

Drawing Graphs with Vertices at Specified Positions and Crossings at Large Angles

Martin Fink Lehrstuhl für Informatik I Universität Würzburg

Joint work with Jan Haunert, Tamara Mchedlidze, Joachim Spoerhase & Alexander Wolff

Gritzmann, Mohar, Pach, Pollack 1991:

graph









Gritzmann, Mohar, Pach, Pollack 1991:



any outerplanar graph

(can be drawn s.t. every vertex lies at the outer face)













Gritzmann, Mohar, Pach, Pollack 1991:



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Kaufmann & Wiese 2002: Allow 2 bends per edge! Then...

Kaufmann & Wiese 2002: *Allow 2 bends per edge! Then... any* planar graph — *any* point set

















Pach & Wenger 2001:

a path a pt set in convex position "with mapping"

















Pach & Wenger 2001:



 $\Theta(n)$ bends per edge always suffice –

Pach & Wenger 2001:



Thm. For embedding an *n*-vertex graph on *n* pts with mapping, $\Theta(n)$ bends *per edge* always suffice – and are sometimes necessary!

A New Trick!

Huang, Hong, Eades 2008: Forget planarity!

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Allow (*some kinds of*) crossings:














Allow (*some kinds of*) crossings:



Didimo, Eades, Liotta 2009: 90° crossings & 3 bends per edge



















Allow (*some kinds of*) crossings:



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Combine point-set embeddability & RAC.

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our general position: We assume that our *n* input points lie on an $n \times n$ grid and that no two points lie on the same horizontal or vertical line.



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A first result:



even with given mapping



 α α AC: all crossing angles $\geq \alpha$

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Loosening RAC to LAC

 α α AC: all crossing angles $\geq \alpha$



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Loosening RAC to LAC

$$\alpha$$

$$\alpha AC: all crossing angles \geq \alpha$$

 $c(\alpha)$ depends only on $\alpha!$




Loosening RAC to LAC

 α

any graph with mapping $\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle \alpha AC_2}{\longrightarrow} O(m) \times n + 1 \text{ grid}$

Theorem αAC_0 PSE is NP-hard

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Additional restriction: keep edges on grid lines!



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1. cycle $C_n \xrightarrow{RAC_1} n \times n$ grid point set

Additional restriction: keep edges on grid lines!

cycle C_n → n × n grid point set
 graph with mapping → n × n grid point set check in O(n) time

Additional restriction: keep edges on grid lines!

- cycle C_n → n × n grid point set
 graph with mapping ∧ N × n grid point set check in O(n) time
- 3. any binary tree $\stackrel{RAC_1}{\longrightarrow}$ $n \times n$ grid point set

Additional restriction: keep edges on grid lines!

- 1. cycle $C_n \xrightarrow{\text{RAC}_1} n \times n$ grid point set
- 2. graph with mapping $\xrightarrow{RAC_1}$? $n \times n$ grid point set check in O(n) time
- 3. any binary tree $\stackrel{RAC_1}{\longrightarrow}$ $n \times n$ grid point set

4. any maxdeg-3 graph $\stackrel{RAC_2}{\longrightarrow} O(n) \times O(n)$ grid

Additional restriction: keep edges on grid lines!

1. cycle $C_n \xrightarrow{RAC_1} n \times n$ grid point set with mapping 2. graph with mapping $\xrightarrow{RAC_1} n \times n$ grid point set check in O(n) time

3. any binary tree $\stackrel{RAC_1}{\longrightarrow}$ $n \times n$ grid point set

4. any maxdeg-3 graph $\stackrel{RAC_2}{\longrightarrow} O(n) \times O(n)$ grid with mapping

1. $RAC_1 PSE$ of cycles









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1



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1. $RAC_1 PSE$ of cycles





- leave vertices vertically
- enter vertices horizontally



two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping





two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping





two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping





two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping

 $e_t \wedge f_t$





two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping

 $e_b \wedge f_b$





two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping

 $e_b \wedge f_t$





two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping

 $e \qquad \qquad = (\neg e_b \lor \neg f_t)$ $v \bullet f$



two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping

 $e \qquad \qquad = (\neg e_b \land f_t)$ $e \qquad \qquad = (\neg e_b \lor \neg f_t)$ $= (e_t \lor \neg f_t)$ $f \qquad \qquad e_t \Leftrightarrow \neg e_b$



two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping

 $e = (\neg e_b \wedge f_t)$ $\equiv (\neg e_b \vee \neg f_t)$ $\equiv (e_t \vee \neg f_t)$ f = 2-SAT clause



two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping



two possibilities per edge

Embeddability testing with mapping in linear time

 $\neg(e_b \wedge f_t)$ $\equiv (\neg e_b \vee \neg f_t)$ $\equiv (e_t \vee \neg f_t)$ $= (e_t \vee \neg f_t)$ 2-SAT clause $\ln \text{ total} \leq n \cdot {4 \choose 2} \cdot 2 = O(n) \text{ clauses.}$









o does not work with every mapping



- o does not work with every mapping
- we choose the mapping






































independentely by Di Giacomo et al.



- What about larger classes of graphs?



- What about larger classes of graphs?
- What about the *planar* case?







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4. RAC₂ PSE of maxdeg-3 graphs

any maxdeg-3 graph $\stackrel{RAC_2}{\longrightarrow} O(n) \times O(n)$ grid (with mapping)





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Conclusion

• Unrestricted RAC/ α AC PSE:

any graph + grid point set



Conclusion

• Unrestricted RAC/ α AC PSE:



Restricted RAC PSE



Conclusion

• Unrestricted RAC/ α AC PSE:



Restricted RAC PSE



Many open Problems!

Thank you!