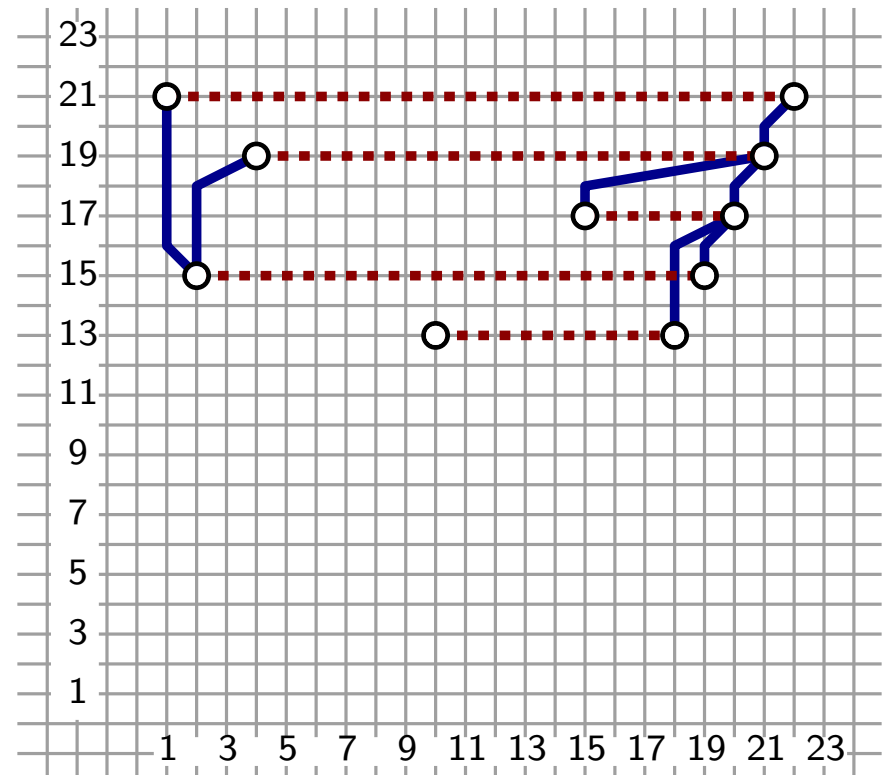
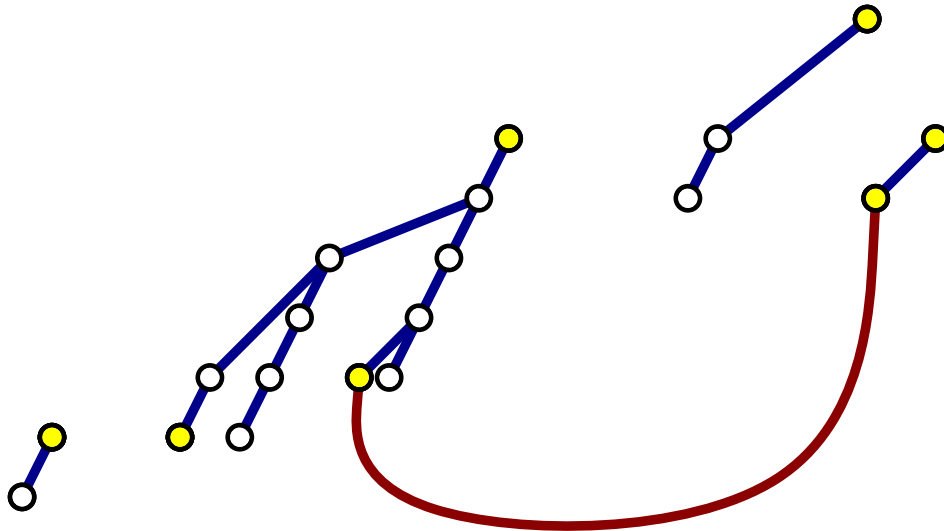


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

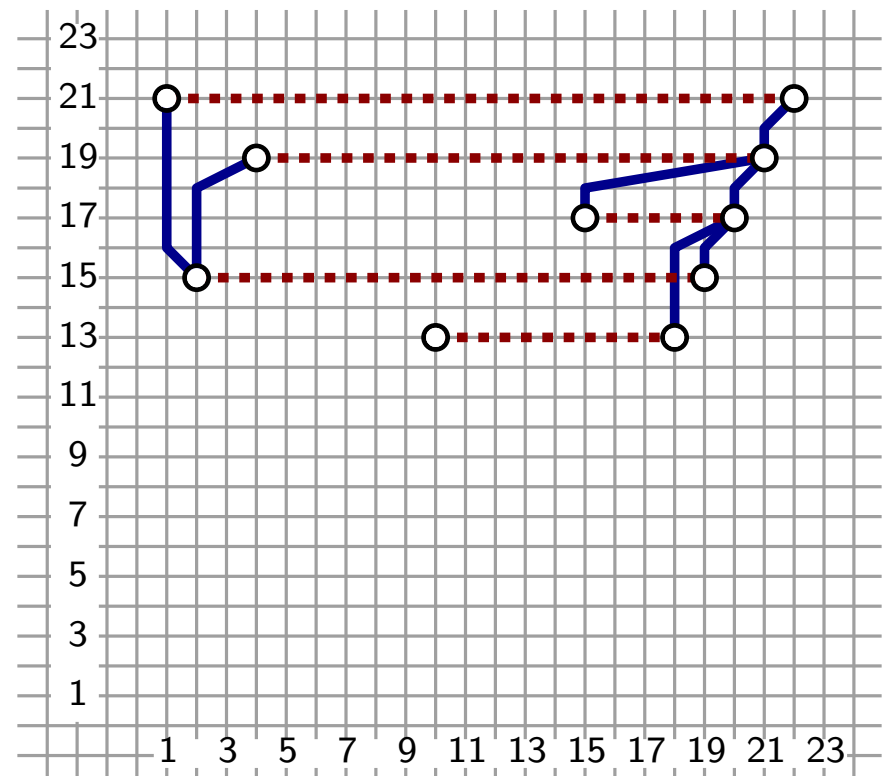
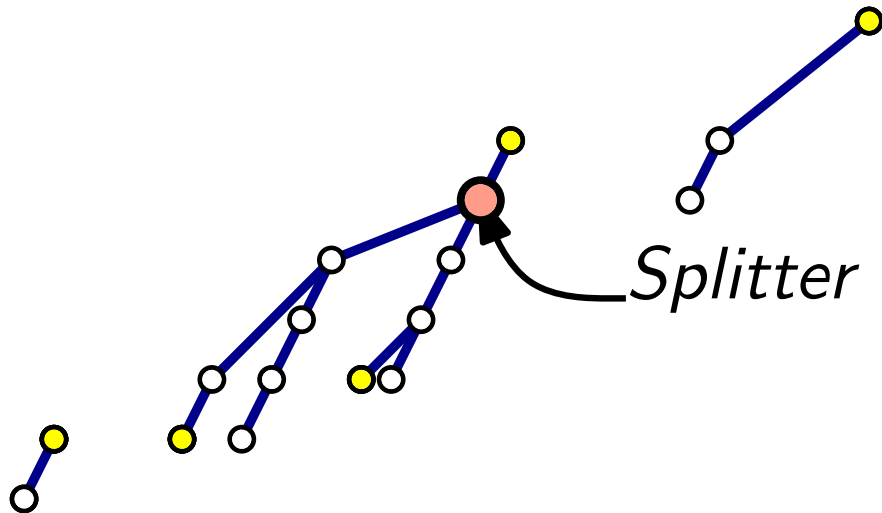
- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top



Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
- Split the tree
- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top

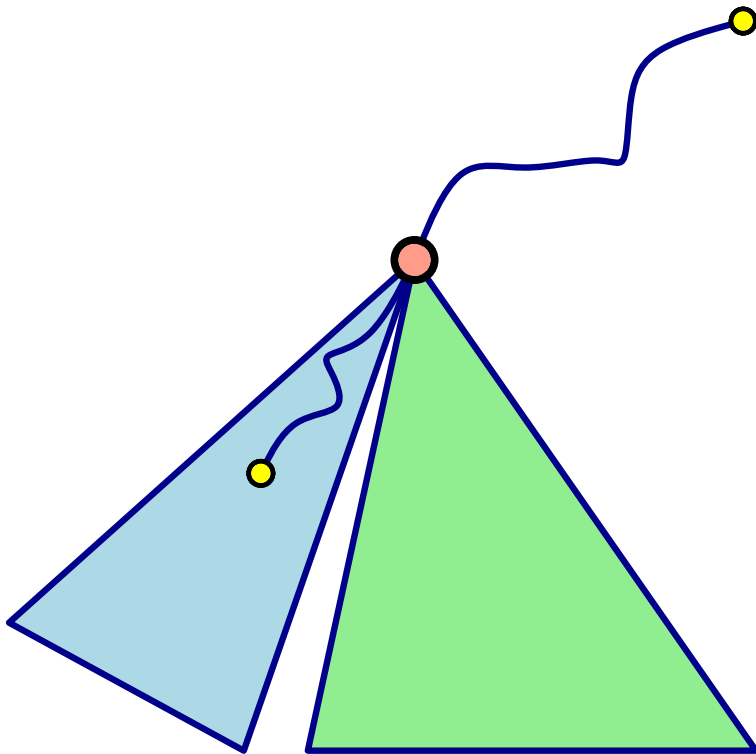


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top

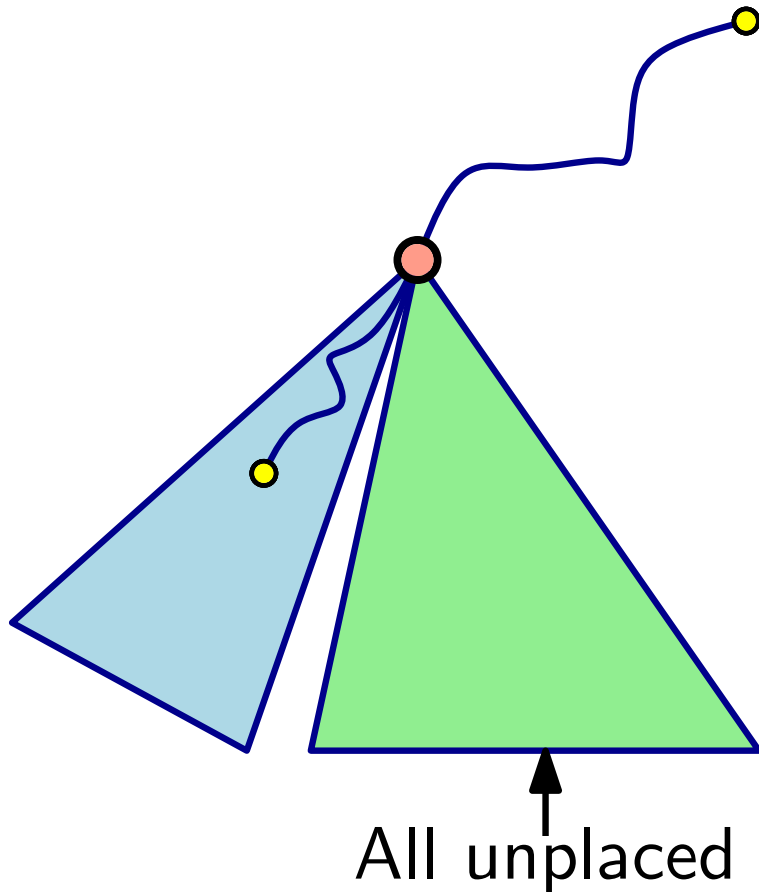


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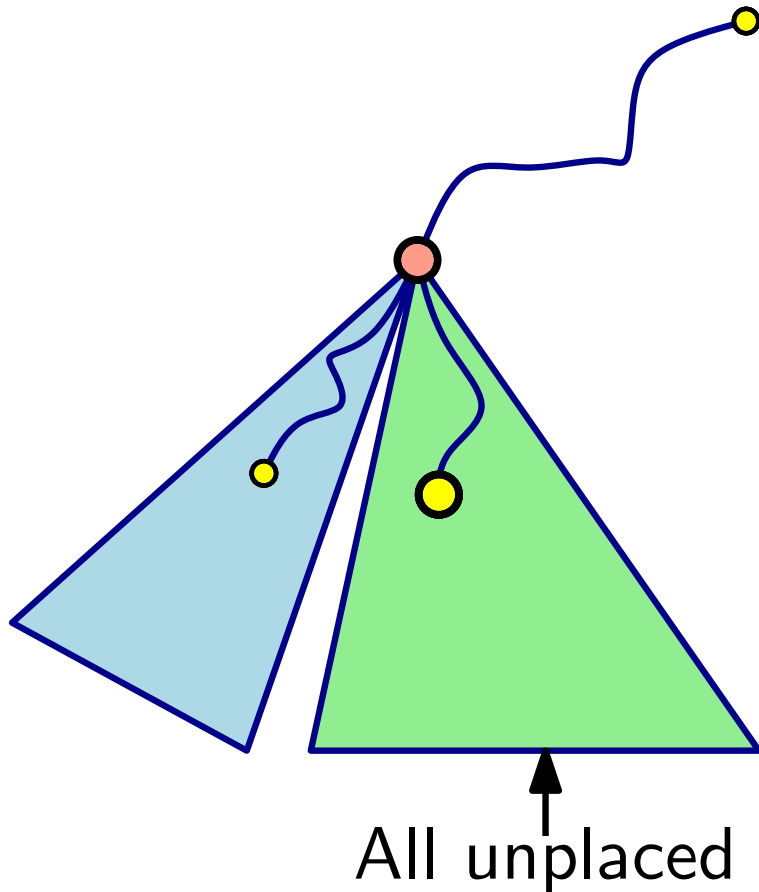


Tree $\times$ Matching

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- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top

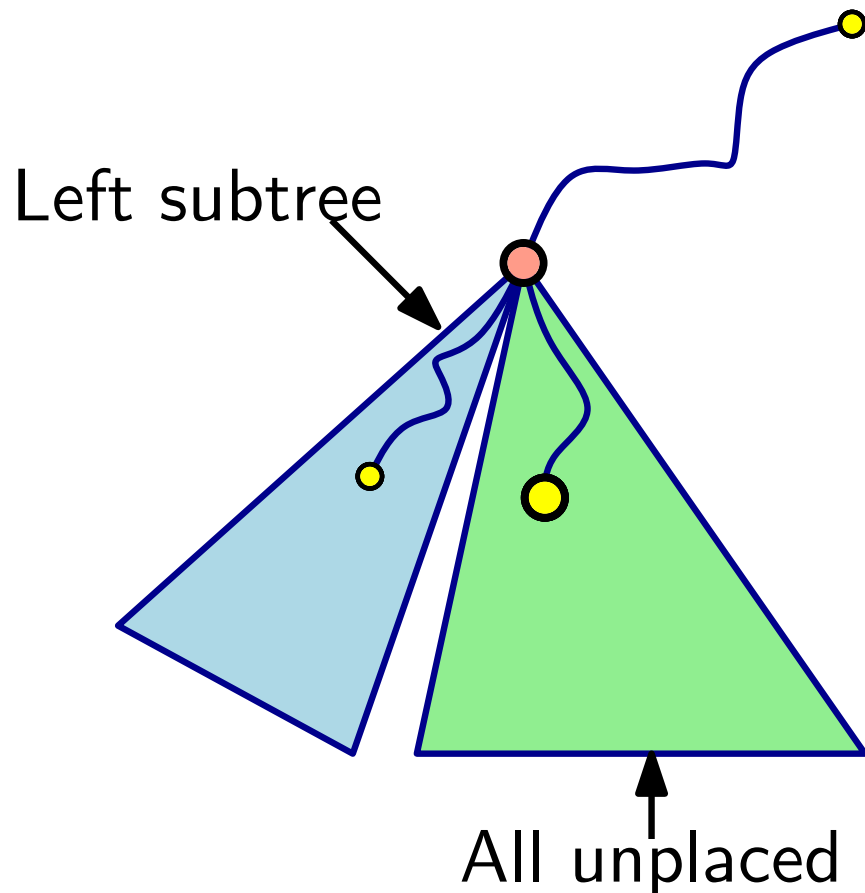


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

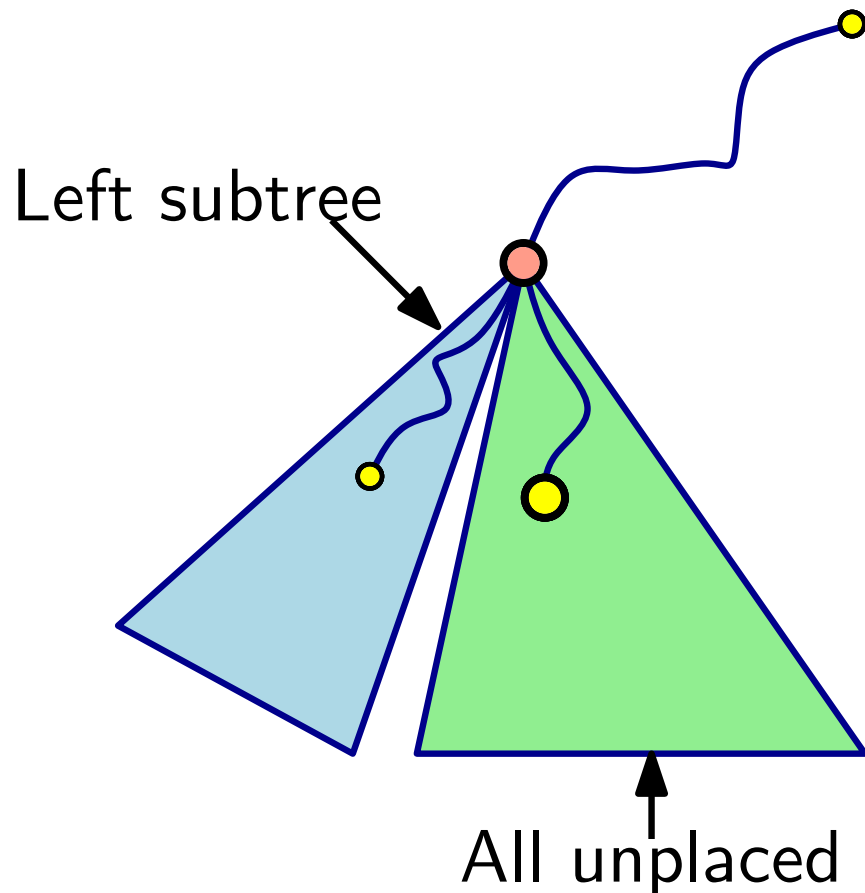
- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top



Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
- Split the tree
- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top



Placed vertices

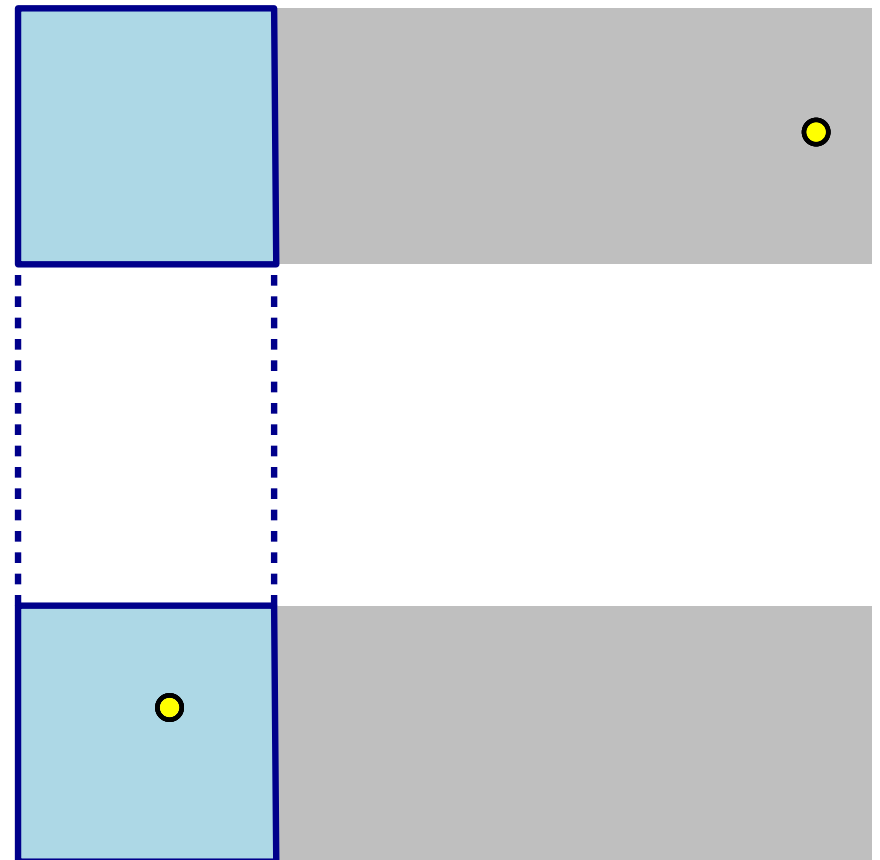
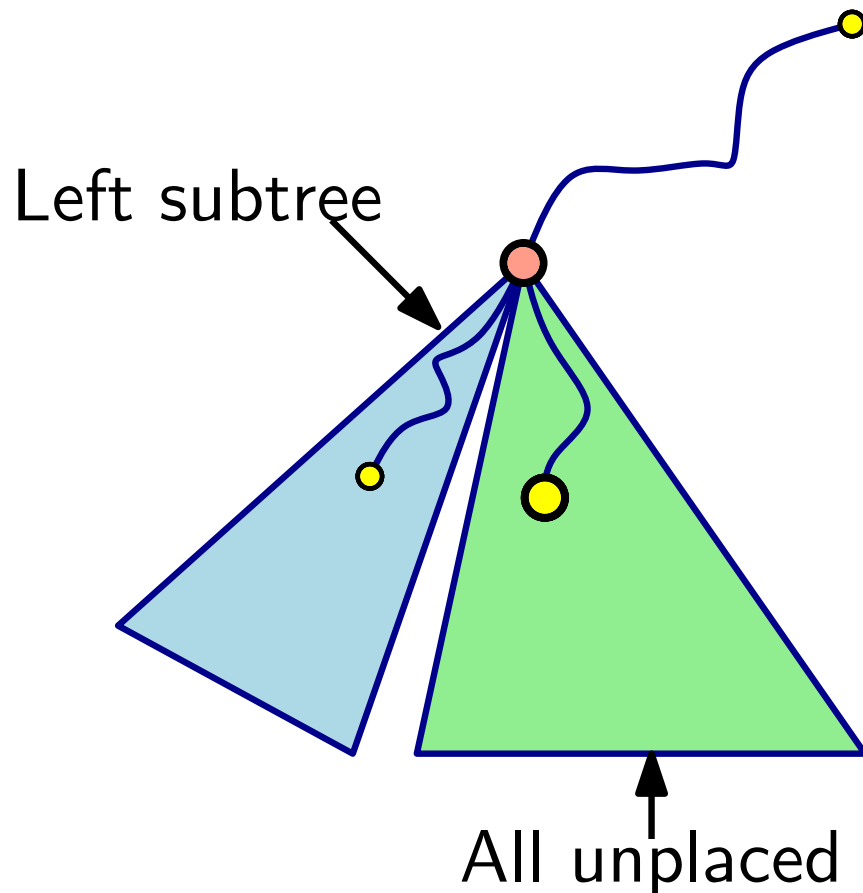
Placed vertices

Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top

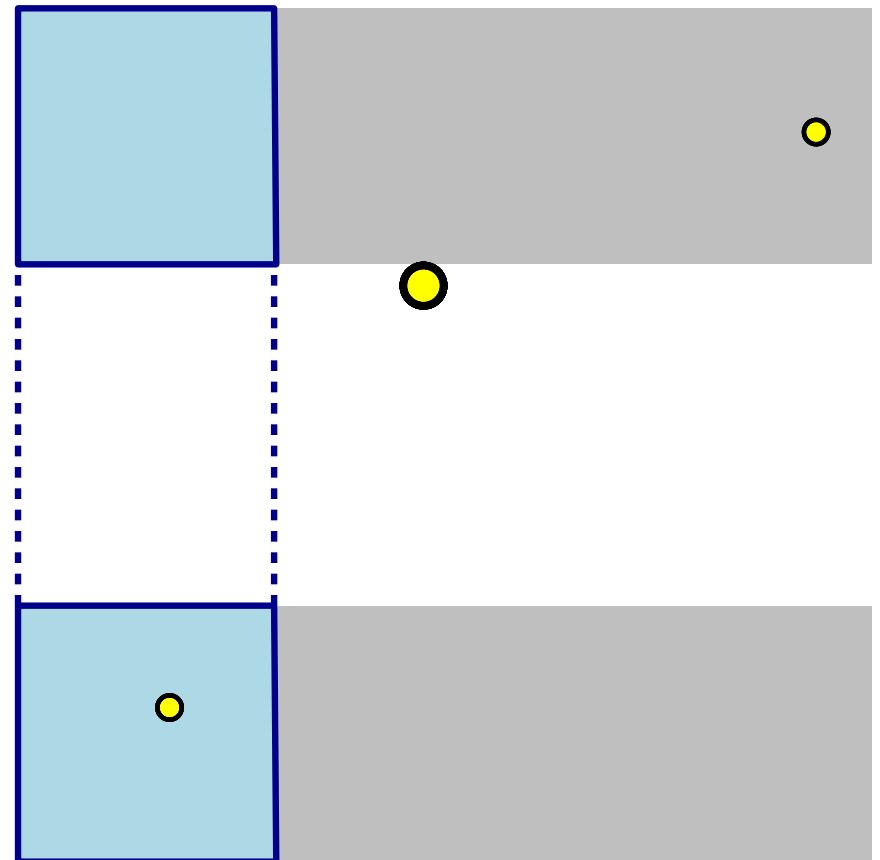
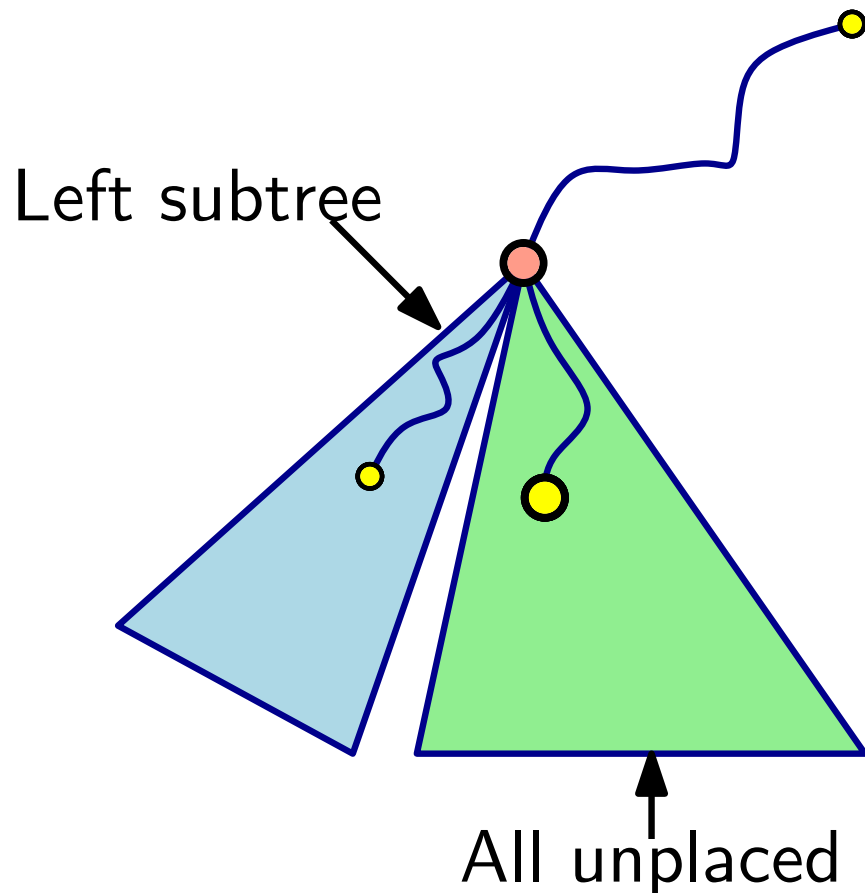


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top

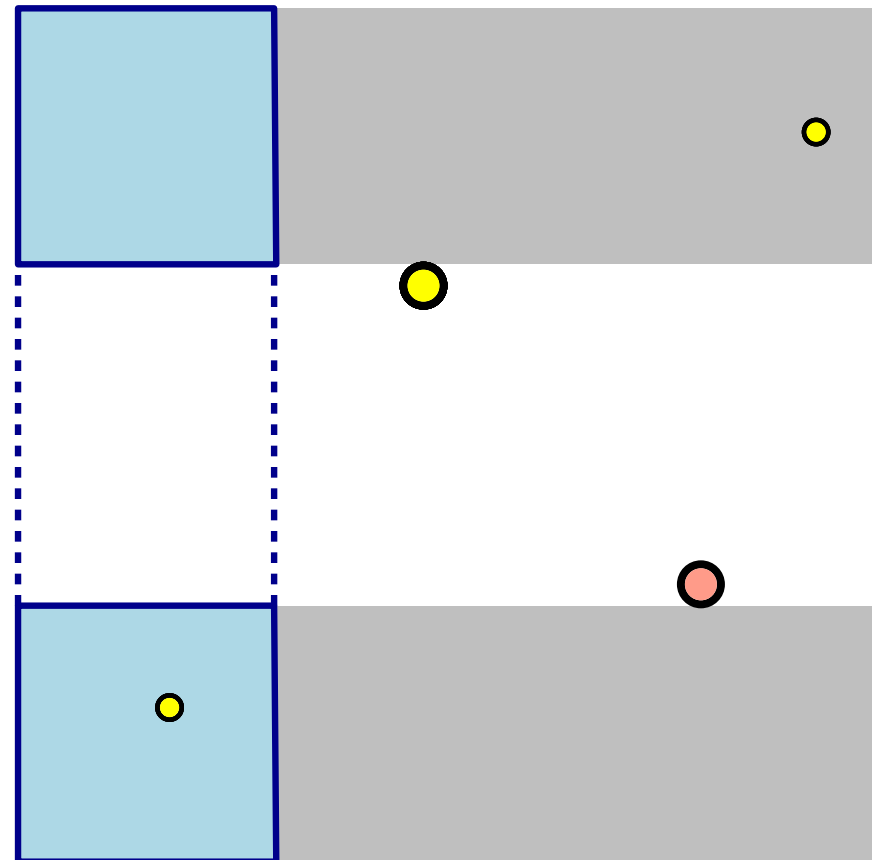
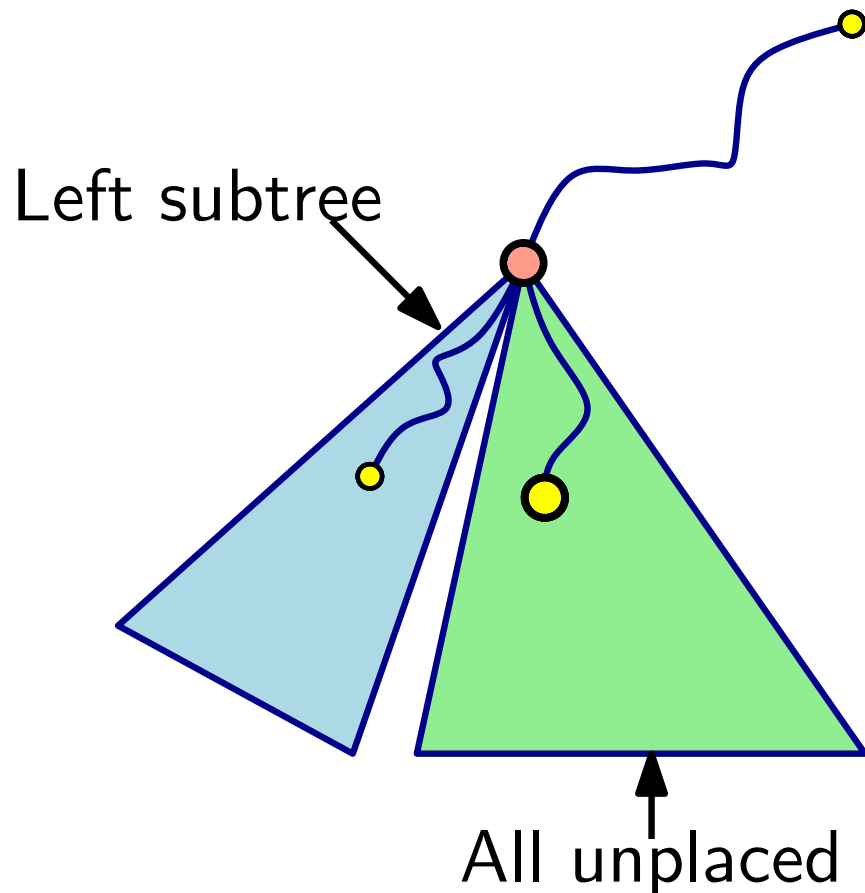


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

- Split the tree

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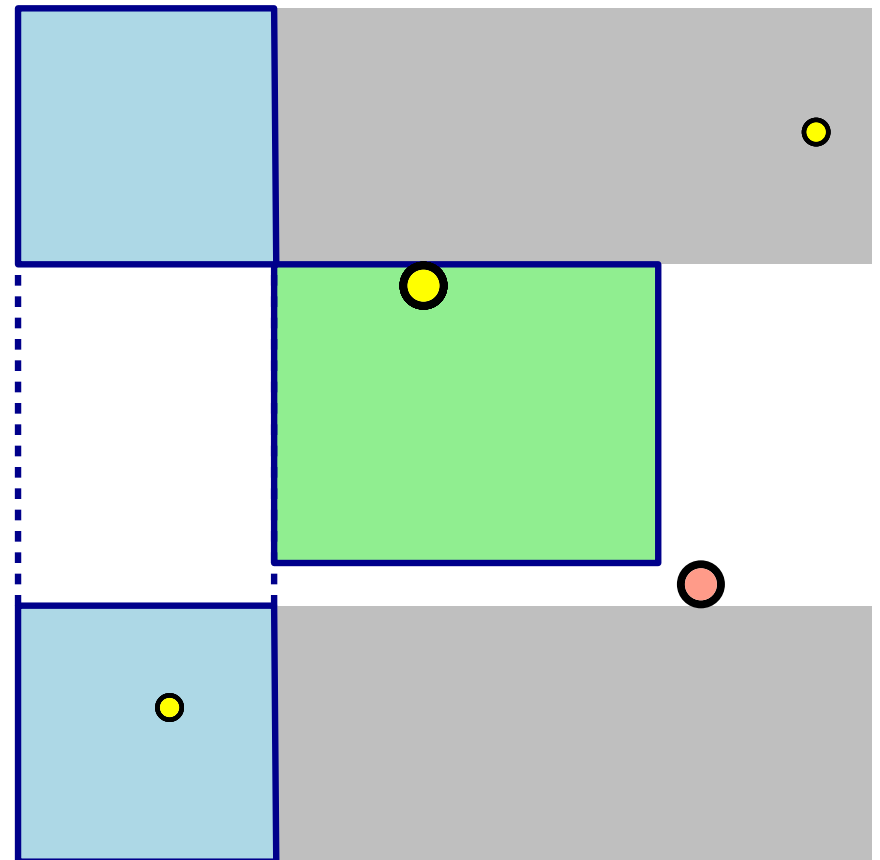
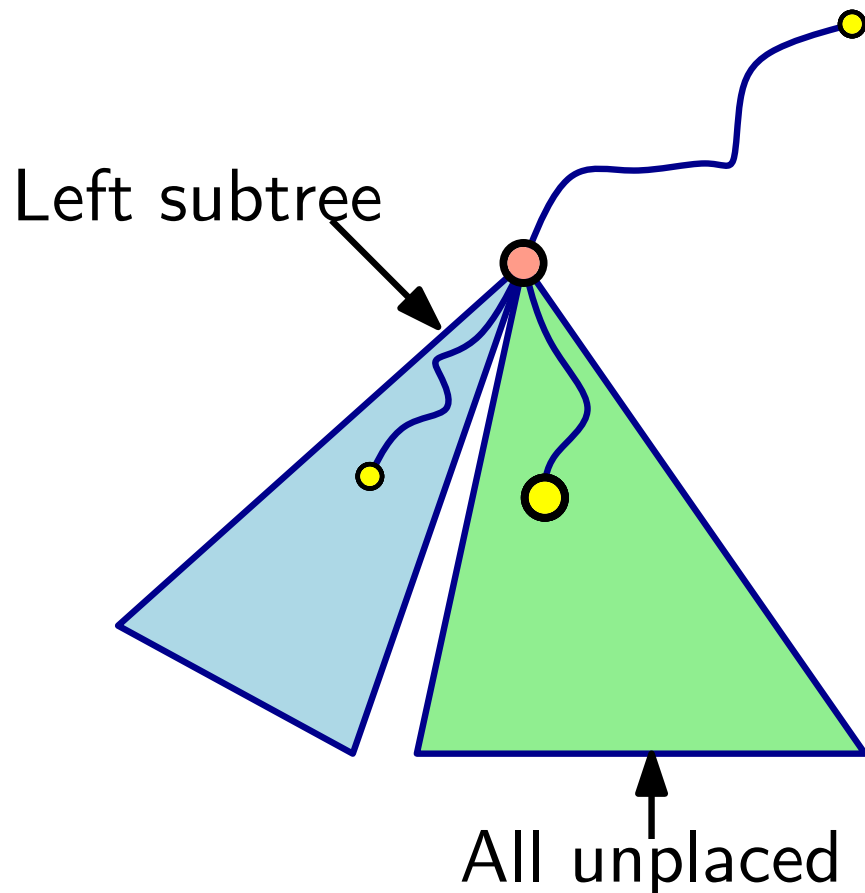


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top

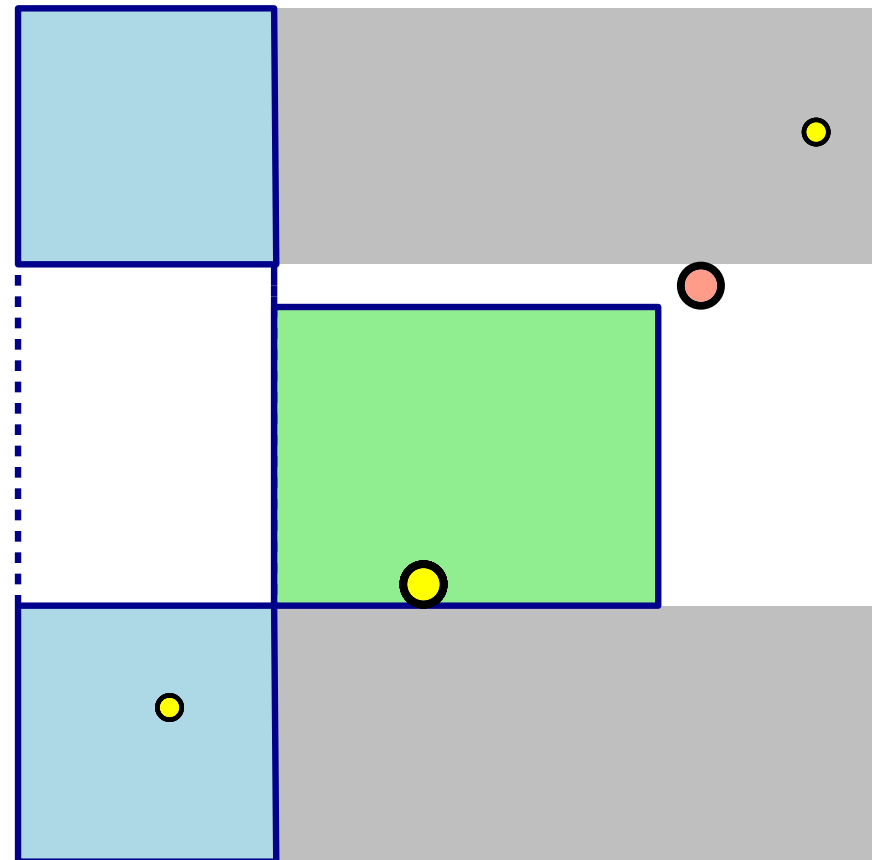
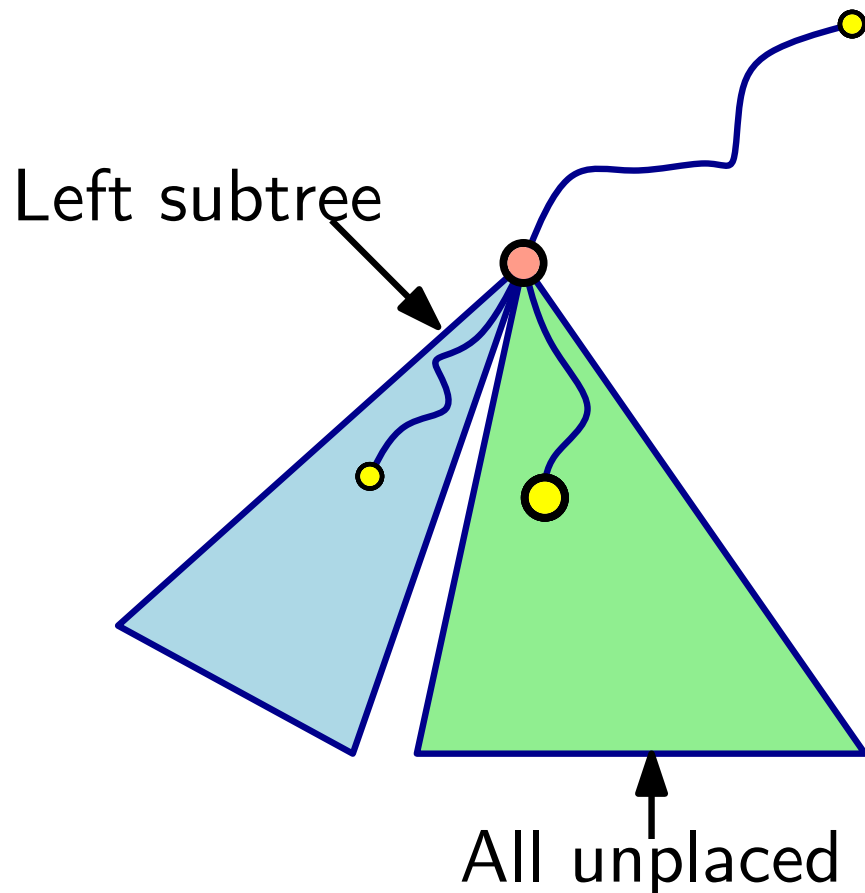


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top

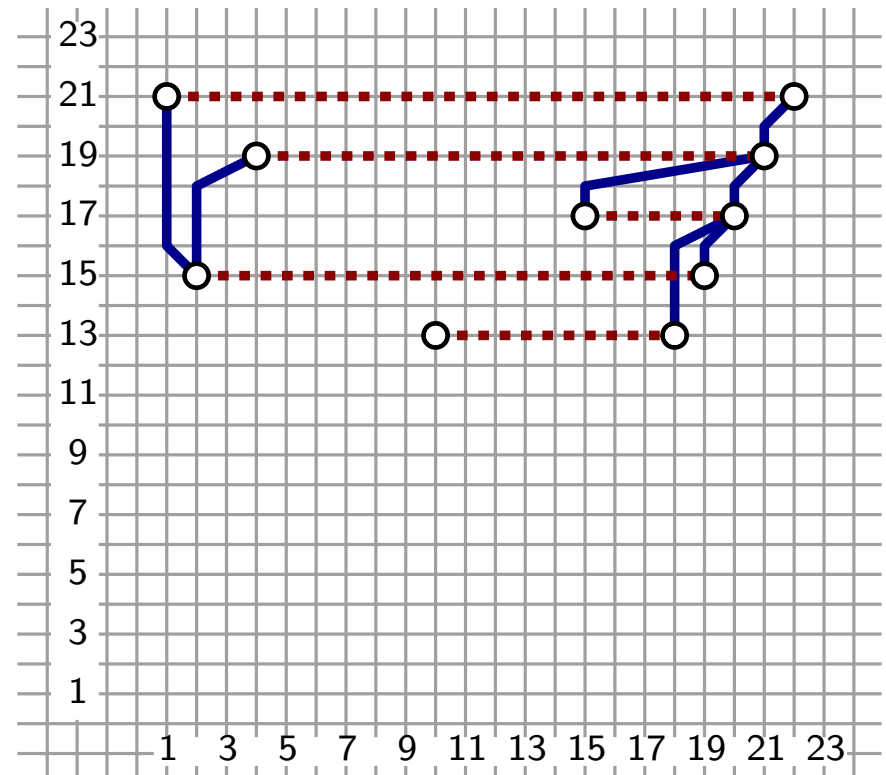
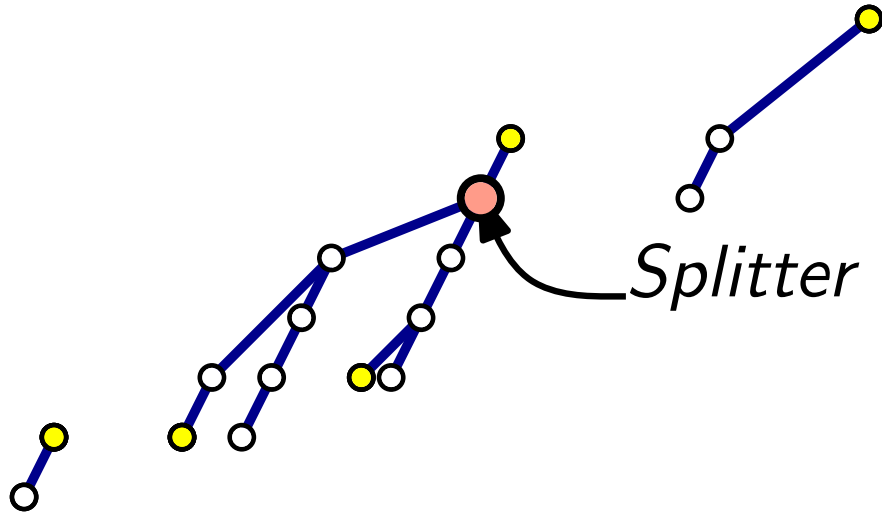
- Split the tree

- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top



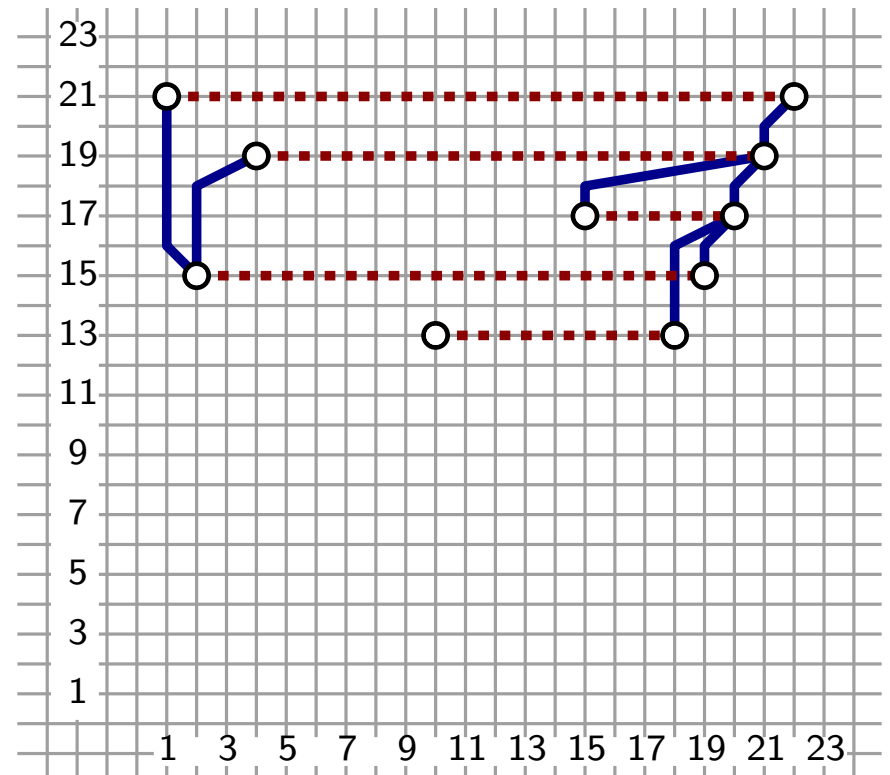
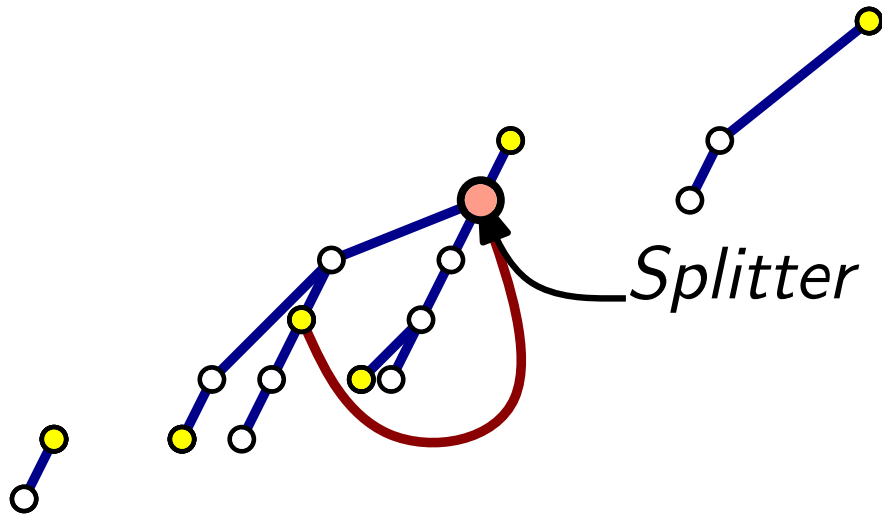
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
- Split the tree
- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top
- If splitter: place on opposite side



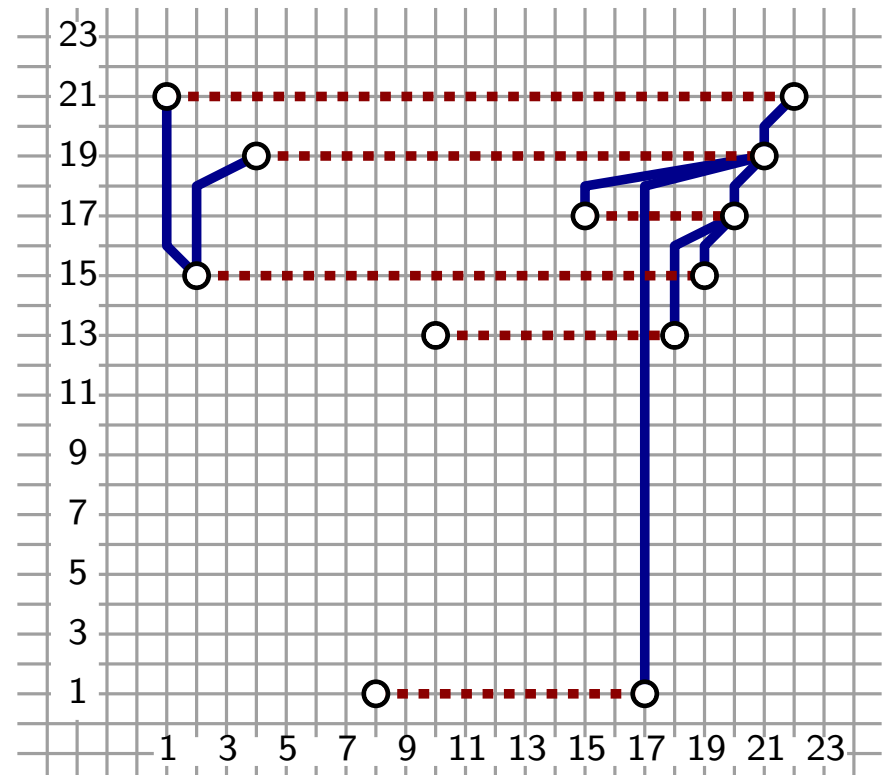
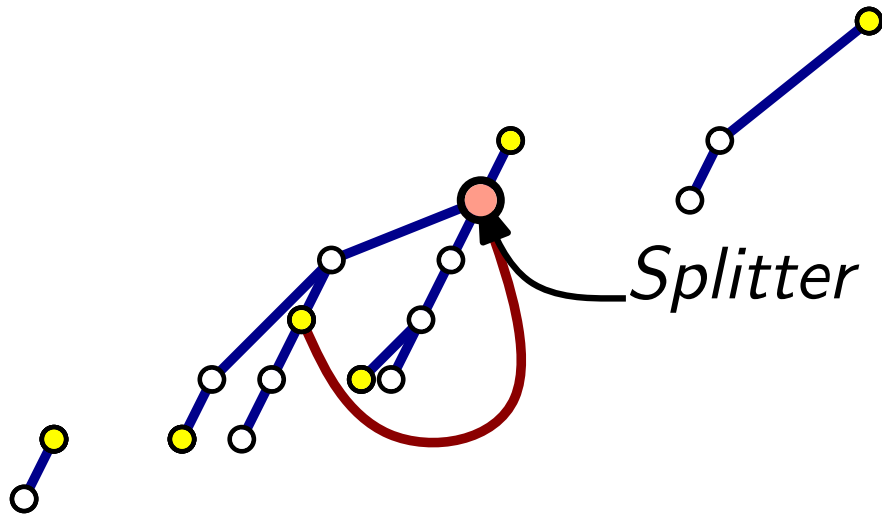
Tree $\times$ Matching

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- If splitter: place on opposite side



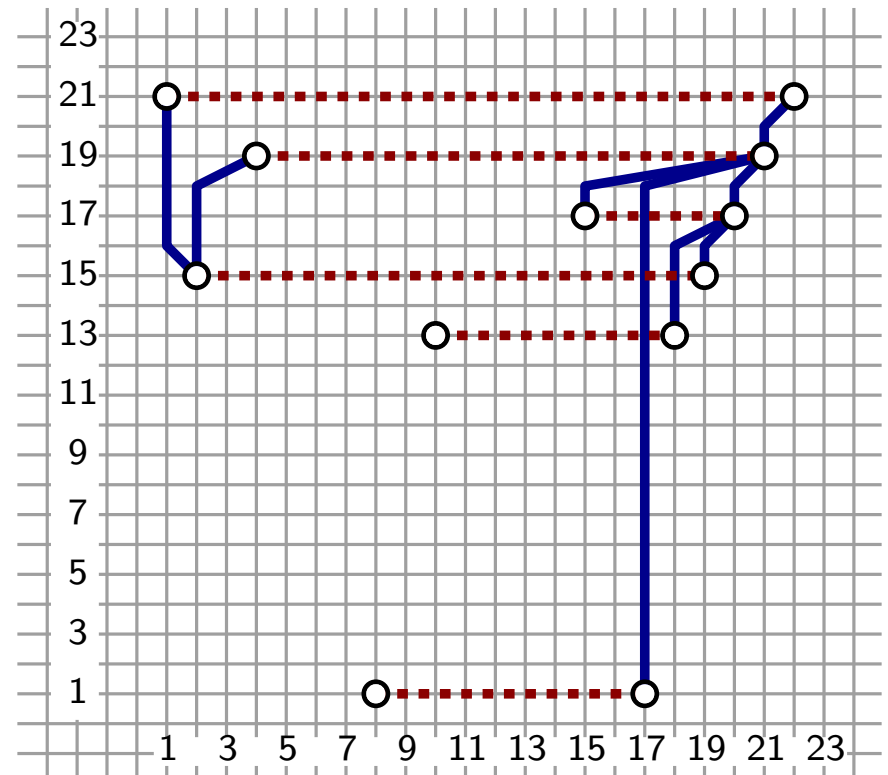
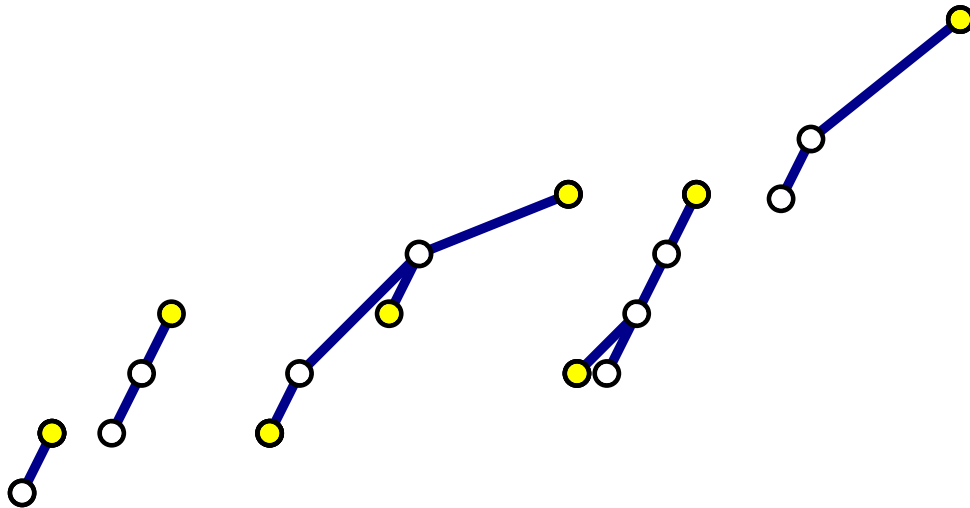
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
- Split the tree
- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top
- If splitter: place on opposite side



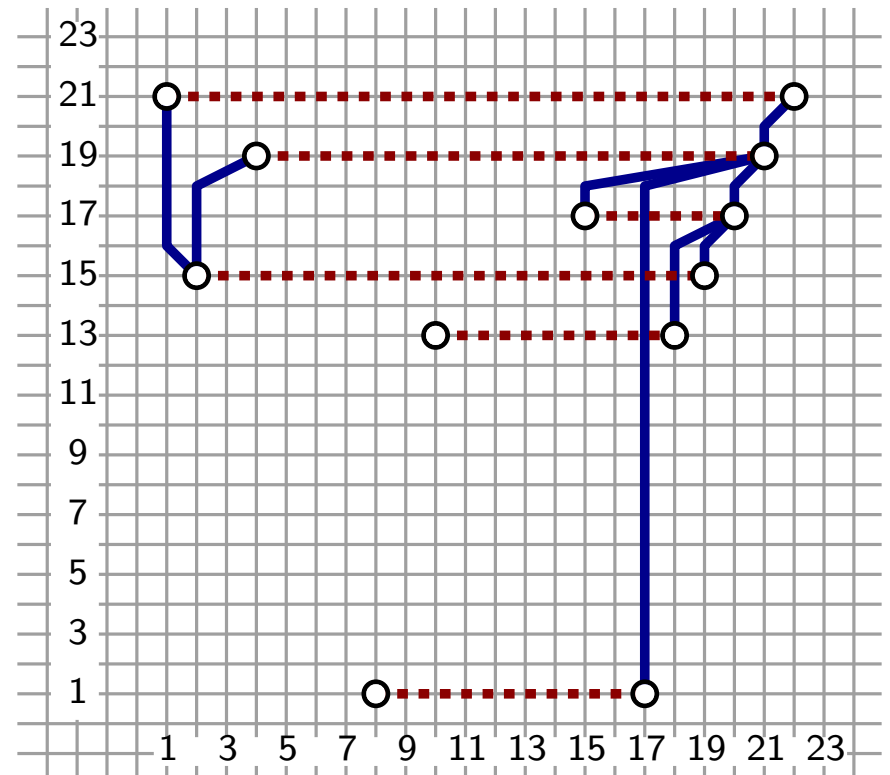
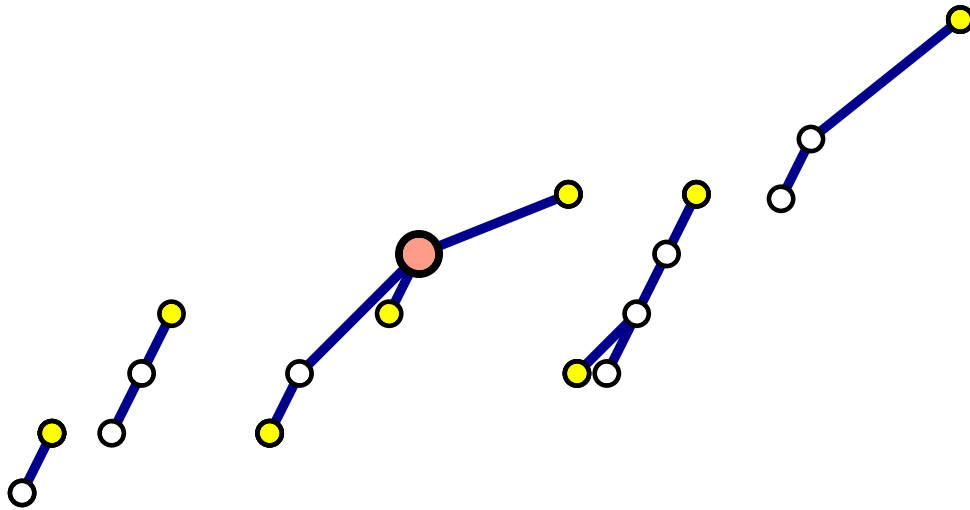
Tree $\times$ Matching

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- Split the tree
- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top
- If splitter: place on opposite side



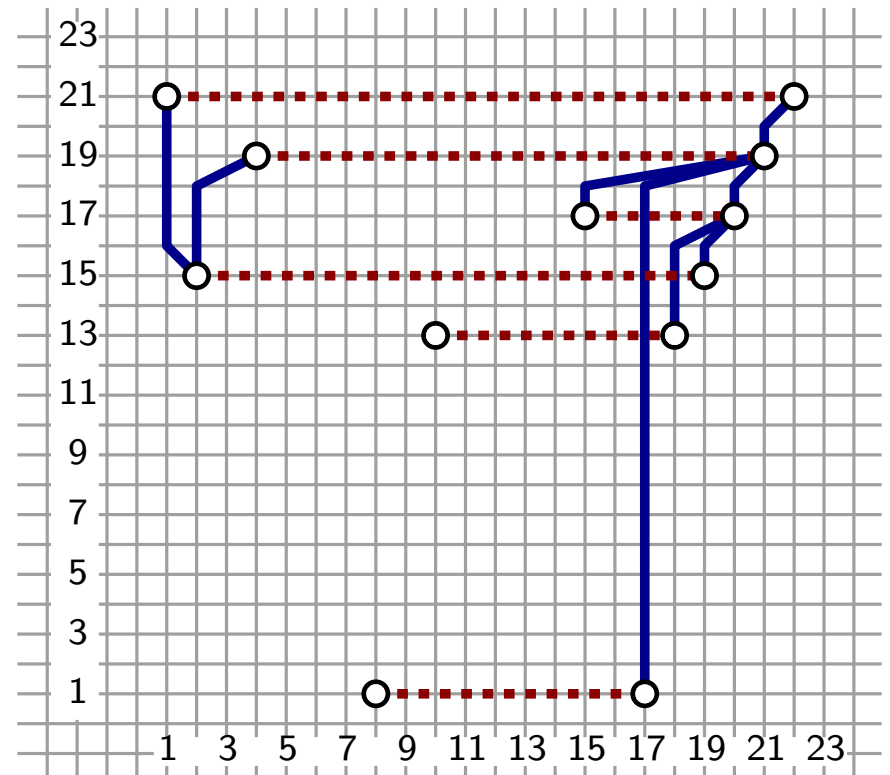
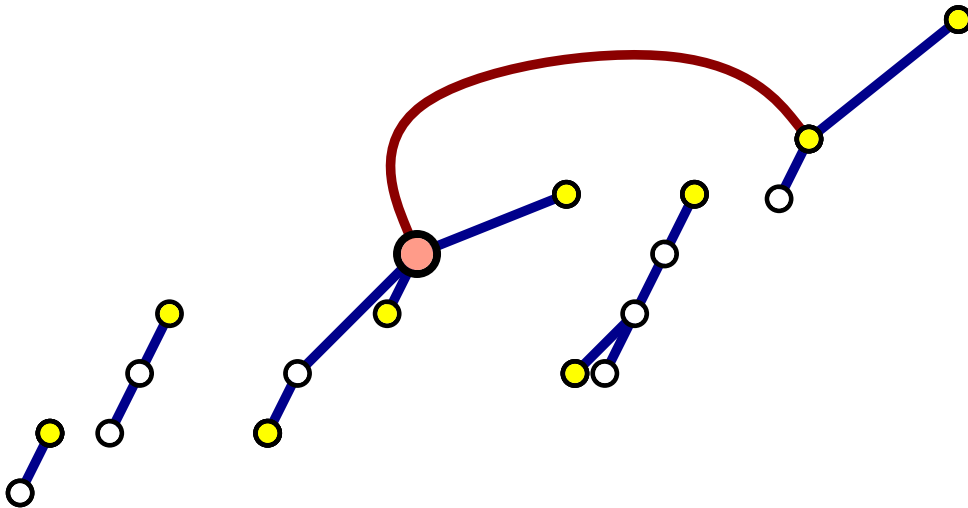
Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
- Split the tree
- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top
- If splitter: place on opposite side



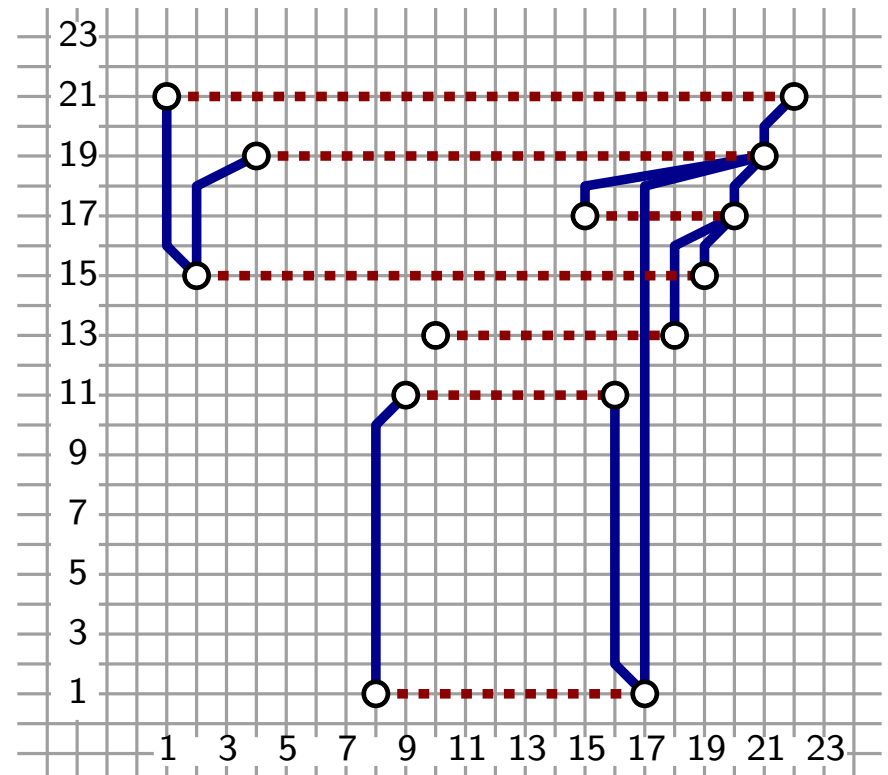
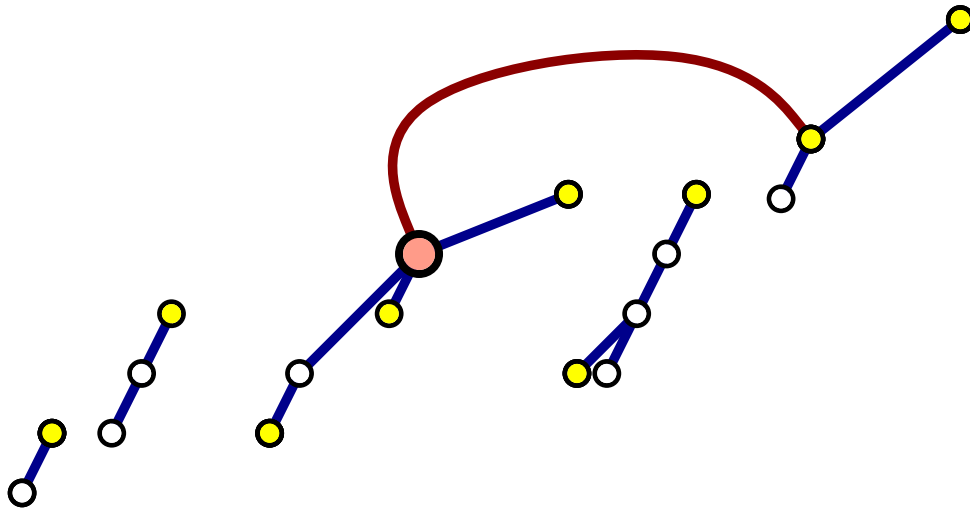
Tree $\times$ Matching

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Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
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- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top
- If splitter: place on opposite side

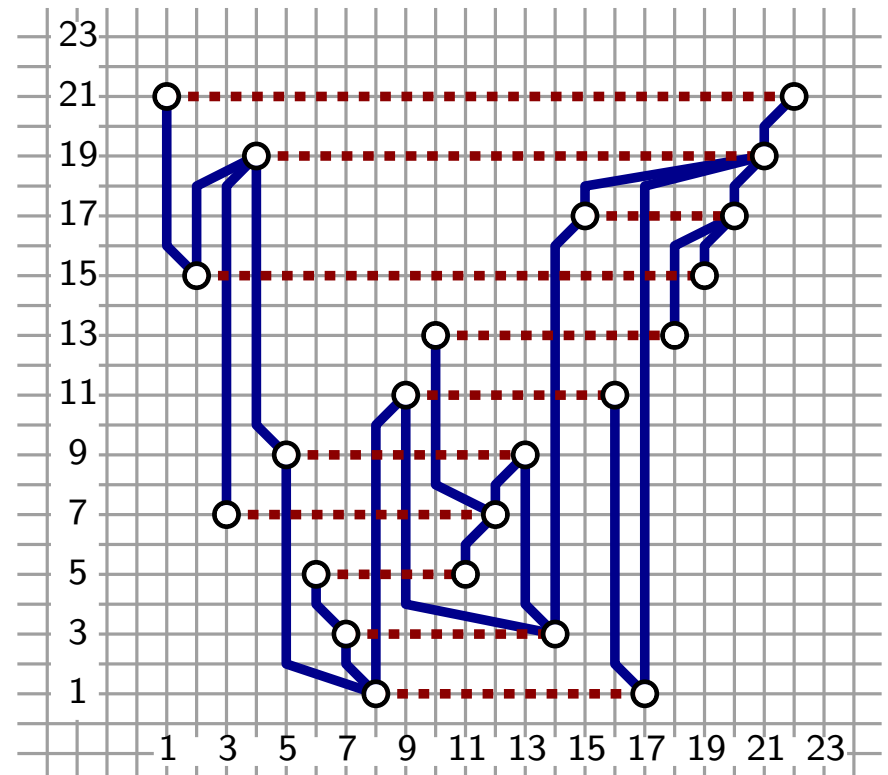
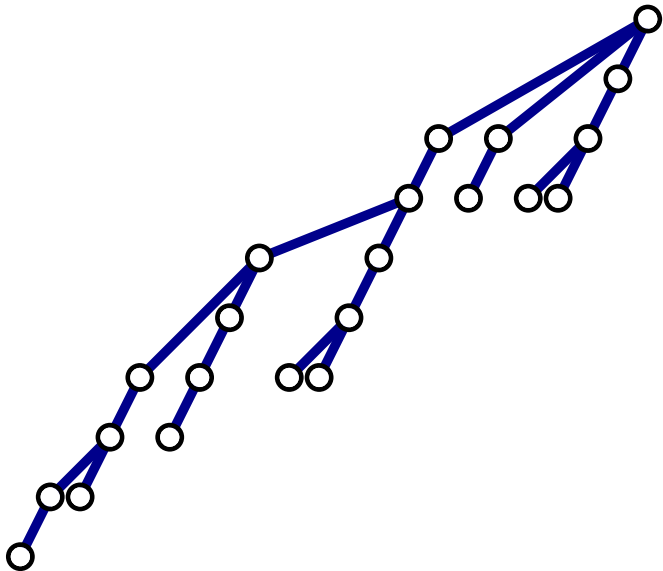


Tree $\times$ Matching

- Place root + matching at the top
- Split the tree
- Place vertex adj. to placed vertex (+ matching) at the top
- If splitter: place on opposite side

Bends: 1×0

Grid size:
 $n \times (n - 1)$

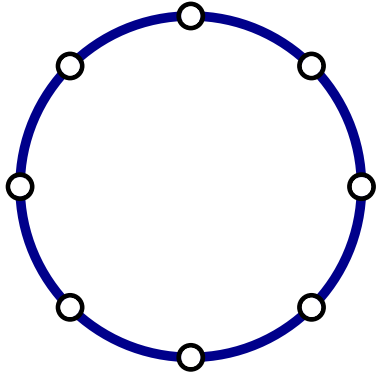


Overview

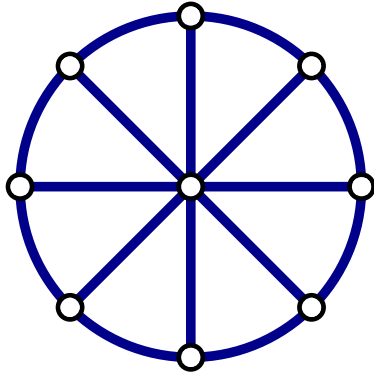
Graph classes			Number of bends
Cycle	×	Cycle	1×1
Caterpillar	×	Cycle	1×1
Four Matchings			$1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1$
Tree	×	Matching	1×0
Wheel	×	Matching	2×0
Outerpath	×	Matching	2×1
Outerplanar	×	Outerplanar	3×3
2-page book emb.	×	2-page book emb.	4×4
Planar	×	Planar	6×6



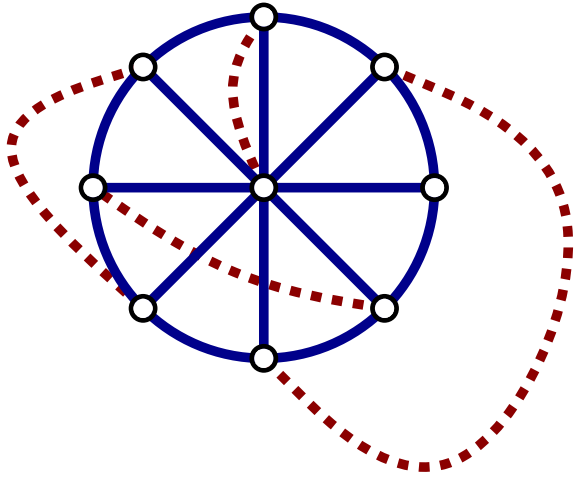
Wheel $\times$ Matching



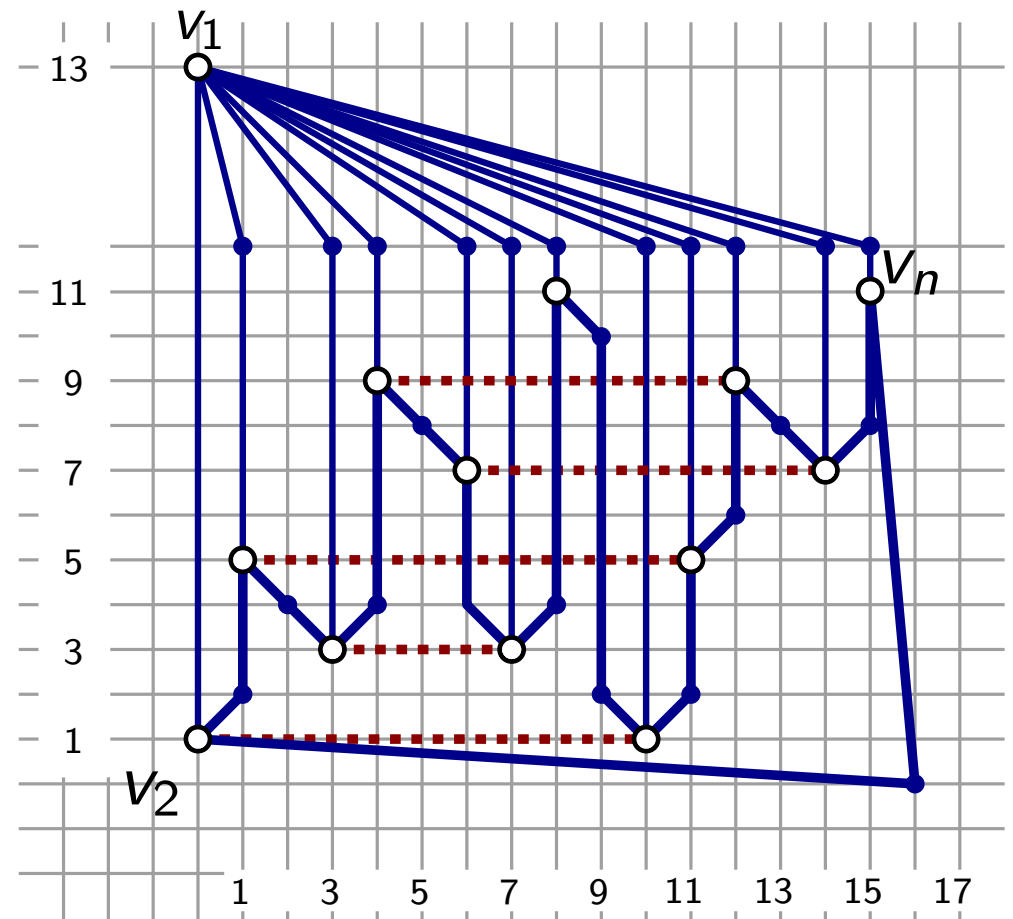
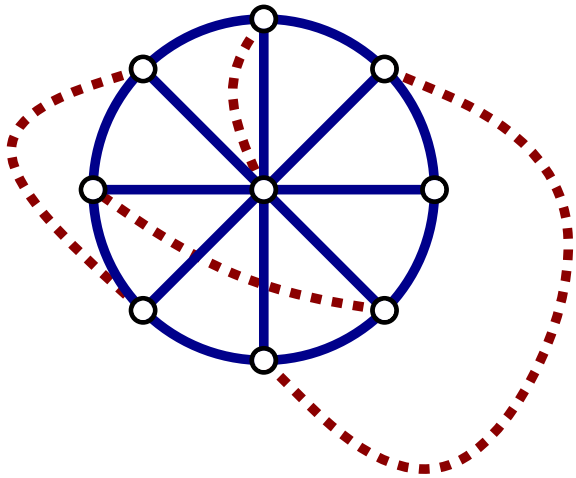
Wheel $\times$ Matching



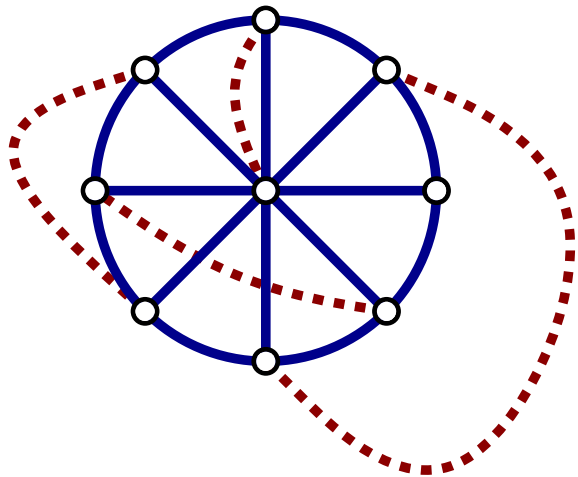
Wheel $\times$ Matching



Wheel $\times$ Matching



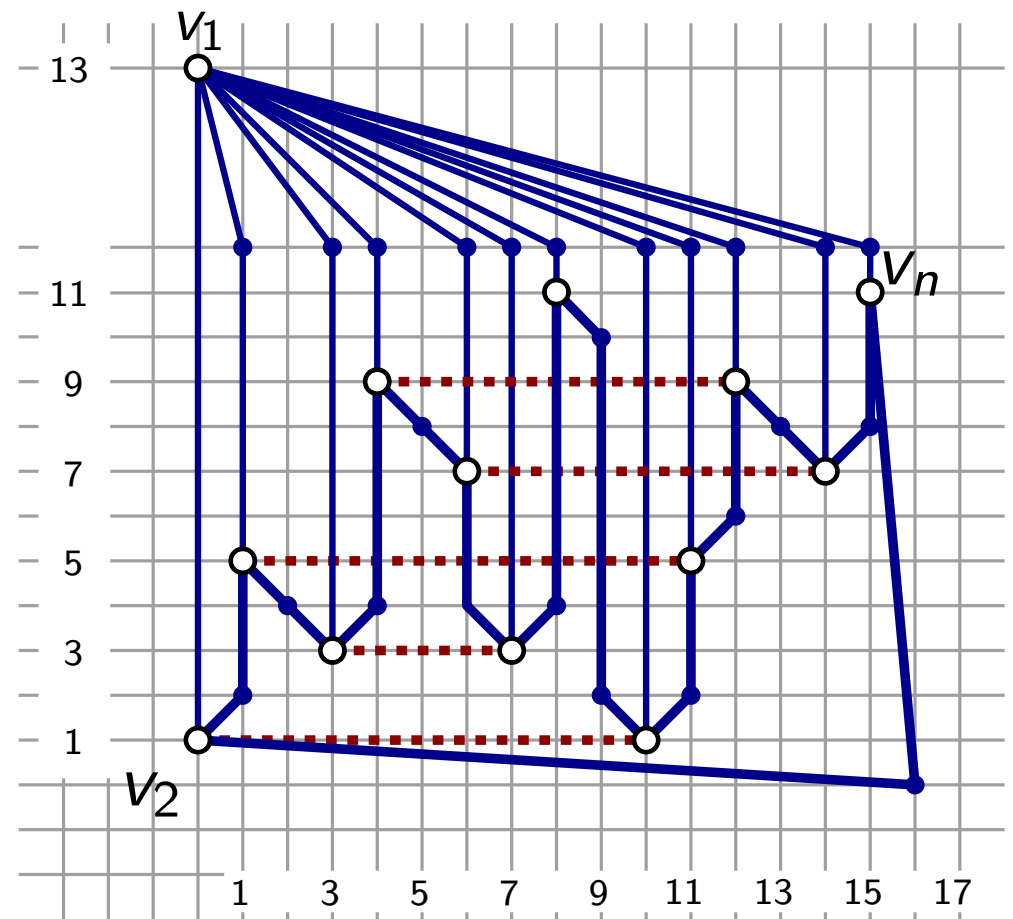
Wheel $\times$ Matching



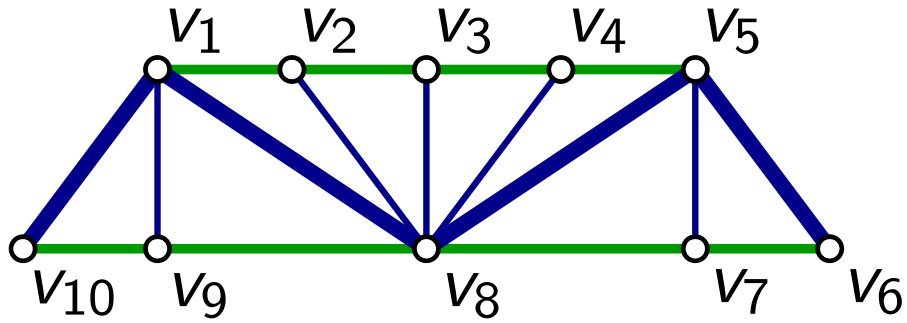
Bends: 2×0

Grid size:

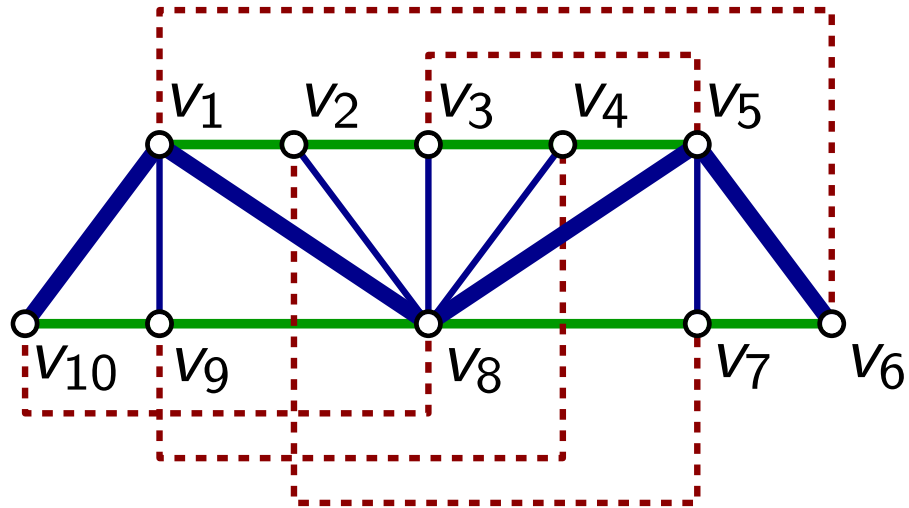
$$(1.5n - 1) \times (n + 2)$$



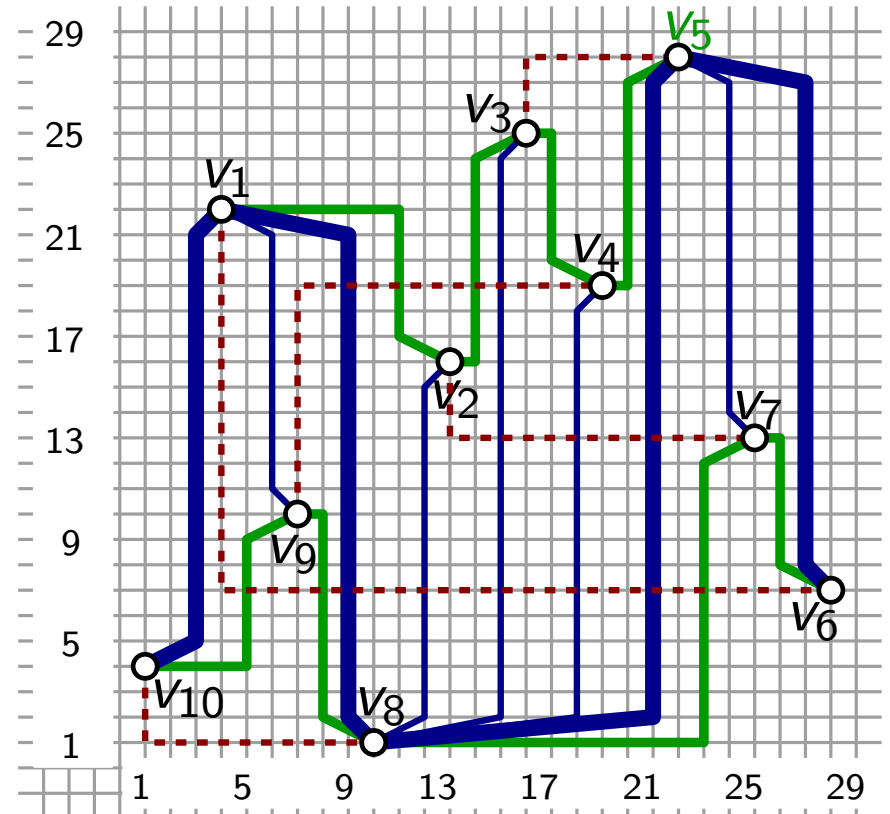
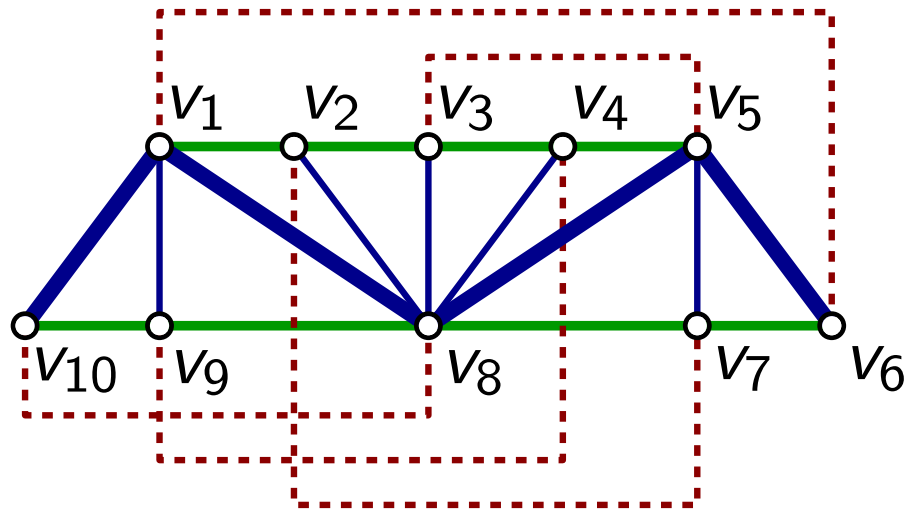
Outerpath $\times$ matching



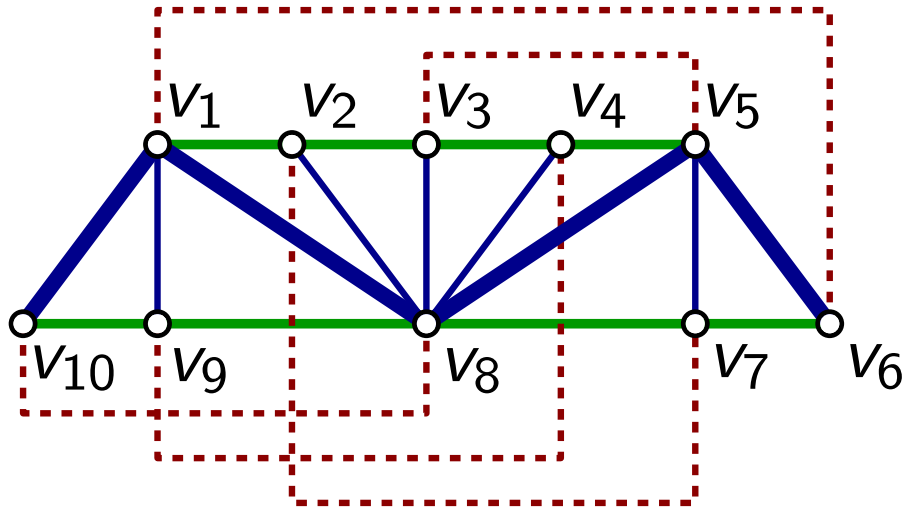
Outerpath $\times$ matching



Outerpath $\times$ matching



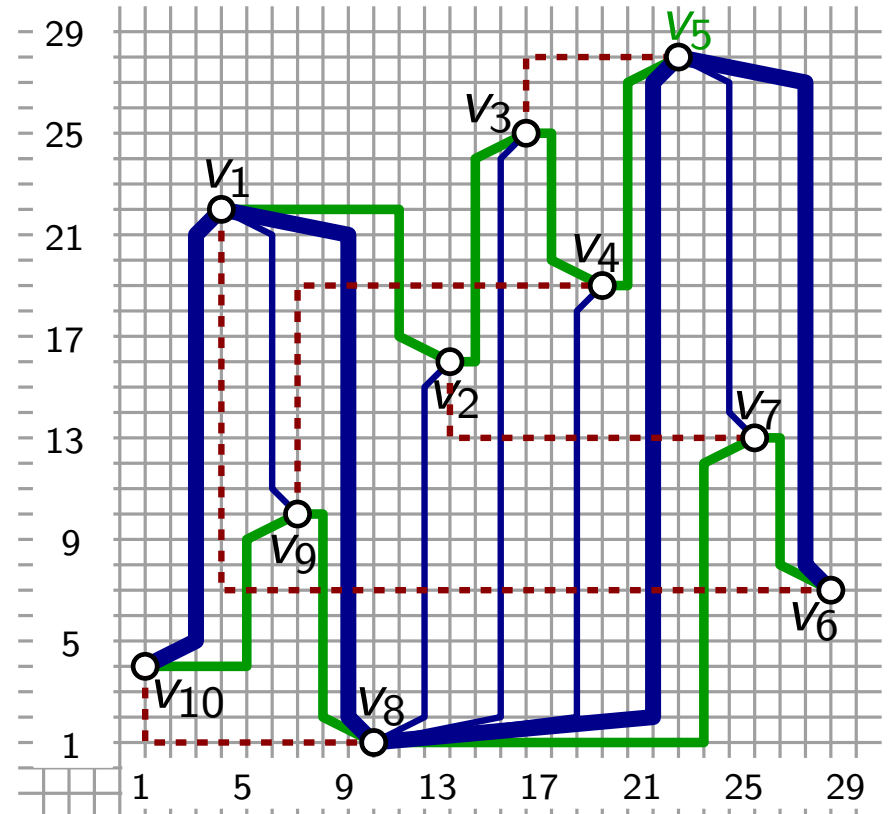
Outerpath $\times$ matching



Bends: 2×1

Grid size:

$$(3n - 2) \times (3n - 2)$$

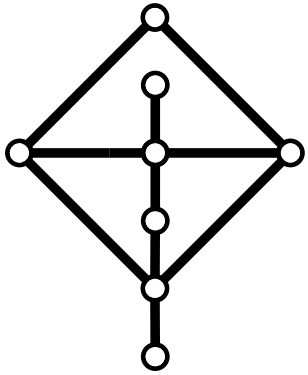


Overview

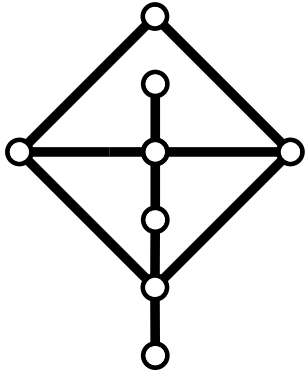
Graph classes			Number of bends
Cycle	×	Cycle	1×1
Caterpillar	×	Cycle	1×1
Four Matchings			$1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1$
Tree	×	Matching	1×0
Wheel	×	Matching	2×0
Outerpath	×	Matching	2×1
Outerplanar	×	Outerplanar	3×3
2-page book emb.	×	2-page book emb.	4×4
Planar	×	Planar	6×6



Planar $\times$ Planar

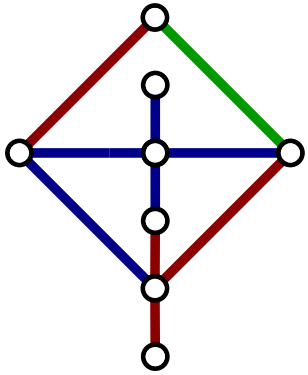


Planar $\times$ Planar

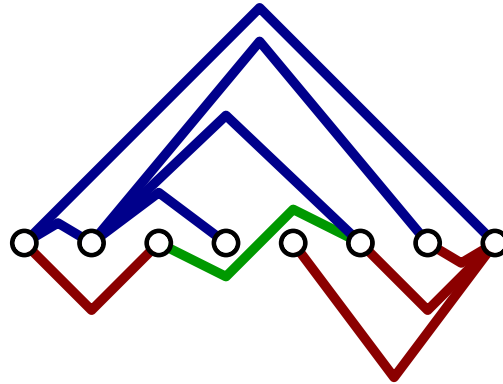


[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:

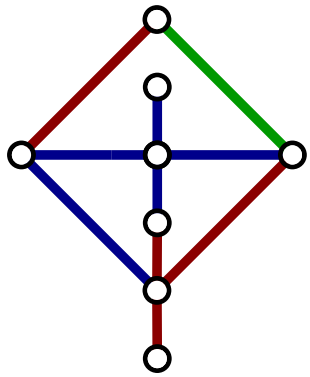
Planar $\times$ Planar



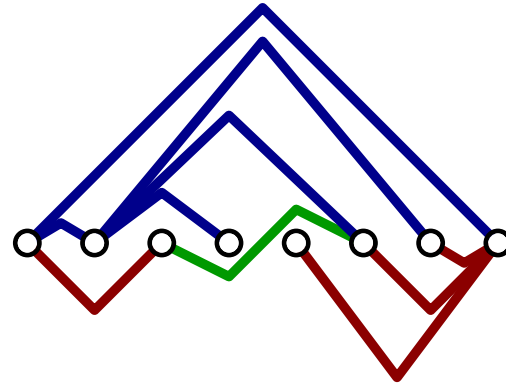
[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:



Planar $\times$ Planar



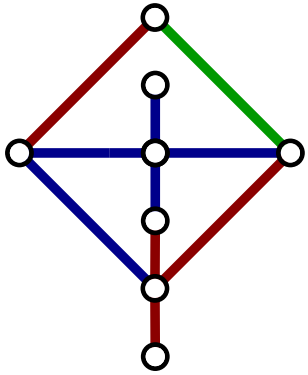
[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:



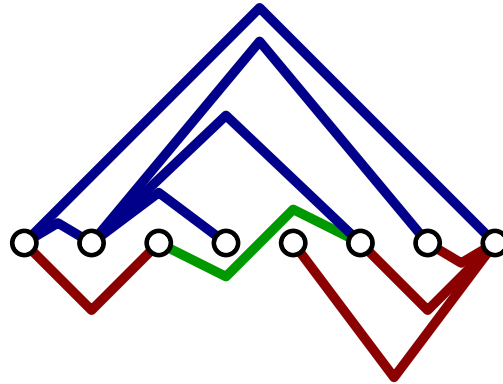
Graph 1: x -coordinates

Graph 2: y -coordinates

Planar $\times$ Planar

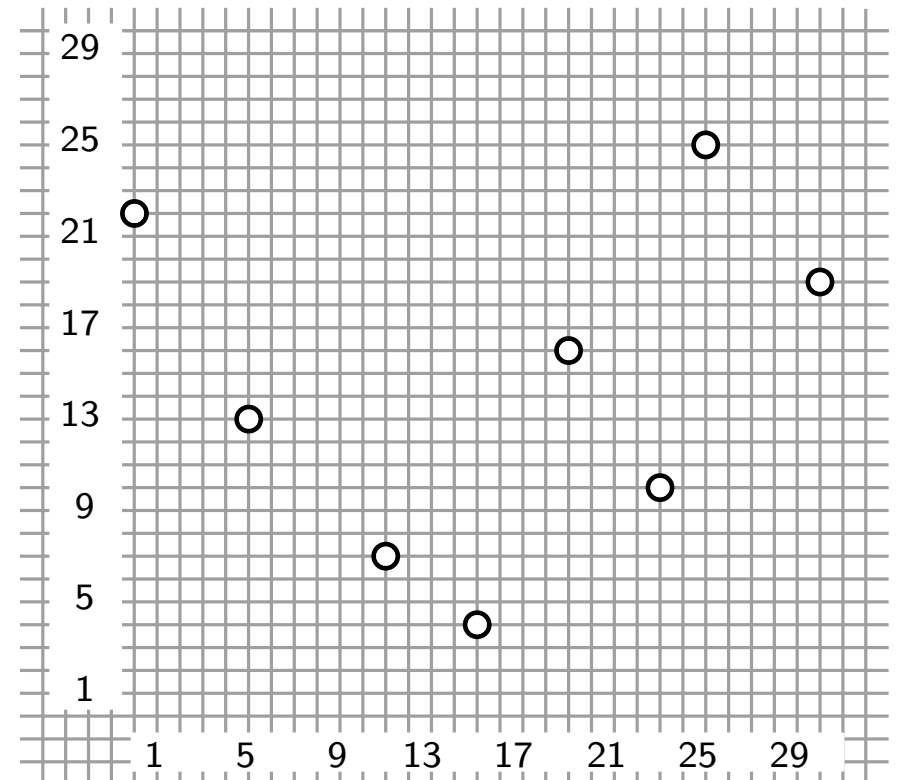


[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:

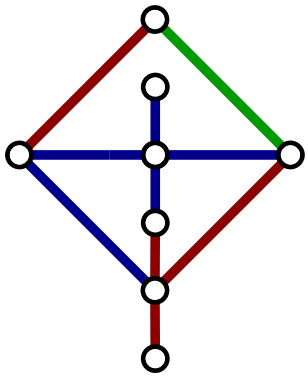


Graph 1: x-coordinates

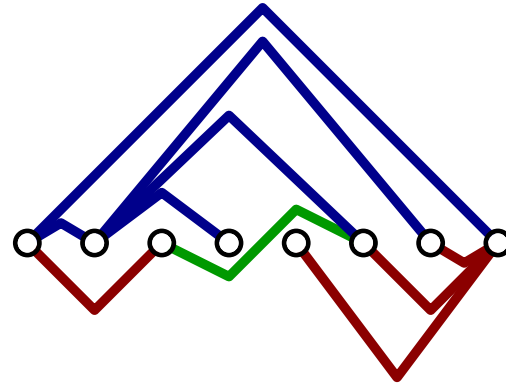
Graph 2: y -coordinates



Planar $\times$ Planar

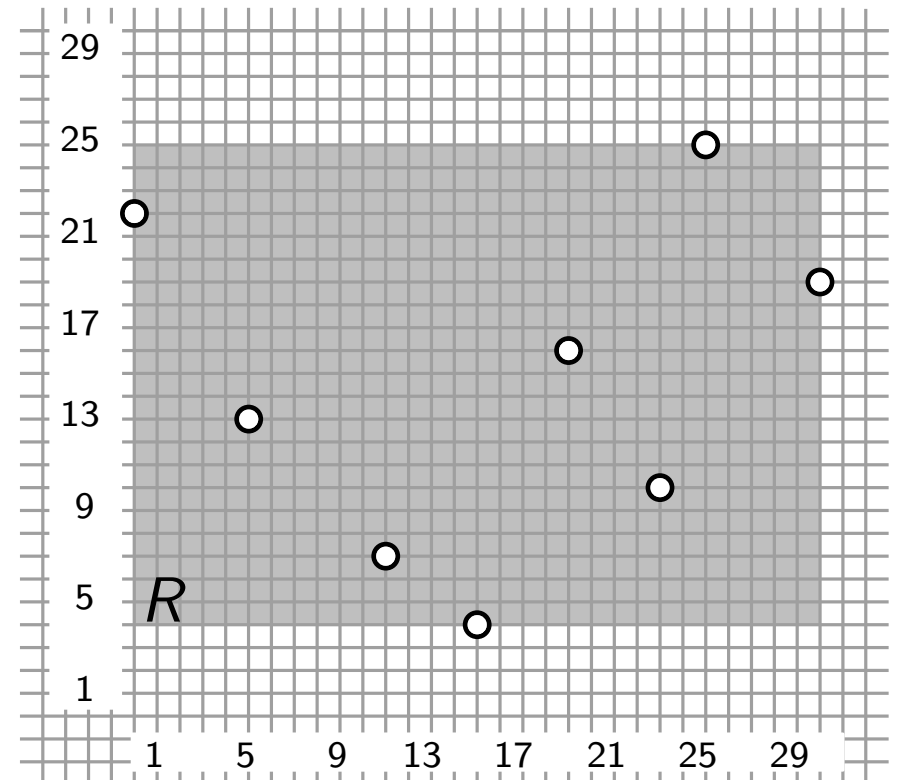


[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:

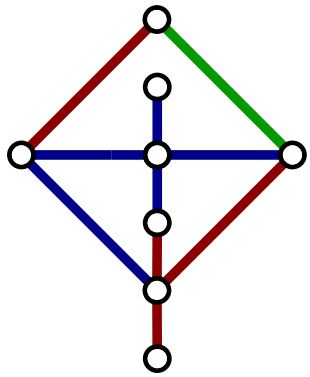


Graph 1: x -coordinates

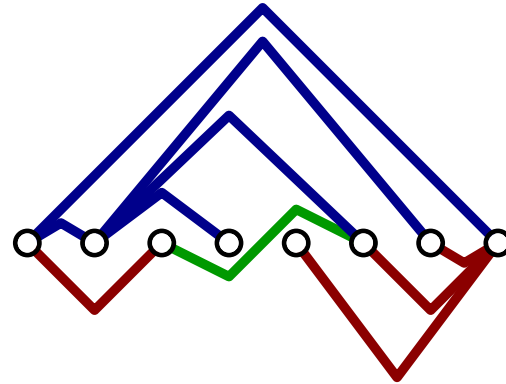
Graph 2: y -coordinates



Planar $\times$ Planar



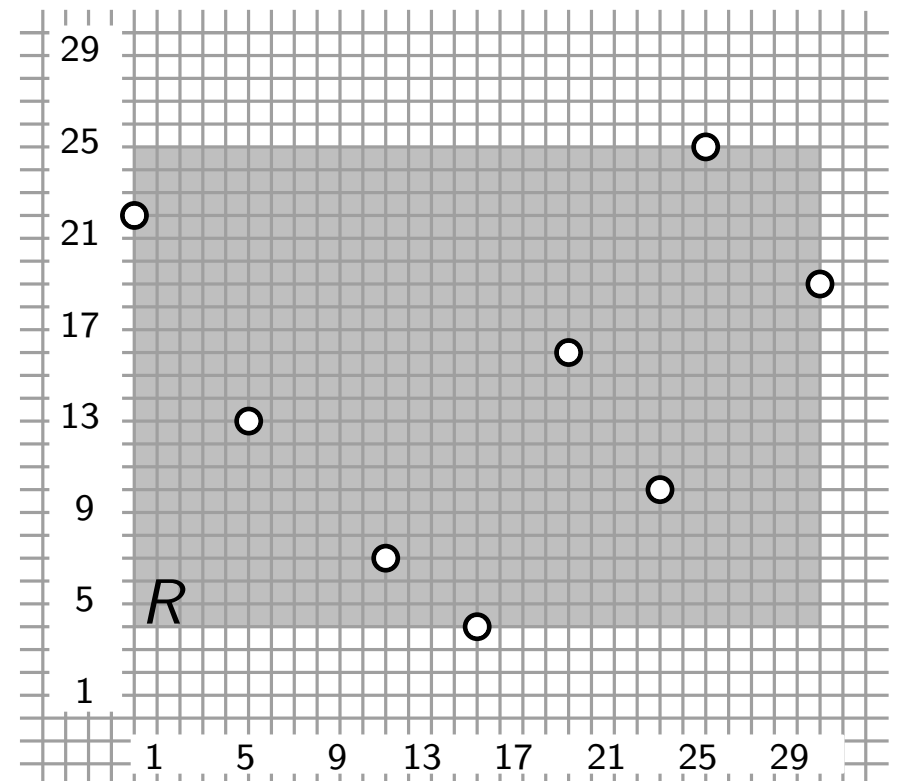
[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:



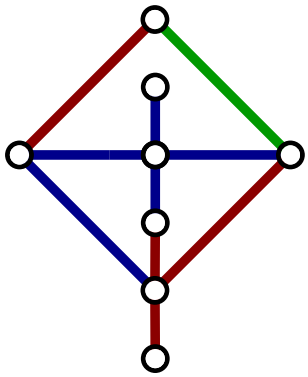
Graph 1: x -coordinates

Graph 2: y -coordinates

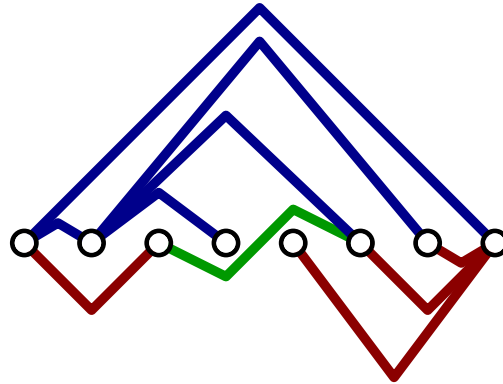
In R : all segments vertical
or of y -length 1



Planar $\times$ Planar



[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:

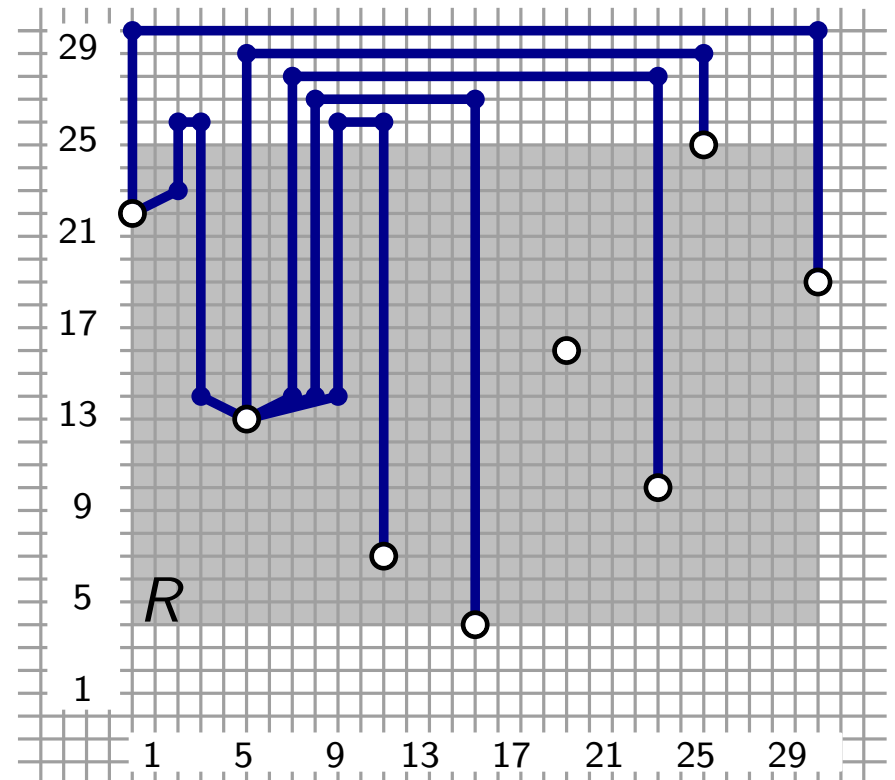
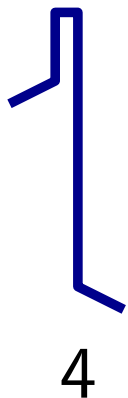


Graph 1: x -coordinates

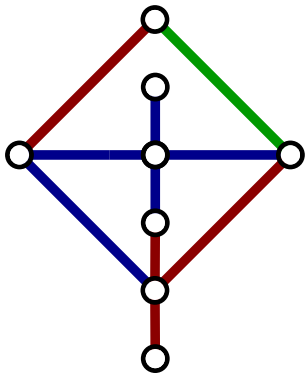
Graph 2: y -coordinates

In R : all segments vertical
or of y -length 1

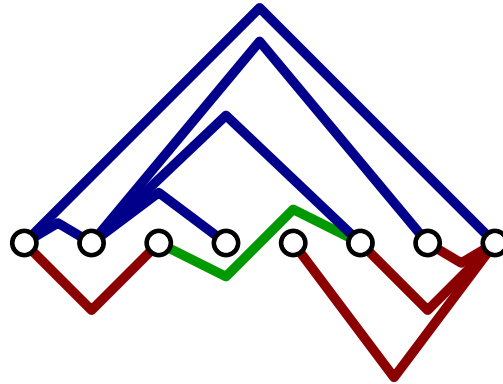
Edges:



Planar $\times$ Planar



[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:

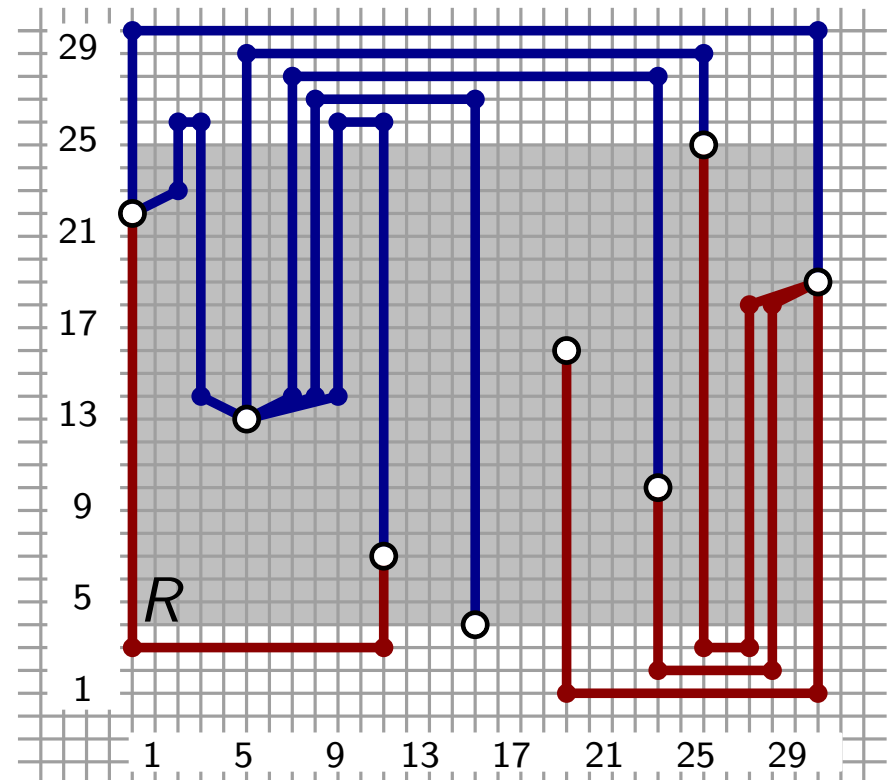
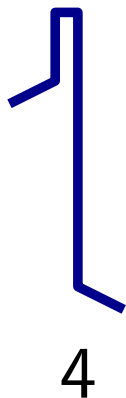


Graph 1: x -coordinates

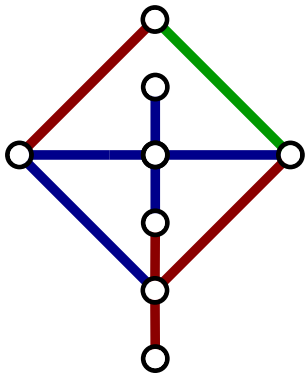
Graph 2: y -coordinates

In R : all segments vertical
or of y -length 1

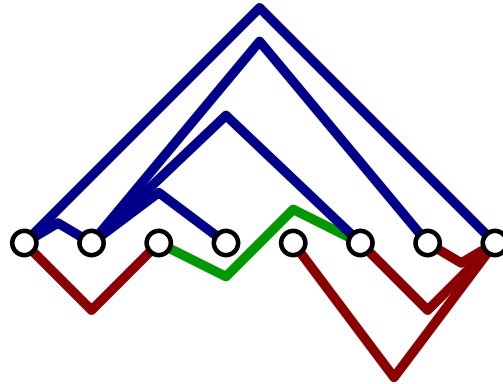
Edges:



Planar $\times$ Planar



[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:

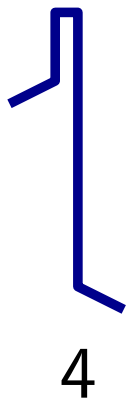


Graph 1: x -coordinates

Graph 2: y -coordinates

In R : all segments vertical
or of y -length 1

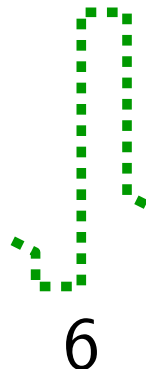
Edges:



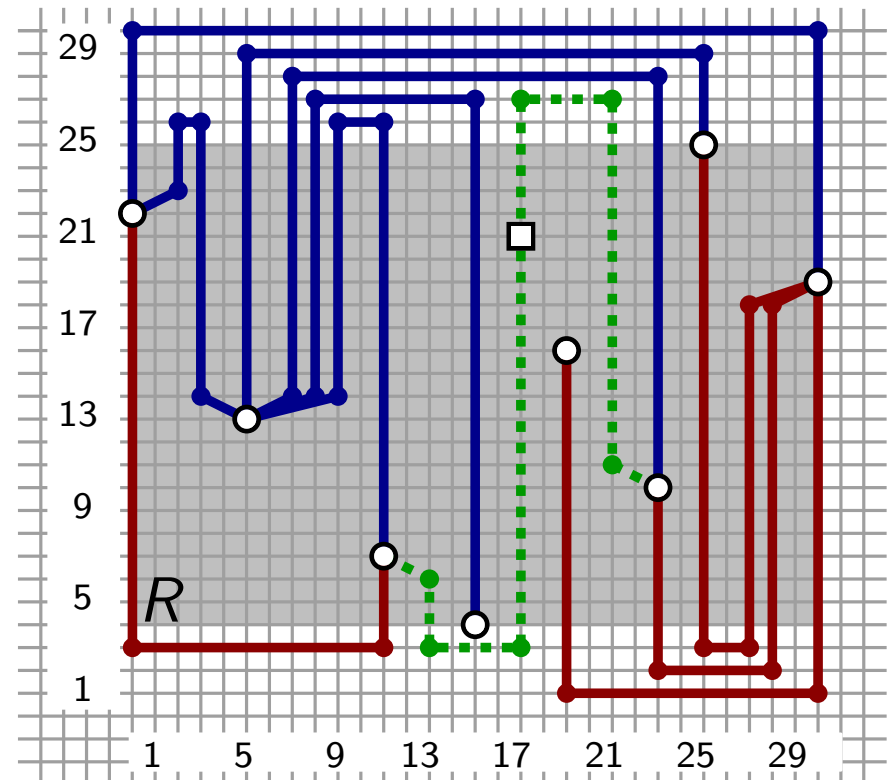
4



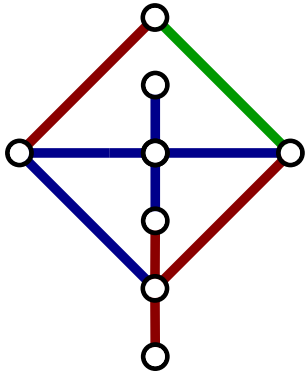
4



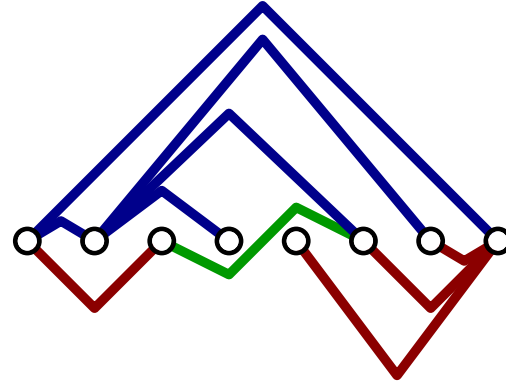
6



Planar $\times$ Planar



[Kaufmann & Wiese '02]:

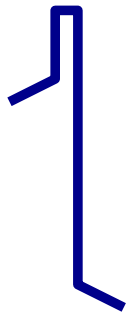


Graph 1: x-coordinates

Graph 2: y -coordinates

In R : all segments vertical
or of y -length 1

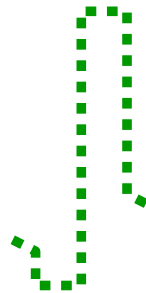
Edges:



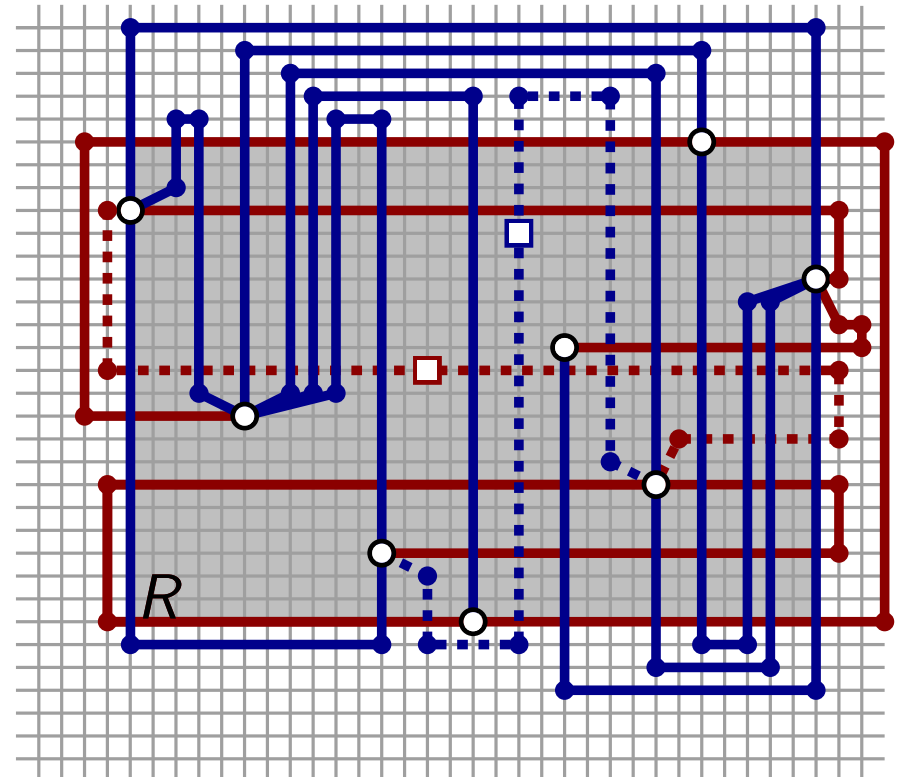
4



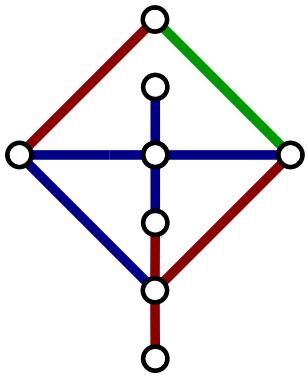
4



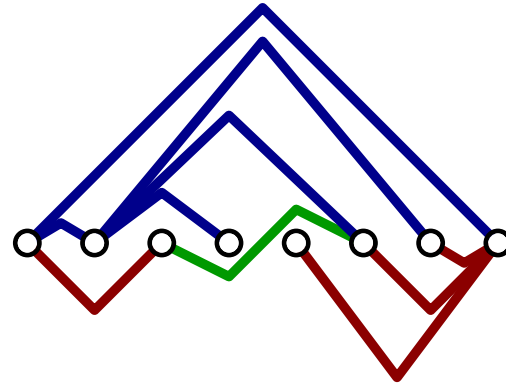
6



Planar $\times$ Planar



[Kaufmann & Wiese '06]



Bends: 6×6

Grid size:

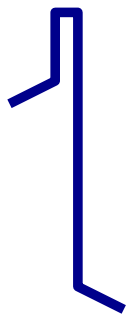
$(14n - 26) \times (14n - 26)$

Graph 1: x -coordinates

Graph 2: y -coordinates

In R : all segments vertical
or of y -length 1

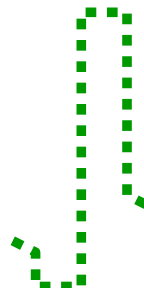
Edges:



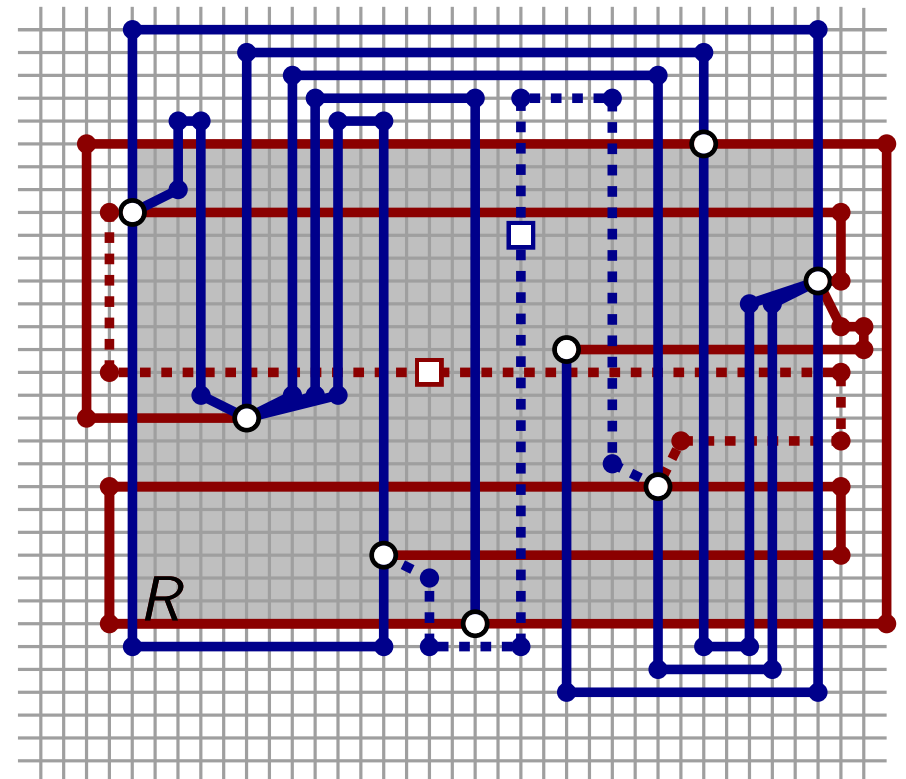
4



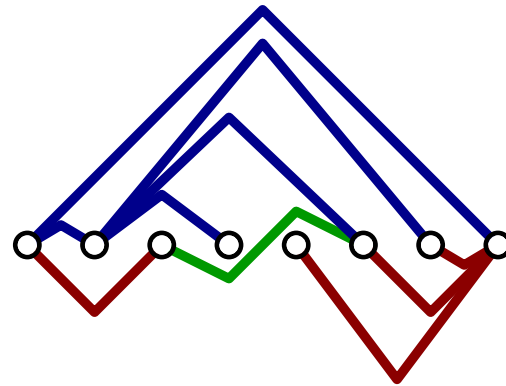
4



6



2-page book embeddable

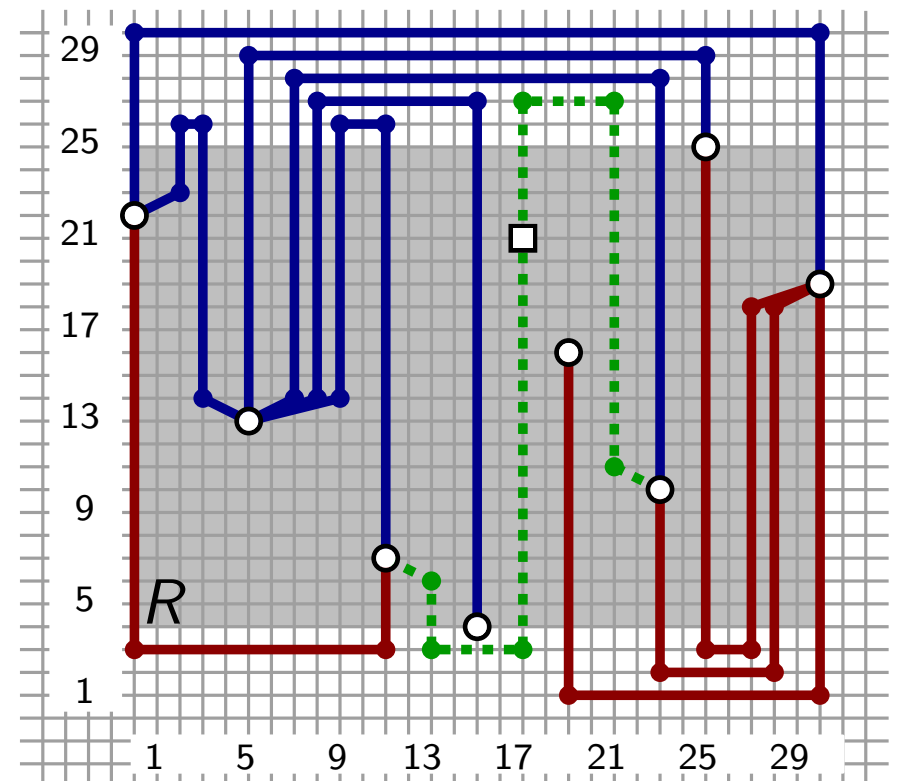
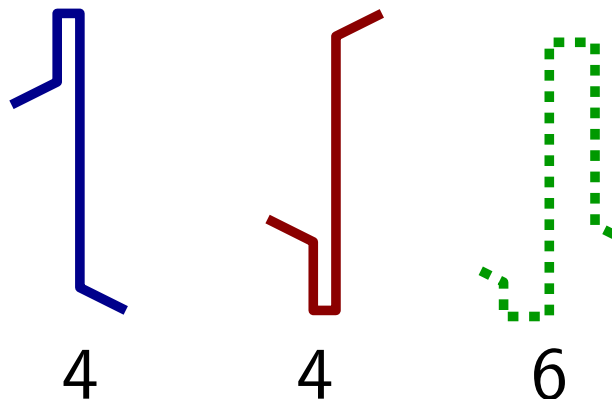


Graph 1: x -coordinates

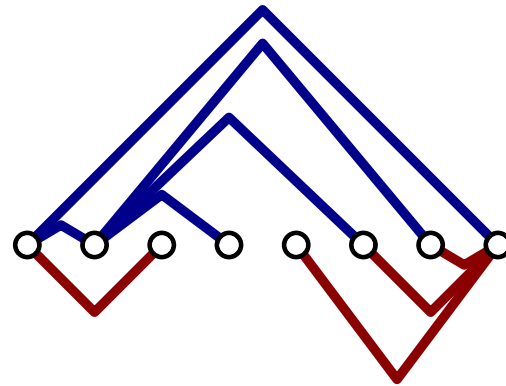
Graph 2: y -coordinates

In R : all segments vertical
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Edges:



2-page book embeddable

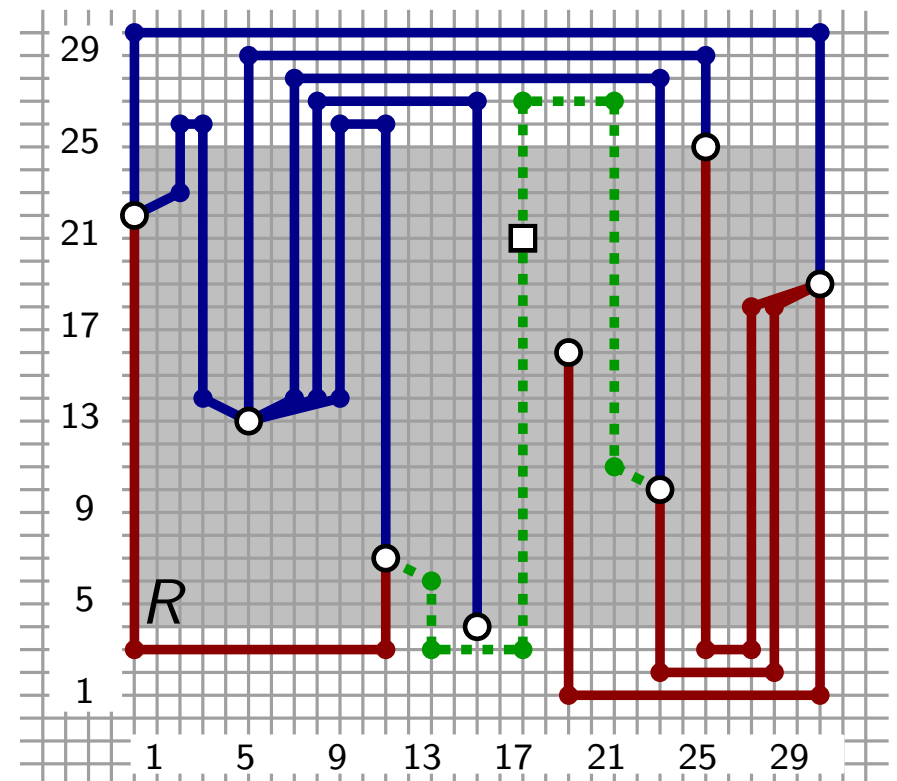
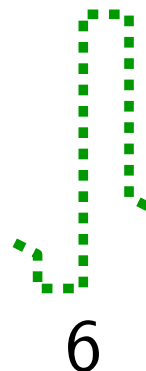
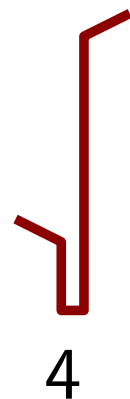
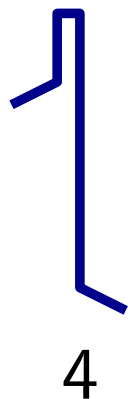


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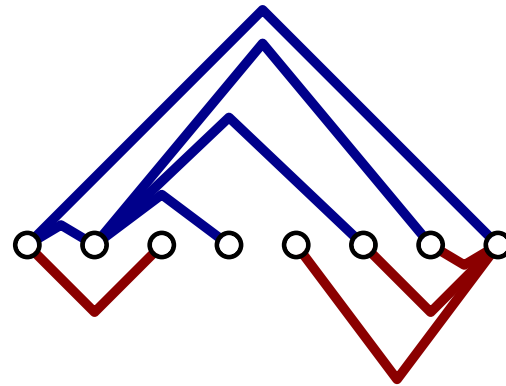
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2-page book embeddable

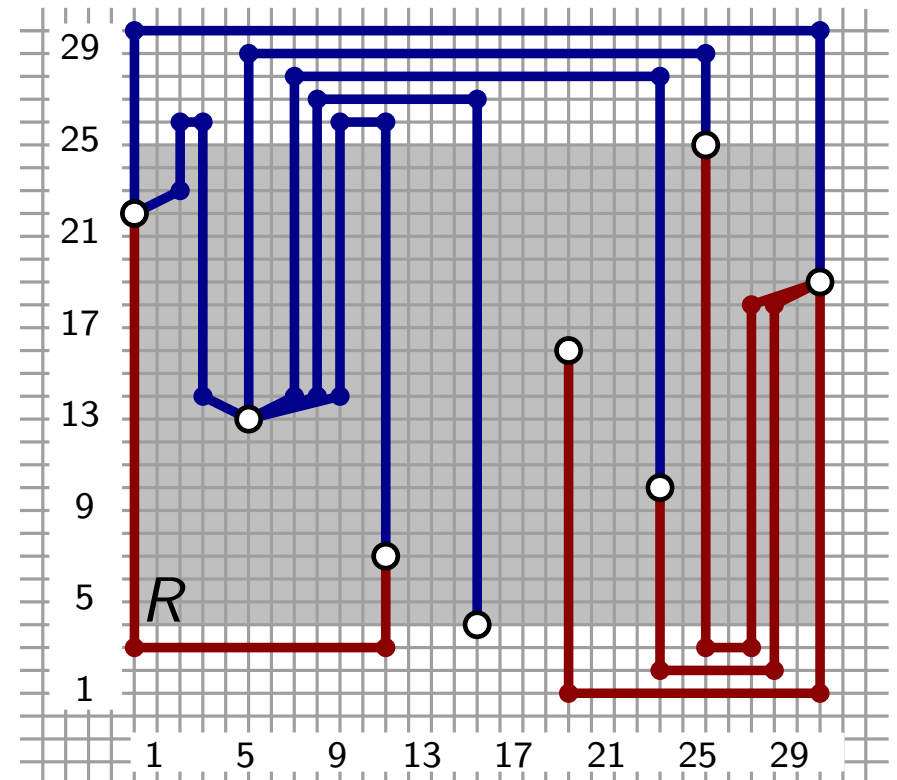
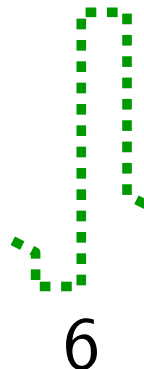
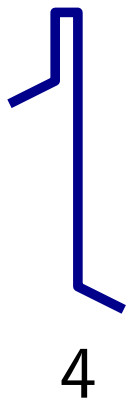


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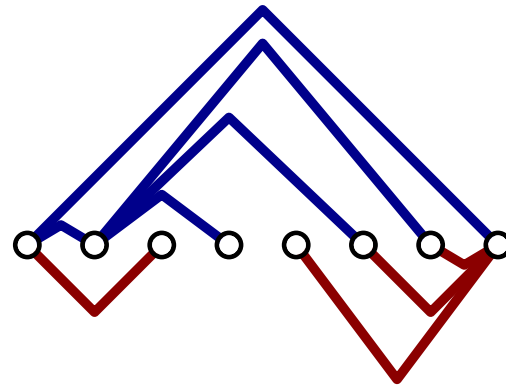
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2-page book embeddable

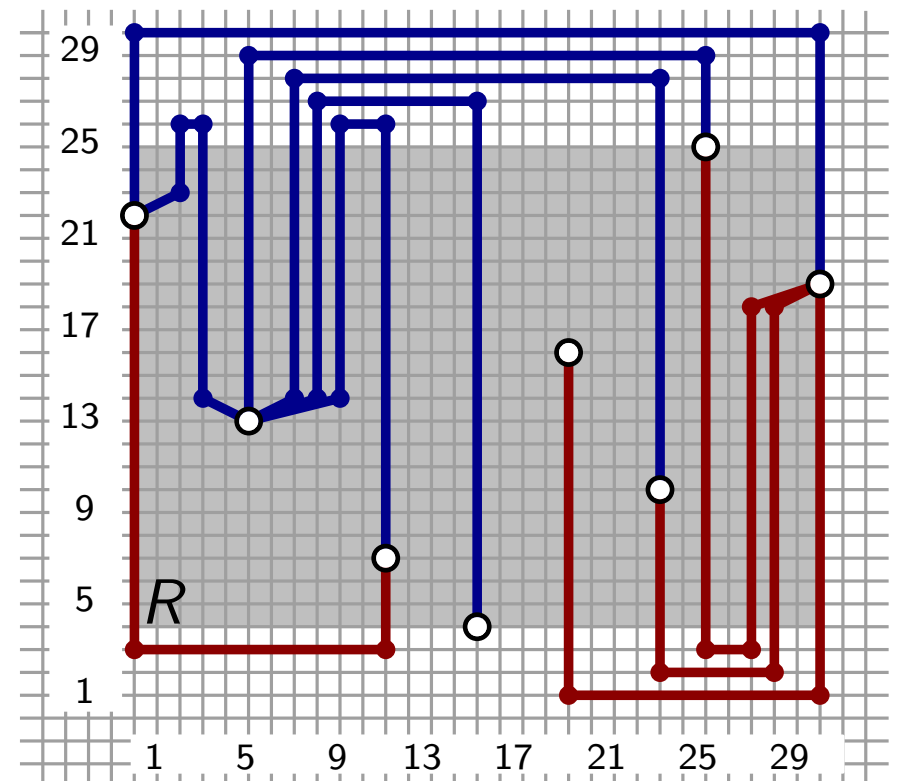
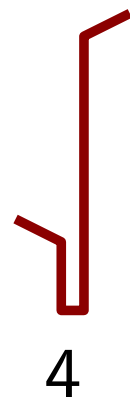
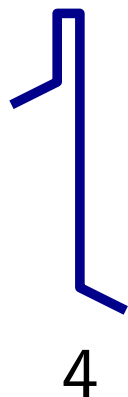


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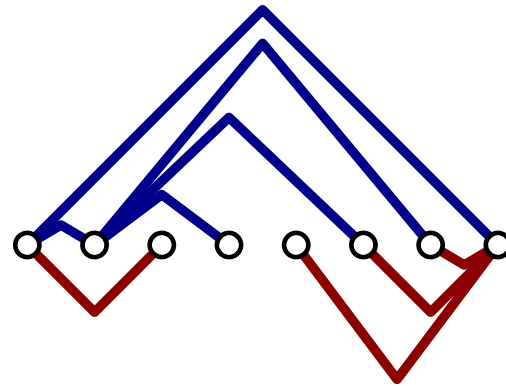
Graph 2: y -coordinates

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Edges:



2-page book embeddable



Bends: 4×4

Grid size:

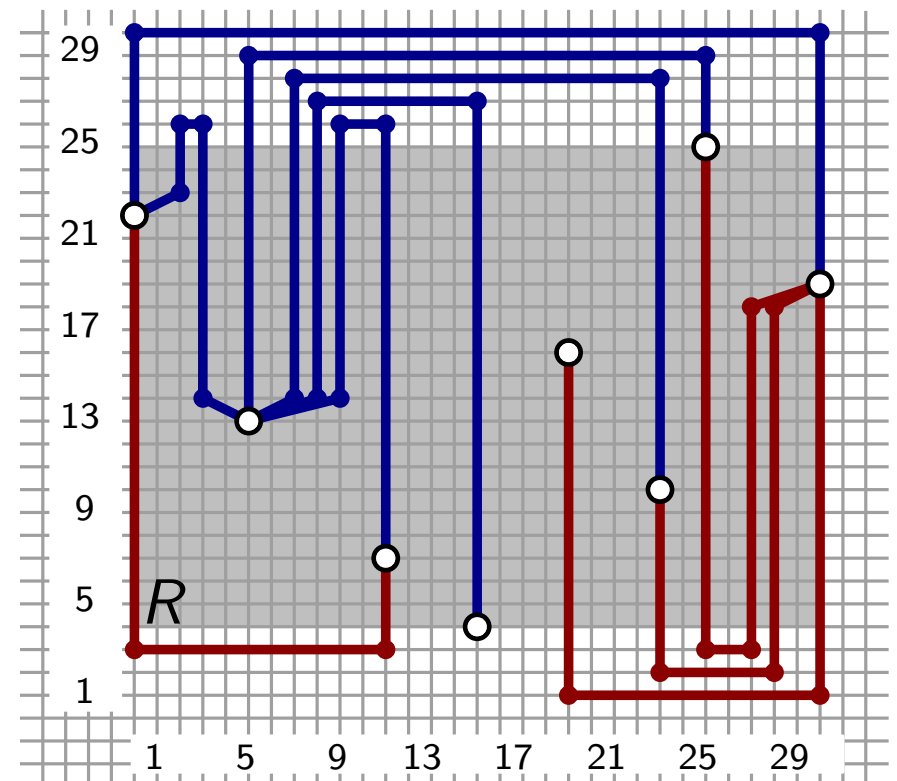
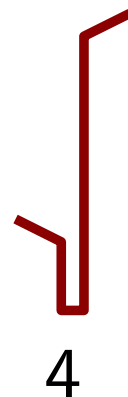
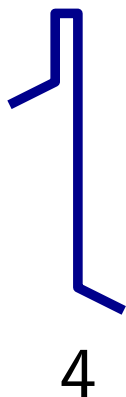
$(11n - 32) \times (11n - 32)$

Graph 1: x -coordinates

Graph 2: y -coordinates

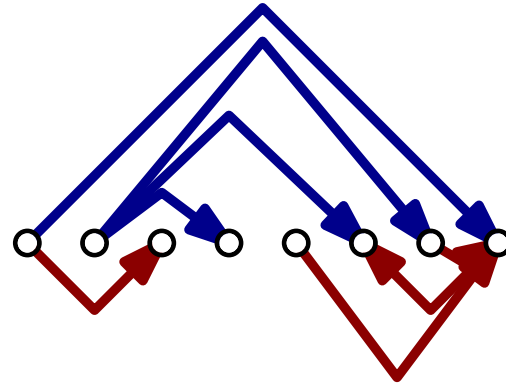
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Edges:



Outerplanar $\times$ Outerplanar

Decompose
into two
directed trees



Graph 1: x -coordinates

Graph 2: y -coordinates

In R : all segments vertical
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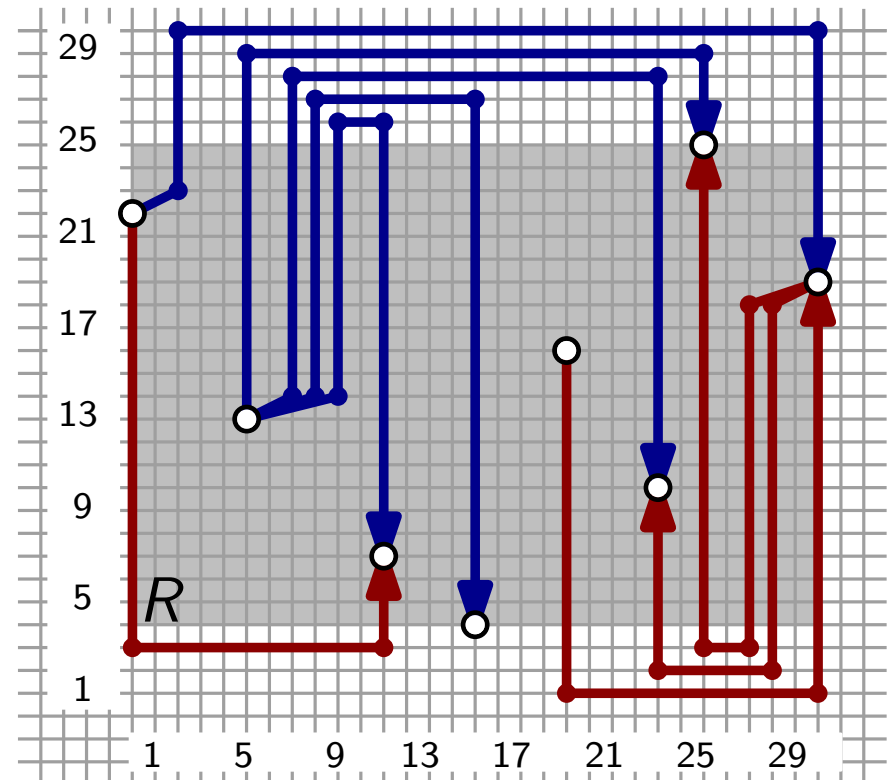
Edges:



3

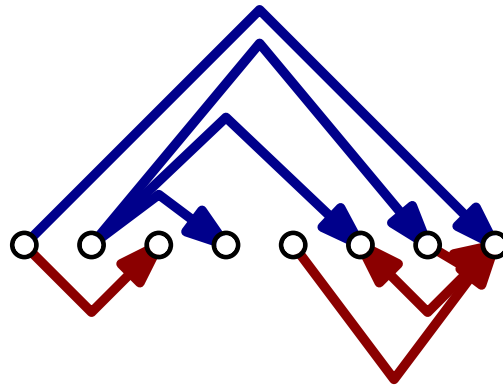


3



Outerplanar $\times$ Outerplanar

Decompose
into two
directed trees



Bends: 3×3

Grid size:

$(7n - 10) \times (7n - 10)$

Graph 1: x -coordinates

Graph 2: y -coordinates

In R : all segments vertical
or of y -length 1

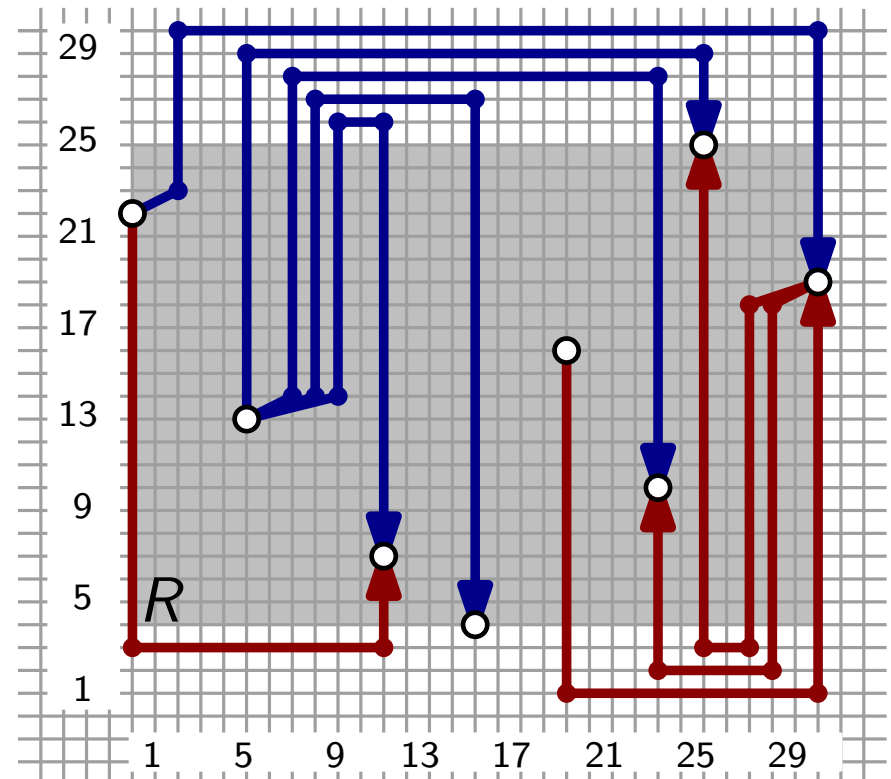
Edges:



3



3



Overview

Graph classes			Number of bends	
Cycle	×	Cycle	1×1	
Caterpillar	×	Cycle	1×1	
Four Matchings			$1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1$	
Tree	×	Matching	1×0	
Wheel	×	Matching	2×0	
Outerpath	×	Matching	2×1	
Outerplanar	×	Outerplanar	3×3	✓
2-page book emb.	×	2-page book emb.	4×4	✓
Planar	×	Planar	6×6	✓

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- All graphs are drawn on the $O(n) \times O(n)$ -grid
- All algorithms run in $O(n)$ time

Open Problems

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 $\Rightarrow$ LAC (*Large Angle Crossings*)

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- SIMRAC: Each graph is drawn RAC